



Introduction to Network Function Virtualization

About Me



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Purpose

To provide high level understanding on NFV architecture and applications.





Traditional Service to NFV

Wedding @ House

Venue: Preparation

Table Arrangements

Decorations

Food and Beverages

Wedding Cakes

Photographers/Videographers

Ashtaka and Jayamangalagatha

Dancers and DJ/Music

Wedding Ceremony

Wedding @ Event Hall

Venue

Table Arrangements

Food and Beverages

Decorations

Wedding Cakes

Photographers/Videographers

Ashtaka and Jayamangalagatha

Dancers and DJ/Music

Wedding Ceremony

Wedding @ Event Hall Orchestrated By An Event Planner

Venue

Table Arrangements

Food and Beverages

Decorations

Wedding Cakes

Photographers/Videographers

Ashtaka and Jayamangalagatha

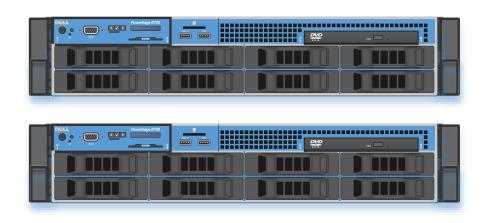
Dancers and DJ/Music

Wedding Ceremony

Managed By You

Managed By Vendor





Baremetal Servers



Application runs on Baremetal

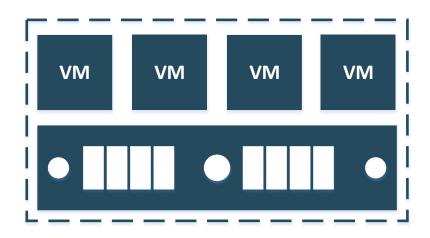




Baremetal Servers

- Under Utilized
- Redundant resources
 - High Availability
- Project/Product based Deployments
- Fragmented deployments
 - Network
 - Hardware







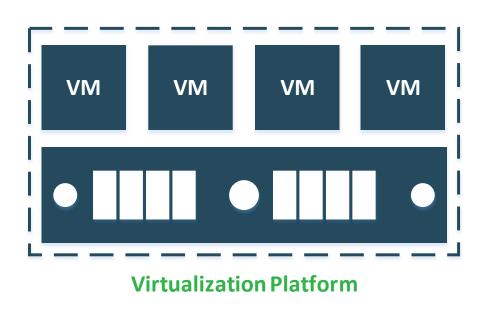




Baremetal Servers

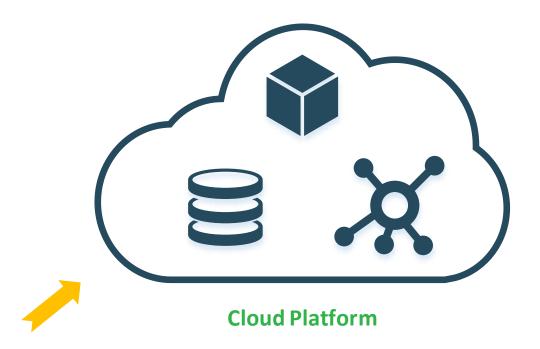


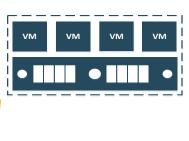
Migrated to Virtualization Platform



- Small virtual machines to host applications
- No changes on application functionality
- Easy placement and manage of VMs
 - Backup / Restore







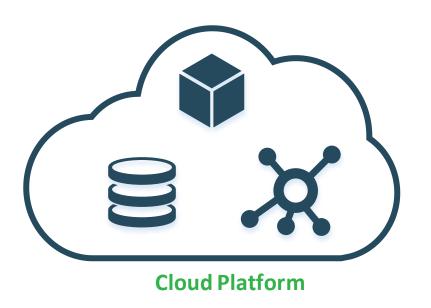
Virtualization Platform



Baremetal Servers



Migrated to Cloud Platform



- Application design
 - Cloud Native app
- Orchestration of instances.
 - On demand
 - Time based
 - Metric based

