

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline

In [2]: #loading csv file as a data frame using pandas
df = pd.read_csv('cars.csv')

In [4]: df.dropna(inplace=True)

In [5]: df.columns

Out[5]: Index(['passedemissions', 'mpg', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'cylinders',
              'weight', 'acceleration', 'modelyear', 'carname'],
              dtype='object')

In [6]: passed_emissions=pd.get_dummies(df['passedemissions'],drop_first=True)

In [7]: passed_emissions

Out[7]:
```

	True
0	0
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0
11	0
12	0
13	0
14	1
15	1
16	0
17	1
18	1
19	1
20	1
21	1
22	1
23	1
24	1
25	0
26	0
27	0
28	0
29	1
...	...
362	1
363	1
364	1
365	1
366	1
367	1
368	1
369	1
370	1
371	1
372	1
373	1
374	1
375	1
376	1
377	1
378	1
379	1
380	1
381	1
382	1
383	1
384	1
385	1
386	1
387	1
388	1
389	1
390	1
391	1

392 rows × 1 columns

```
In [8]: passed_emissions.rename(columns=(True:'Emission_test'),
                                inplace=True)

In [9]: passed_emissions

Out[9]:
```

	Emission_test
0	0
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0
11	0
12	0
13	0
14	1
15	1
16	0
17	1
18	1
19	1
20	1
21	1
22	1
23	1
24	1
25	0
26	0
27	0
28	0
29	1
...	...
362	1
363	1
364	1
365	1
366	1
367	1
368	1
369	1
370	1
371	1
372	1
373	1
374	1
375	1
376	1
377	1
378	1
379	1
380	1
381	1
382	1
383	1
384	1
385	1
386	1
387	1
388	1
389	1
390	1
391	1

392 rows × 1 columns

```
In [10]: df = pd.concat([df,passed_emissions],axis=1)

In [11]: df.head()

Out[11]:
```

	passedemissions	mpg	displacement	horsepower	cylinders	weight	acceleration	modelyear	carname	Emission_test
0	False	18.0	307.0	130.0	8.0	1.7520	12.0	70.0	chevrolet chevelle malibu	0
1	False	15.0	350.0	165.0	8.0	1.8465	11.5	70.0	buick skylark 320	0
2	False	18.0	318.0	150.0	8.0	1.7180	11.0	70.0	plymouth satellite	0
3	False	16.0	304.0	150.0	8.0	1.7165	12.0	70.0	amc rebel sst	0
4	False	17.0	302.0	140.0	8.0	1.7245	10.5	70.0	ford torino	0

```
In [13]: df.drop(['passedemissions', 'carname'],axis=1,inplace=True)

In [14]: df.head()

Out[14]:
```

	mpg	displacement	horsepower	cylinders	weight	acceleration	modelyear	Emission_test
0	18.0	307.0	130.0	8.0	1.7520	12.0	70.0	0
1	15.0	350.0	165.0	8.0	1.8465	11.5	70.0	0
2	18.0	318.0	150.0	8.0	1.7180	11.0	70.0	0
3	16.0	304.0	150.0	8.0	1.7165	12.0	70.0	0
4	17.0	302.0	140.0	8.0	1.7245	10.5	70.0	0

```
In [15]: X=df.drop('Emission_test',axis=1)
y=df['Emission_test']

In [16]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

In [17]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=101)

In [18]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

In [19]: logm = LogisticRegression()

In [20]: logm.fit(X_train,y_train)

C:\Users\Chandan\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model\logistic.py:433: FutureWarning:
g: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in 0.22. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
FutureWarning)

Out[20]: LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class_weight=None, dual=False, fit_intercept=True,
                             intercept_scaling=1, max_iter=100, multi_class='warn',
                             n_jobs=None, penalty='l2', random_state=None, solver='warn',
                             tol=0.0001, verbose=0, warm_start=False)

In [21]: estimations = logm.predict(X_test)

In [24]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report

In [26]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

In [28]: print(confusion_matrix(y_test,estimations))

[[36  4]
 [ 5 73]]

In [29]: # 36 = True negative Predicted No and in actual also No
# 4 = false positive predicted yes but in actual was no
```