Packages PY

| 1) What is a Python package? How is it different from a module? |
|--|
| A Python package is a folder containing multiple modules and aninitpy file. A module is a single .py file. Difference: |
| Module = single file |
| Package = collection of related modules in a folder. |
| 2) What is the purpose ofinitpy in a package directory? |
| Theinitpy file tells Python that the directory should be treated as a package. It can also run initialization code or define theall list to control what gets imported with *. |
| 3) What happens when you use from package import * in Python? |
| Python will import only the names defined in the package'sinitpy underall Ifall is not defined, nothing is imported unless done explicitly. |
| 4) What is the effect of definingall in a package'sinitpy file? |
| all is a list of modules or names to be imported when using from package import *. It controls which modules/functions get exposed. |
| Example: |
| all = ['basic_ops']. |

5) How can you create and use a subpackage in Python?

- Create a folder (subpackage) inside your main package.
- Add an __init__.py in both the main and subpackage folders.
- Add modules inside the subpackage.
- Import using: from main_package.subpackage.module import function

6) Create a package math_utils with modules:

Structure: math utils/ ____init___.py --- basic_ops.py ___ advanced_ops.py basic_ops.py def add(a, b): return a + b def subtract(a, b): return a - b advanced_ops.py def power(a, b): return a ** b def factorial(n): if n == 0: return 1 return n * factorial(n - 1)

_init___.py

```
__all__ = ['basic_ops', 'advanced_ops']
Usage:
from math_utils import basic_ops, advanced_ops
print(basic_ops.add(2, 3))
print(advanced_ops.power(2, 4))
7) Intra-package references example
Structure:
mypackage/
____init___.py
- module_a.py
L— module_b.py
module_b.py
def say_hello():
  return "Hello from module B"
module_a.py
python
CopyEdit
from .module_b import say_hello
def greet():
```

return say_hello()

8) Package shapes with subpackage area

Structure:

```
shapes/
└── area/
  ____init___.py
  - circle.py
  └── rectangle.py
circle.py
def area_of_circle(r):
  return 3.14 * r * r
rectangle.py
from .circle import area_of_circle # relative import
def print_circle_area(r):
  print("Area of Circle:", area_of_circle(r))
9) Modify math_utils/__init__.py with:
__all__ = ['basic_ops']
```