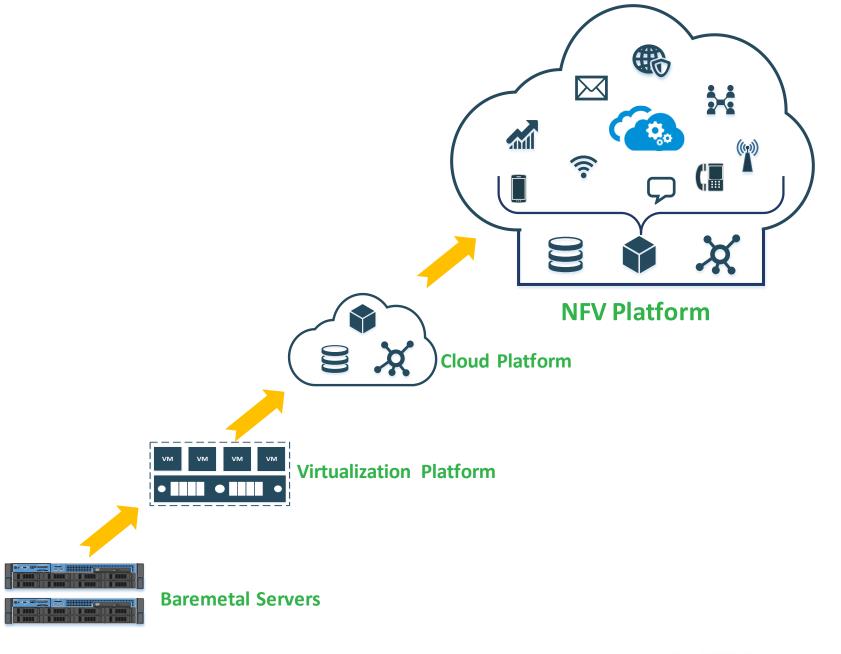
EaaS/XaaS :

SaaS

PaaS

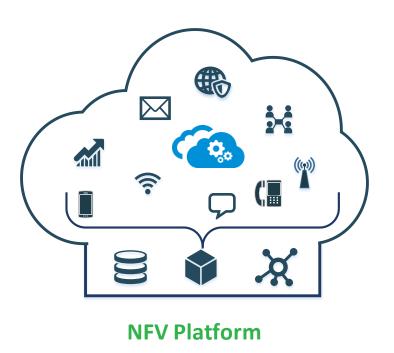
laaS







Migrated to NFV



Optimized for Communication services.

- Workloads considered as Virtual Network Functions
- Horizontal scaling without interruption to workloads.
- Fast time to deployment.
- Better hardware utilization.



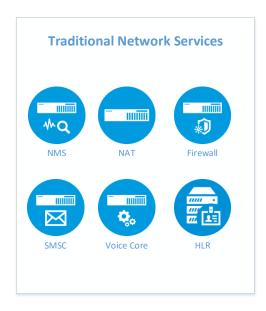


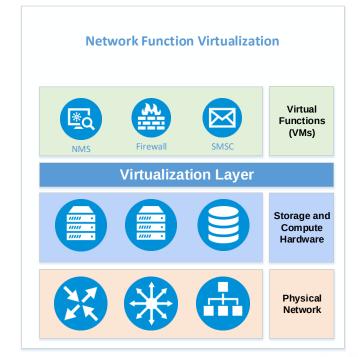
Network Function Virtualization

What is NFV?

Definition:

Network architecture concept that propose to virtualize traditional network services to network node functions, which will be building blocks that may be connected or chained together to create a communication service.







Importance of NFV

Openness

Reduce vendor lock-in

Multi Tenancy

Multiple vendors in same physical environment.

Service Velocity

Reduce time-to-market of new network services.

Operational Efficiency

- Elasticity, Standardizing the operational environment.
- Common operational and management tools.

Improved Network economics

Optimize network resources



Importance of NFV

- ↔ Telcos moving to 5G
 - NFV is a key enabler of 5G
 - Decouple Software and Hardware
 - On-demand automated network service deployment
 - Network Services on Distributed Cloud
 - Enhanced Network Slicing with SDN.



