

IIS HARDENING 2

1. Basic Configurations

1.1. Ensure web content is on non-system partition

- Execute the following command to ensure no virtual directories are mapped to the system drive:
 - *%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd list vdir*

1.2. Ensure 'host headers' are on all sites

- IIS Manager > Connections > Sites > Actions > Bindings > Site Bindings > Edit/Add > in host box type a header like malware.org > OK

1.3. Ensure 'directory browsing' is set to disabled

- Click on directory browsing and makes sure that it is disabled
 - OR
- *%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config /section:directoryBrowse*
- */enabled:false*

1.4. Ensure 'Application pool identity' is configured for all application pools

- *%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config /section:applicationPools*
- */[name='<your apppool>'].processModel.identityType:ApplicationPoolIdentity*

1.5. Ensure 'unique application pools' is set for sites

- Open IIS Manager > Open the Sites > Select the Site to be changed > In the Actions pane, select Basic Settings > Click the Select... box next to the Application Pool text box > Select the desired Application Pool > OK

1.6. Ensure 'application pool identity' is configured for anonymous user identity

- Open CMD
 - *%windir%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config*
-section:anonymousAuthentication /username:"" --password

1.7. Ensure WebDav feature is disabled

- Remove Roles and Features > IIS > Web Server > Common HTTP Features > WebDAV Publishing

2. Configure Authentication and Authorization

- 2.1. Ensure 'global authorization rule' is set to restrict access
 - Select the server > Select Authorization Rules > Remove the "Allow All Users" rule > Click Add Allow Rule > Allow access to the user(s), user groups, or roles that are authorized across all of the web sites
- 2.2. Ensure access to sensitive site features is restricted to authenticated principals only
 - Open IIS Manager and navigate to level with sensitive content > In Features View, double-click Authentication > On the Authentication page, make sure an authentication module is enabled, while anonymous authentication is enabled (Forms Authentication can have anonymous as well) > If necessary, select the desired authentication module, then in the Actions pane, click Enable
- 2.3. Ensure 'forms authentication' requires SSL
 - Open IIS Manager and navigate to the appropriate tier > In Features View, double-click Authentication > On the Authentication page, select Forms Authentication > In the Actions pane, click Edit > Check the Requires SSL checkbox in the cookie settings section, click OK
 - OR
 - Config
 - <system.web>
 - <authentication>
 - <forms requireSSL="true" />
 - </authentication>
 - </system.web>
- 2.4. Ensure 'forms authentication' is set to use cookies
 - Open IIS Manager > where Forms Authentication is enabled > In Features View, double-click Authentication > On the Authentication page, select Forms Authentication > In the Actions pane, click Edit > In the Cookie settings section, select Use cookies from the Mode dropdown
 - OR
 - Config
 - <system.web>
 - <authentication>
 - <forms cookieless="UseCookies" requireSSL="true" timeout="30" />
 - </authentication>
 - </system.web>

2.5. Ensure 'cookie protection mode' is configured for forms authentication

- ~~`appcmd set config /commit:WEBROOT /section:system.web/authentication /forms.cookieless: UseUri | UseCookies | AutoDetect | UseDeviceProfile`~~
- If that doesn't work
- ~~`appcmd set config /commit:WEBROOT /section:system.web/authentication /forms.cookieless: UseDeviceProfile`~~
- If that doesn't work
- Open IIS Manager and navigate to the level where Forms Authentication is enabled > In Features View, double-click Authentication > On the Authentication page, select Forms Authentication > In the Actions pane, click Edit > In the Cookie settings section, verify the drop-down for Protection mode is set for Encryption and validation

2.6. Ensure transport layer security for 'basic authentication' is configured

- Open IIS Manager
 - In the Connections pane on the left, select the server to be configured
 - In the Connections pane, expand the server, then expand Sites and select the site to be configured
 - In the Actions pane, click Bindings; the Site Bindings dialog appears
 - If an HTTPS binding is available, click Close and see below "To require SSL"
- If no HTTPS binding is visible, perform the following steps
- To add an HTTPS binding:
 - In the Site Bindings dialog, click Add; the Add Site Binding dialog appears
 - Under Type, select https
 - Under SSL certificate, select an X.509 certificate
 - Click OK, then close
- To require SSL:
 - In Features View, double-click SSL Settings
 - On the SSL Settings page, select Require SSL.
 - On Windows 2008, also check Require 128-bit SSL.
 - In the Actions pane, click Apply

