系统中找不到指定文件时的解决办法：

1. 采用绝对路径；
2. 使用相对路径，这是用类加载器加载文件路径

public void load(String path) {

BufferedReader br = null;

try {

InputStream in=SetTable.class.getClassLoader().getResourceAsStream(path);

br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(in, "UTF-8"));

String line = "";

while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {

m\_tbl.put(Integer.parseInt(line), true);

}

br.close();

} catch (FileNotFoundException e) {

e.printStackTrace();

} catch (NumberFormatException e) {

e.printStackTrace();

} catch (IOException e) {

e.printStackTrace();

}

}