NFV Use Cases

- + PCRF (Policy and Charging Rules Function) Systems
- Load Balancers
- ODN (Content Delivery Network) Platforms
- Signaling Plane Applications
 - STP (Signal Transfer Point)
 - SMSC
- H IP telephony
- Voice Core
- ↔ IDS Intrusion Detection Systems



Challenges on migrating to NFV

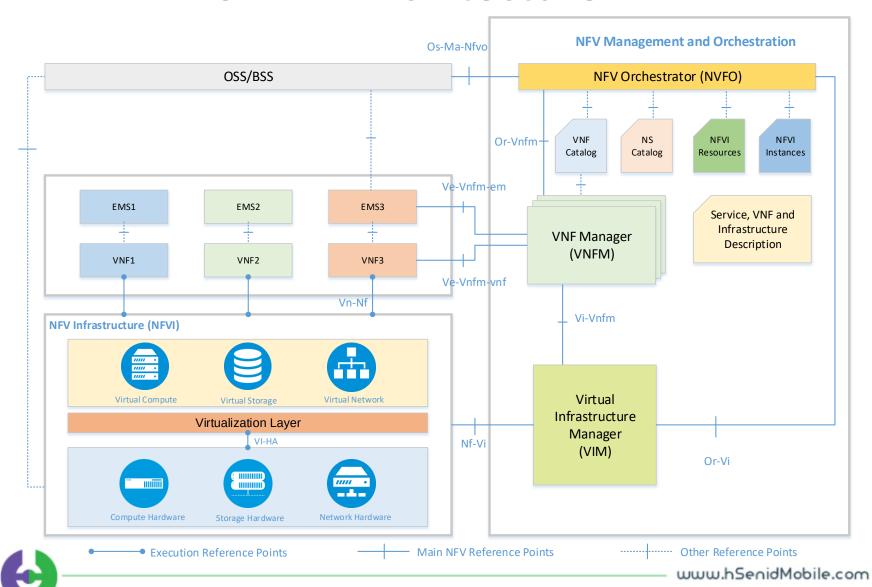
- Some Services are not cloud optimized.
 - · Updates, Scaling, load-balancing
- Addressing all 'Application' requirements from common hardware.
 - Each vendor specifies different requirements than others.
- Licensing of VNF
 - Differ than hardware-equivalent
 - Scale out/in, dynamic workloads
- Learning curve.





ETSI NFV Architecture

ETSI NFV Architecture



NFV MANO

- ↔ NFV MANO Management and Orchestration
 - Comprises three functional blocks
 - NFV Orchestrator (NFVO)
 - VNF Manager (VNFM)
 - Virtualized Infrastructure Manager (VIM)

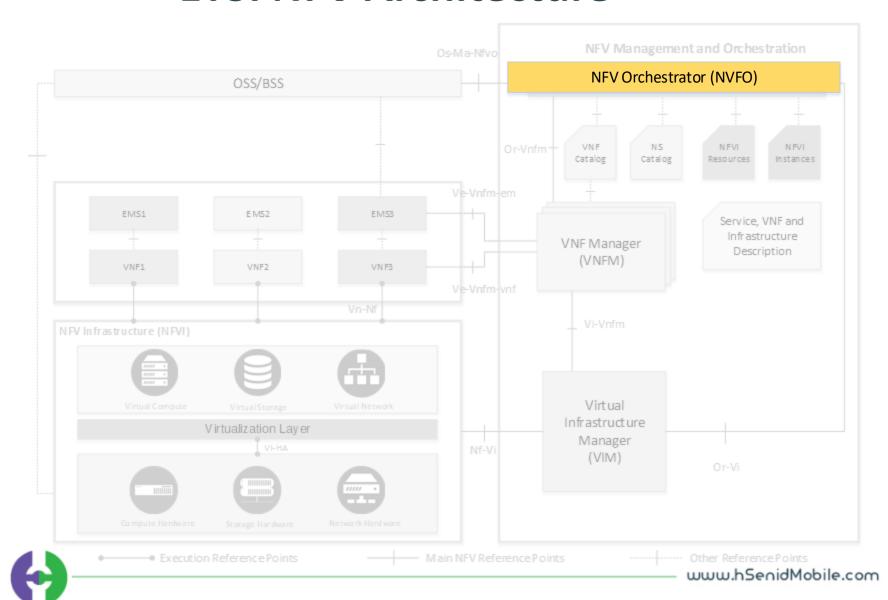
NFV
Orchestrator
(NFVO)