2.7. Ensure 'passwordFormat' is not set to clear

- In config

- Locate and open the configuration file where the credentials are stored > Find the <credentials> element > If present, ensure passwordFormat is not set to Clear > Change passwordFormat to SHA1

2.8. Ensure 'credentials' are not stored in configuration files

- Locate and open the configuration file where the credentials are stored
- Find the <credentials> element > If present, remove the section

3. ASP.NET Configuration Recommendations

3.1. Ensure 'deployment method retail' is set

- Open the machine.config file located > in:%systemroot%\Microsoft.NET\Framework<bitness (if not the 32bit)>\<framework version>\CONFIG
- > Add the line <deployment retail="true" /> within the <system.web> section
- > If systems are 64-bit, do the same for the machine.config located in: %systemroot%\Microsoft.NET\Framework<bitness (if not the 32 bit)>\<framework version>\CONFIG
-

3.2. Ensure 'debug' is turned off

- Open IIS Manager > Site > In Features View, double-click .NET Compilation
- > On the .NET Compilation page, in the Behavior section, ensure the Debug field is set to False > When finished, click Apply in the Actions pane
-

3.3. Ensure custom error messages are not off

- Open the IIS Manager GUI and navigate to the site to be configured
- 2. In Features View, find and double-click .NET Error Pages icon
- 3. In the Actions Pane, click Edit Feature Settings
- 4. In modal dialog, choose On or Remote Only for Mode settings
- 5. Click OK
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3.4. Ensure IIS HTTP detailed errors are hidden from displaying remotely

- Open IIS Manager with Administrative privileges
- In the Connections pane on the left, expand the server, then expand the Sites folder
- Select the Web site or application to be configured
- In Features View, select Error Pages, in the Actions pane, select Open Feature
- In the Actions pane, select Edit Feature Settings

- In the Edit Error Pages Settings dialog, under Error Responses, select either Custom error pages or Detailed errors for local requests and custom error pages for remote requests
 - Click OK and exit the Edit Error Pages Settings dialog
- 3.5. Ensure ASP.NET stack tracing is not enabled
 - Ensure `<deployment retail="true" />` is enabled in the machine.config.
 - Remove all attribute references to ASP.NET tracing by deleting the trace and trace enable attributes.
- 3.6. Ensure 'httpcookie' mode is configured for session state
 - Open the IIS Manager GUI and navigate desired server, site, or application 2. In Features View, find and double-click the Session State icon 3. In the Cookie Settings section, choose Use Cookies from the Mode dropdown 4. In the Actions Pane, click Apply
 - OR
 - `%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config /commit:WEBROOT /section:sessionState /cookieless:UseCookies /cookieName:ASP.NET_SessionID /timeout:20`
- 3.7. Ensure 'cookies' are set with HttpOnly attribute
 - In web.config
 - **<configuration>**
 - **<system.web>**
 - **<httpCookies httpOnlyCookies="true" />**
 - **</system.web>**
 - **</configuration>**
- 3.8. Ensure 'MachineKey validation method - .Net 3.5' is configured
 - **%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config /commit:WEBROOT /section:machineKey /validation:SHA1**
- 3.9. Ensure 'MachineKey validation method - .Net 4.5' is configured
 - **%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config /commit:WEBROOT /section:machineKey /validation:HMACSHA256**
- 3.10. Ensure global .NET trust level is configured
 - **%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd set config /commit:WEBROOT /section:trust /level:Medium**
- 3.11. Ensure X-Powered-By Header is removed
 - In web.config
 - **<security>**

- <requestFiltering removeServerHeader = "true"></requestFiltering>
- </security>
- <httpProtocol>
- <customHeaders>
- <remove name="X-Powered-By"/>
- </customHeaders>
- </httpProtocol>

3.12. Ensure Server Header is removed

- IIS Manager > Connections > HTTP Response Headers > select the X-Powered-By HTTP header
- OR
- Open the Windows Registry Editor.
- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\HTTP\Parameters.
- Change the DisableServerHeader (REG_DWORD type) registry key from 0 to 1.

