



Tutorial Link <https://codequotient.com/tutorials/Conditional Operator/5a22a02bc66cfe38f2962242>

TUTORIAL

Conditional Operator

Chapter

1. Conditional Operator

This is an operator defined as a quick way for short if-else constructs. It has the following form: -

```
expr1 ? expr2 : expr3;
```

All are expressions, which will be executed. In this, `expr1` will be evaluated as a condition, if it evaluates to true, `expr2` will be executed, otherwise `expr3` will be executed. The above code is another form of the following if-else block: -

```
if(expr1)  
    expr2;  
else  
    expr3;
```

So, the conditional operator is a kind of compact form to represent some if-else constructs. For example,

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main()
4 {
5     int marks = 49;
6     char grade;
7     if(marks >= 40)
8     {
9         grade='P';
10    }
11    else
12    {
13        grade='F';
14    }
15    printf("You got %c grade.",grade);
16    return 0;
17 }
18
```

The above program can be written as:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main()
4 {
5     int marks = 49;
6     char grade;
7
8     grade = (marks >= 40) ? 'P' : 'F';    // if-else
9     as conditional operator.
10
11    printf("You got %c grade.",grade);
12    return 0;
13 }
```

It is quite useful sometimes to write with conditional operator instead the if-else block as it makes the code compact and easy to read. We can make the things bit complicated to write nested if or nested if-else using conditional operators. One example to illustrate the use is:

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main()
4  {
5      int marks = 57;
6      char grade;
7
8      if(marks >= 40)
9      {
10         if(marks < 60)
11         {
12             grade = 'B';
13         }
14         else
15         {
16             grade = 'A';
17         }
18     }
19     else
20     {
21         grade = 'F';
22     }
23     printf("You got %c grade.",grade);
24     return 0;
25 }
26
```

The above program can be written with nested conditional operators as:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main()
4 {
5     int marks = 7;
6     char grade;
7
8     grade = (marks >= 40) ? (marks < 60) ? 'B' : 'A' :
9     'F';
10    printf("You got %c grade.",grade);
11    return 0;
12 }
13
```

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