VNF Manager (VNFM)

Virtualized
Infrastructure
Manager (VIM)



ETSI NFV Architecture



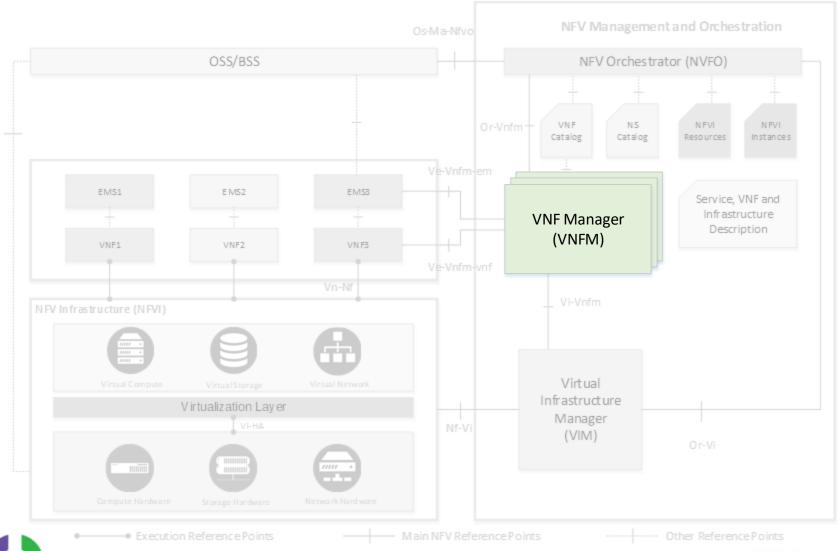
NFV MANO

↔ NFV Orchestrator (NFVO)

- On-boarding of new Network Service (NS) and VNF Packages
- NS lifecycle management
- Resource management
- Policy management for NS instances



ETSI NFV Architecture





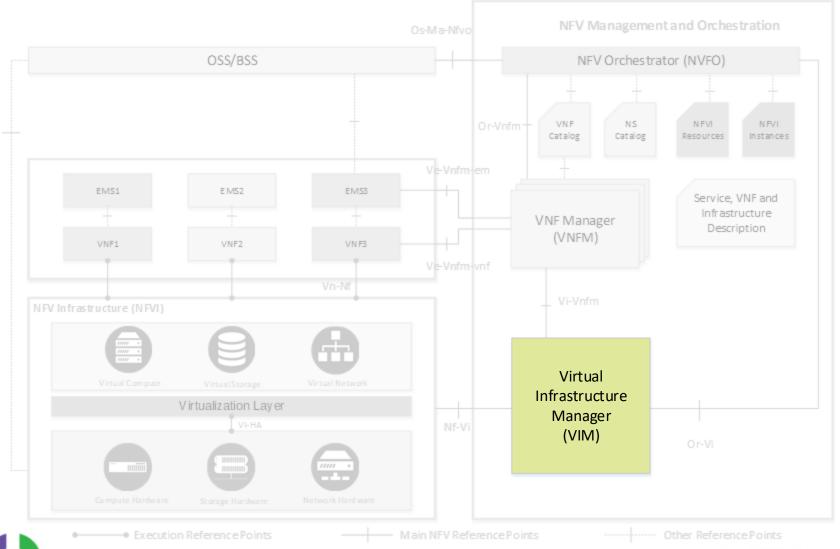
NFV MANO

↔ VNF Manager (VNFM)

- Lifecycle management of VNF instances
- Coordination of configuration and event reporting between NFVI and the E/NMS



ETSI NFV Architecture





NFV MANO

↔ Virtualized Infrastructure Manager (VIM)

- Controlling and managing the NFVI compute, storage and network resources
- Collection and forwarding of performance measurements and events



