14/10/20 Chandan A.M. 1BM18CS025 (4) AVL Tree Invertion and Deletion? Attend note * insert (struct note * node 1/structure struct node & struct node * left; struct node * right; // Insertion if (nost = NULL) & Il create a new node // assign values else if (value < root > data) { // insort in left subtree.

// rewr for rost -> left

// root & cost -> rotation (root); else if (value > = root -) date) { 1/ ineat in right subtree 11 rewr for root - right acturn root;

DATE | PAGE | // Deletion . if (P=NULL) { if (value & data) ?

// rewr for p > left

p = rotation (p); else if (value > p - relate) {

// 4 rewr for p - right

p = rotation (p); /i'e node with only 1 child. NODE temp = root -> left ? root -> left ; if (temp = = NULL) { 2 P = rotation (p); gree temp; NODE temp = min Value Node (p > right); make temp -> data as p->data

p -> sight = delete Element (p 5 sight; long) p 2 volation (p); return p;

Churdan A.M 11 min Value Node NODE min Value Node (NODE) & 3 I finds the leftmost leaf. 1 left Rotate : NODE leftRotate (NODE p) { 11 store right pointer of p in y

If if (y has stored left points of y)

11 update left node of y as p

1/ else // return new root is e y. 1/ Right Rotate : NODE right Rotate (NODE) ?

N' = loft node of p

12 = sught node of y

// update right node of y as p

// update loft node of p as to

// return new root y, MBalance Factor (NODE tomp) &

(recursive call

// store height of left recursive all in 11 Balance Factor 1/ store height of tright recussive all

Chandan A.M //return diff of thoight & rhought; 11 Robotion NODE Protation (NODE p) { // get balance Factor of p if (bal = 1) { 1/ if (bal factor of p > left > 0

gright Rotate(p); p = right Rotato(p), else if (bal 2-1)

if (bal of p > right >0)

p = leftRotate(p); Il left votate extorn p;