4. Request Filtering and other Restriction Modules

4.1. Ensure 'maxAllowedContentLength' is configured

- Request Filtering > Rules > Edit Features Settings > Adjust Maximum allowed length to be 200 (no logic behind this number but if it doesn't work then go up a couple)

4.2. Ensure 'maxURL request filter' is configured

- Request Filtering > Rules > Edit Features Settings > Adjust Maximum allowed length to be 200

4.3. Ensure 'MaxQueryString request filter' is configured

- Request Filtering > Rules > Edit Features Settings > Adjust Maximum allowed length to be 200

4.4. Ensure non-ASCII characters in URLs are not allowed

- Request Filtering > Edit Feature Settings > Make sure high-bit characters is unchecked

4.5. Ensure Double-Encoded requests will be rejected

- In the web config
- <configuration>
- <system.webServer>
- <security>

- <requestFiltering
 - allowDoubleEscaping="false">
 - </requestFiltering>
 - </security>
 - </system.webServer>
 - </configuration>
- 4.6. Ensure 'HTTP Trace Method' is disabled
- Request Filtering > Deny Verb > TRACE
- 4.7. Ensure Unlisted File Extensions are not allowed
- Request Filtering > File Name Extensions > Type extensions you want to allow or deny
- 4.8. Ensure Handler is not granted Write and Script/Execute
- Command Prompt (AS ADMIN) > cd %systemdrive%\inetpub\wwwroot (or wherever your root config is)
 - OR cd %Windir%\system32\inetsrv\config
 - Edit the config file in notepad then find **handlers accessPolicy**
 - Type **<handlers accessPolicy="Read, Script">**
- 4.9. Ensure 'notListedIsapisAllowed' is set to false
- Select Host Machine in IIS Manager under Connections Pane > Features > ISAPI and CGI Restrictions > Actions > Edit Feature Settings > Edit ISAPI and CGI Restrictions Settings
 - OR
 - Add these lines to the main config
 - **<system.webserver>**
 - **<handlers accessPolicy="Read, Script">**
 - **</handlers>**
 - **</system.webserver>**
 -
- 4.10. Ensure 'notListedCgisAllowed' is set to false
- **%systemroot%\system32\inetsrv\appcmd.exe set config - section:system.webServer/security/isapiCgiRestriction /notListedCgisAllowed:false**
- 4.11. Ensure 'Dynamic IP Address Restrictions' is enabled
- Install IP & Domain Restrictions > IP Address and Domain Restrictions > Edit in Actions Pane > 5 concurrent requests > 20 max number > timeperiod 200

7. Transport Encryption

7.1. Ensure HSTS Header is set

- Run the IIS manager.
- Select your site
- Select HTTP REsponse Headers.
- Click on Add in the Actions section.
- In the Add Custom HTTP Response Header dialog, add the following values:
- For Name: Strict-Transport-Security
- For Value: max-age=15552001; includeSubDomains; preload

NOTE THE BELOW MUST BE EDITED IN THE REGISTRY AND THE HOST MACHINE MUST BE REBOOTED

Also HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE/System.....

Also you have to change the keys if they are there :)

7.2. Ensure SSLv2 is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\SSL 2.0\Server\Enabled
-

7.3. Ensure SSLv3 is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\SSL 3.0\Server\Enabled

7.4. Ensure TLS 1.0 is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.0\Server\Enabled
- Set the following key to 1
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.0\Server\DisabledByDefault
-

7.5. Ensure TLS 1.1 is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.0\Server\Enabled

7.6. Ensure TLS 1.2 is Enabled

- If there is
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols
- find TLS then
- [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.2\Client]
"DisabledByDefault"=dword:00000000 "Enabled"=dword:00000001
- [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Protocols\TLS 1.2\Server]
"DisabledByDefault"=dword:00000000 "Enabled"=dword:00000001
-

7.7. Ensure NULL Cipher Suites is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\NULL\Enabled

7.8. Ensure DES Cipher Suites is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\DES 56/56\Enabled

7.9. Ensure RC Cipher Suites is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 40/128\Enabled
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC2 56/128\Enabled

7.10. Ensure AES 128/128 Cipher Suite is Disabled

- Set the following key to 0xFFFFFFFF
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\AES 128/128\Enabled

7.11. Disable RC4

- Keys should be located under
HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\RC4
- Set them all to 0

7.13 Ensure AES 256/256 Cipher Suite is Enabled

- Set to 0xFFFFFFFF
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\Ciphers\AES 256/256\Enabled
-

7.14 Ensure TLS Cipher Suite Ordering is Configured

- Check the following key
- HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\Cryptography\Configuration\Local\SSL\00010002\Functions
- Set to
 - TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA_P256
 - TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA_P256
 - TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
 - TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
 - TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

HSTS

- Run the IIS manager.
- Select your site
- Select HTTP REsponse Headers.
- Click on Add in the Actions section.
- In the Add Custom HTTP Response Header dialog, add the following values:
 - For Name: Strict-Transport-Security
 - For Value: max-age=15552001; includeSubDomains; preload