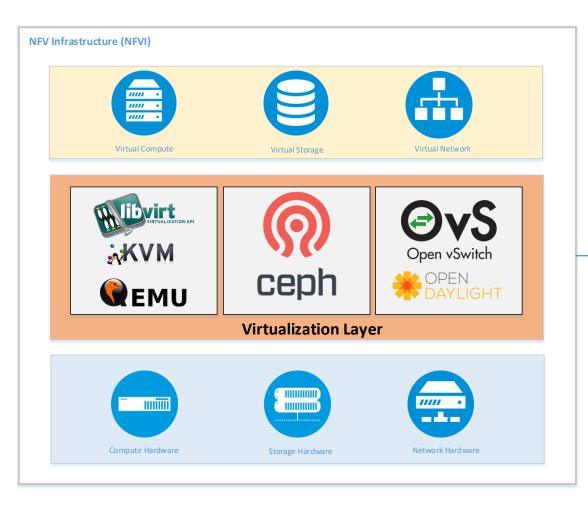
NFV MANO - NFVO

↔ NFV Orchestrator (NFVO)

- Resource Orchestration
 - Manage and orchestrate resources from one or more NFVI-PoPs
 - Keep track of VNF instances mapped to different VIMs, VNFMs and NFVIs.
 - Policy management and enforcement.
- Network Service Orchestration
 - Management of VNFs and Network Service Deployment templates.
 - Instantiation and lifecycle management of Network Services.



VIM / NFVI - Openstack as VIM









openstack[™]

CLOUD SOFTWARE





NFV MANO – API Interfaces

OSS/BSS **NFVO** OS-Ma-Nfvo **NS** Interfaces Or-Vnfm **VNF** Package Management **VNF** Lifecycle Management **VNF Package Management Vnfm Lifecycle Operation Granting VNF Software Image VNF Lifecycle Management** Management VNF Lifecycle change Notification VNF Lifecycle change **VNF Performance Management** Notification **VNF Fault Management Policy Administration** Virtualised Resources Performance Management **Policy Administration** EM Ve-Vnfm-em VNF Lifecycle change notification **VNFM** Virtualised Resources Performance Management Vi-Vnfm / Or-Vi Virtualised Resources Fault Management Software Image Management Virtualised Compute Interface Virtualised Network Interface **VNF** Virtualised Storage Interface Ve-Vnfm-vnf Virtualised Resources Performance Management **VNF** Configuration Virtualised Resources Fault Management **VNF Performance Management** Virtualised Resources Reservation **VNF Fault Management** Virtualised Resources Quota Interface

NFVI

VIM



Virtual Network function

Virtual Network function

- ♦ VNF Overview
- ♦ VNF Architecture
- ↔ VNF Design
- ♦ VNF Lifecycle Management

