Assignments on Exception Handling

1) Write an application that accepts two numbers, divides the first number with the second number and display the result. Hint: You need to handle ArithmeticException which is thrown when there is an attempt to divide a number by zero.

```
■ Console X

☑ Alpha.java 
☒
 1 package exception;
                                                                                  <terminated > Alpha (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Jav
  2 import java.util.Scanner;
                                                                                  15
 3 public class Alpha
 4 {
                                                                                  java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
        public static void main(String[] args)
 6
             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 8
            int a,b,c=0;
 9
             try
 10
             {
11
                  a=sc.nextInt();
                  b=sc.nextInt();
 12
                  c=a/b:
14
15
             catch(ArithmeticException e)
16
17
                 System.out.println(e);
18
19
             System.out.println(c);
20
             sc.close();
        }
21
22 }
```

2) Carrying forward with the above problem, handle ArithmeticException by raising Unsupported OperationException as a solution.

```
☑ Alpha.java 
☒

                                                                              ■ Console \( \times \)
E4 package exception;
                                                                               <terminated> Alpha (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\javaw.exe (02-Nov-20)
 2 import java.util.Scanner;
   public class Alpha
                                                                              Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
        public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                       at exception.Alpha.main(Alpha.java:13)
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
            int a,b,c=0;
10
                 a=sc.nextInt():
                 b=sc.nextInt();
                 c=a/b;
14
15
            catch(UnsupportedOperationException e)
                System.out.println(e);
18
            System.out.println(c):
            sc.close();
```

3) Write an application to perform withdraw functionality on a SavingAccount object. Point to

note:

- a. Raise InsufficientBalanceException if you are trying to withdraw more than balance or when you balance is zero. E.g. if you balance is 2000 and if you are trying to withdraw 2100 or if you balance is 0 and you are trying to withdraw positive value.
- b. Raise IllegalBank TransactionException if you are trying to withdraw a negative value from your balance. E. g. if you try to withdraw a negative value savingAcc.withdrawl1000);

Note: SavingAccount

|--longid |--double balance I-double withdraw(double amount) I-double deposit(double amount)

```
□ □ Console 🛭
    package exception;
                                                                                 <terminated> Abc [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-16.0.2\bin\javaw.exe (02-No
    import java.util.Scanner;
                                                                                 exception.Abc$InsufficientBalanceException
       public class Abc
           long id=1285;
           double balance=2000;
           double deposit;
Q<sub>6</sub> 9⊝
           public class InsufficientBalanceException extends Exception
 10
 11
             public InsufficientBalanceException(String msg)
 12⊖
 13
 14
 15
 16
          public void InsufficientBalanceException(double withdraw) thro
 17⊝
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
                  if ((withdraw > 2000) || (balance == 0)) {
    throw new InsufficientBalanceException(null);
                   } else {
                       System.out.println("Amount withdrawn =");
                       System.out.print(withdraw);
              }
          public static void main(String[] args)
 27⊝
 28
              Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
№30
              long id=1285;
331
              double balance=2000;
№32
              double deposit;
 33
              Abc on = new Abc();
 34
              double withdraw=in.nextDouble();
 35
              try
              {
 37
                   on.InsufficientBalanceException(withdraw);
 38
 39
              catch(InsufficientBalanceException e)
 40
 41
                  System.out.println(e);
 42
 43
              in.close();
```