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Module 2 - Graded Quiz

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Graded Quiz due Dec 13, 2023 09:58 IST Completed

Question 1

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

What is the primary reason for DevOps initiative failure?

- ☐ Lack of communication
- ☐ Lack of skills
- ☐ Lack of tools
- ☒ Lack of organizational learning and cultural change



Answer

Correct:

The first reason for failing to meet DevOps expectations is a lack of organizational learning and cultural change.

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You have used 2 of 2 attempts

Question 2

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

What is the TDD workflow?

- ☐ Write the code, test it manually, and refactor it if necessary.
- ☐ Write the perfect code, refactor it, and then write failing test cases.
- ☐ Write a passing test case and refactor the code to improve it.
- ☒ Write a failing test case, write enough code to make it pass, refactor the code to increase quality, and repeat the process.



Answer

Correct:

Broad Network Access is accessing cloud computing resources through the network using standard mechanisms and platforms.

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Question 3

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

What is the purpose of unit testing?

- ☐ To test the system for acceptability.
- ☐ To test the complete system end to end.
- ☐ To combine individual units and test them as a group.
- ☒ To validate that each unit is performing as designed.

**Answer**

Correct:

Unit testing aims to test individual units or components of a software application in isolation to ensure that each unit functions as intended and produces the expected output.

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Question 4

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

What levels are BDDs usually performed?

☐ Unit and user acceptance testing☐ Unit and integration testing☐ Unit and system testing☒ Integration and system testing**Answer**

Correct: BDD takes place at the Integration and system testing levels.

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You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Question 5

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

How does CI/CD reduce code integration risk?

☐ By automating the deployment process☐ By providing opportunities for code review with every pull request☐ By ensuring that the code in the main or master branch is always deployable☒ By automatically building, testing, and deploying code changes**Answer**

Correct:

CI/CD reduces code integration risk by automatically building, testing, and deploying code changes.

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You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Question 6

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

Which of the following is true regarding Continuous Deployment?

☐ Continuous Deployment prepares the code for the release of your application and automates the process required to deploy and build your application.☐ Continuous Deployment means continuously integrating your code with the main codebase.☐ Continuous Deployment is the automation process that allows you to integrate your work into

your repository.

- ☒ Continuous Deployment is continuously pushing your code changes to production.

**Answer**

Correct:

Continuous Deployment automatically pushes your code changes to production after it passes through Continuous Integration and Continuous Delivery.

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Question 7

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

How does CI help reduce the risk of code integration issues?

- ☐ By eliminating the need for testing.
- ☐ By enabling larger changes to the code.
- ☐ By increasing the chances of errors during integration.
- ☒ By reducing the probability of errors during integration.

**Answer**

Correct:

With CI, you're integrating smaller changes more frequently, which means less risk of something going wrong during integration.

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You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Question 8

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

What does Git allow developers to do that other version control systems may not?

- ☒ Check out the entire file
- ☐ Check out only the section of code they are working on
- ☐ Collaborate linearly with other developers
- ☐ None of the above

**Answer**

Correct:

Unlike other version control systems, Git allows developers to check out the entire code file by providing a local copy of the work history and managing commits locally before pushing to a remote branch.

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You have used 2 of 2 attempts

Question 9

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

Which CI/CD tool is an open-source, flexible framework for building fully portable pipelines?

☐ Travis CI

☐ Jenkins

☐ GitLab

☒ Tekton



Answer

Correct:

Tekton is a CI/CD tool that is an open-source, flexible framework for building fully portable pipelines. The design of the platform aims to provide a powerful, flexible, and extensible solution for building and deploying applications in a Kubernetes environment.

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Question 10

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

What is the programming language used to write the Jenkinsfile?

☐ Docker

☐ YAML

☐ Python

☒ Groovy



Answer

Correct: You can describe the Jenkinsfile using the Groovy programming language.

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