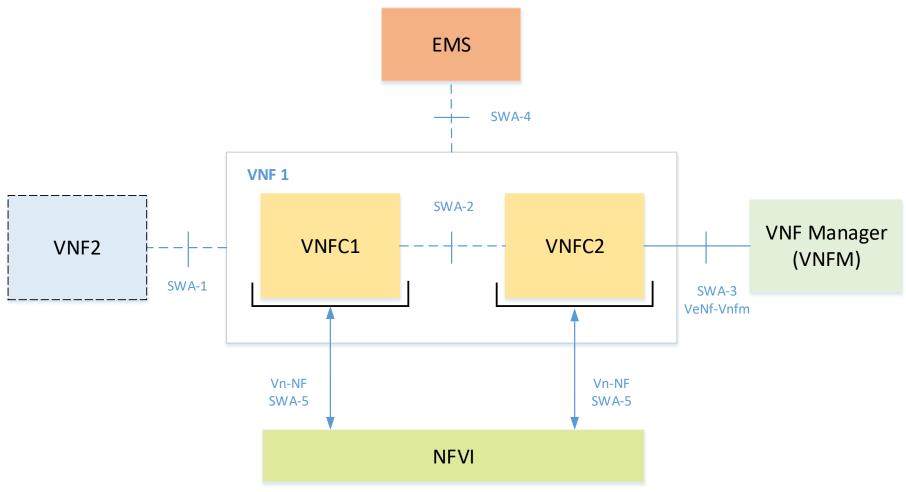


VNF Overview

- Which that runs on one or more virtual machines that runs on NFVI.
 - Multiple VMs or Single VM can act as VNF.
 - Component view of VNF is called VNFC
- ♦ VNF will be a part of Network Service, which will be instantiate by the NFVO.
 - Can be single VNF or multiple connected or combined VNFs
- ♦ VNF will be on boarded via VNFD (VNF Descriptor), which define the VNF and its scope.



VNF Architecture







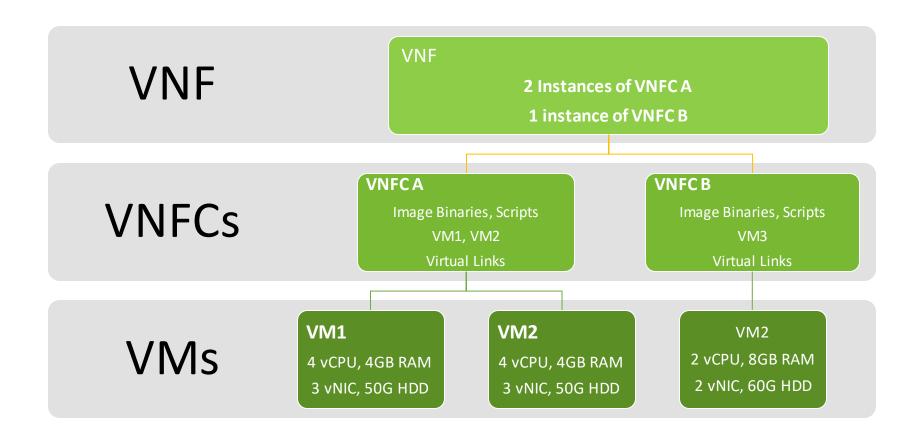
VNF Design

VNF Design

- Omponents / Decision points of the VNF design
 - VNF Internal Structure
 - Load balancing mechanism
 - VNF Scaling
 - VNF Upgrade/Updates
 - VNF Properties
 - VNF Descriptor Design
 - VNF Security



VNF Descriptor and Instantiation

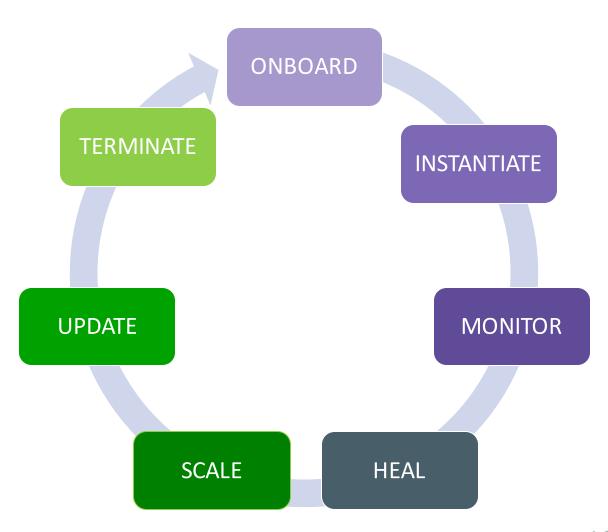






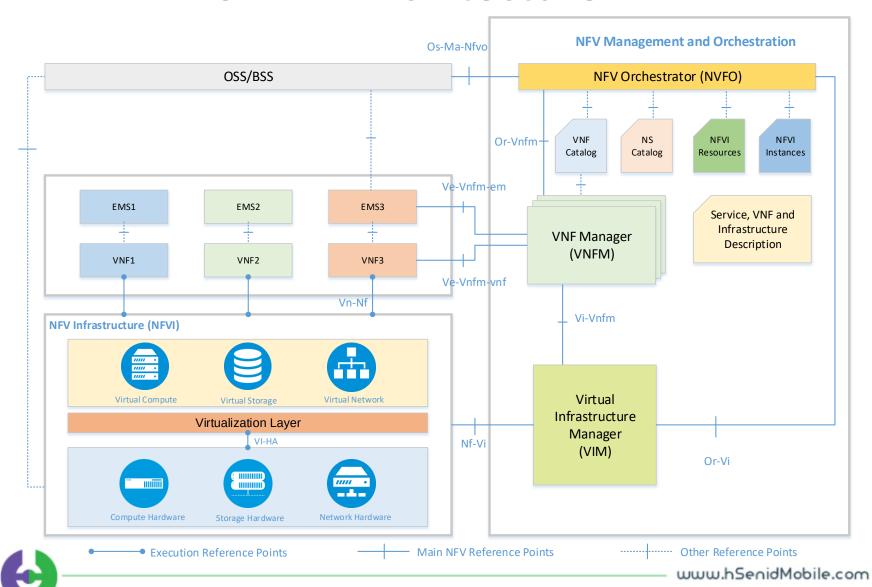
Lifecycle Management

VNF Lifecycle Management





ETSI NFV Architecture





MANO Offerings in Industry

- - VIM offerings
 - Openstack
 - VMWare vCloud Director
 - OpenVIM
 - AWS
 - Open source MANO offerings
 - Tacker Openstack Project
 - OSM
 - OpenMANO
 - OpenBaton



MANO Offerings in Industry

Commercial MANO products



Nokia CloudBand-

-CloudBand Network
Director (NFVO)
-CloudBand
Application Manager
(VNFM)
-CloudBand
Infrastructure
Software (NFVI,VIM)



Ericsson Cloud Manager (NFVO, VNFM)



ZTE vManager (NFVO, VNFM)



Huawei CloudOpera Orchestrator (NFVO, VNFM)



Rift.IO Rift.Ware MANO (NFVO, VNFM)



HPE NFV Director (NFVO, VNFM)



Cloudify Manager (NFVO, VNFM)



VIM Offerings in Industry

- Openstack
 - Red Hat, Mirantis, Oracle and VMWare
- **Cisco VIM**
- **Ericsson Cloud Execution Environment**
- ↔ VMWare vSphere
- OpenVIM
- Amazon Public Cloud



VNF Offerings in Industry

- Many Commercial products
 - Ericsson, Nokia, MetaSwitch, CISCO, Juniper, F5 etc ...
- Sample Open Source VNFs
 - Clear Water IMS
 - OpenSIPS





NFV Opportunities

NFV Opportunities

- As NFV MANO Vendor Developer / DevOps
- ⇔ As VNF Vendor Developer / DevOps
- As Telco User Operations / Planning and Management
- - Networking and OS administration
 - Service Oriented application development
 - DevOps technologies including automation
 - Virtual Infrastructure technologies
 - PaaS technologies
 - Private and Public cloud technologies



SDN and SDS



Which of the following type of virtualization is also characteristic of cloud computing?

- A. Storage
- B. Application
- C. CPU
- D. All of the mentioned



- The technology used to distribute service requests to resources referred to as?
- A. Load performing
- B. Load scheduling
- C. Load balancing
- D. All of the mentioned



♦ Name two cloud service types and a one example for each type.

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- Here Telco service provider uses cloud software in their Datacentres to provide virtual machines to the application vendors.
- This deployment can be categorized as?
- A. Virtualization Platform
- B. Public Cloud Platform
- C. Hybrid Cloud Platform
- D. Private Cloud Platform



↔ Name two VIM (Virtual Infrastructure Manager) solutions in industry.

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II.	



Q&A

Further Readings

- https://www.telcocloudbridge.com/blog/a-beginners-guide-to-nfv-management-orchestration-mano/
- https://www.telcocloudbridge.com/blog/a-cheat-sheet-forunderstanding-nfv-architecture/
- https://osm.etsi.org/images/OSM-Whitepaper-TechContent-ReleaseFOUR-FINAL.pdf
- https://nfvwiki.etsi.org/index.php?title=API_specifications
- https://www.ietf.org/proceedings/88/slides/slides-88-opsawg-6.pdf







Thank You

For more information

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