CASE STUDY

#GROUP 7

COUNTRY LEADER

GROUP MEMBERS

M1:- Pavan

M2:- Sameer Shaik

M3:- Yogesh Patel

M4:- Chandana Sathwika

M5:- Michael Yali

INTRODUCTION

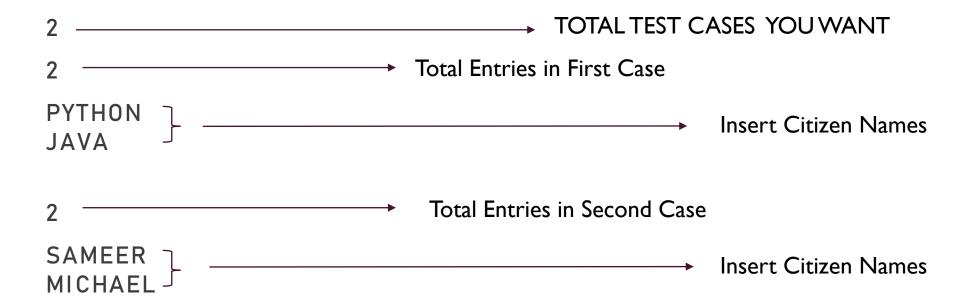
The Constitution of a certain country states that the leader is the person with the name containing the greatest number of different alphabet letters. (The country uses the uppercase English alphabet from A - Z.) For example, the name GOOGLE has four different alphabet letters: E, G, L, and O. The name TCS has three different letters. If the country only consists of these 2 persons, GOOGLE would be the leader. If there is a tie, the person whose name comes earliest in alphabetical order is the leader.

Given a list of names of the citizens of the country, can you determine who the leader is?

ALGORITHM

- 1. START
- 2. ENTER THE COUNTRY LEADER NAMES
- 3. ADD THE NAMES INTO AN ARRAY LIST
- 4. FIND LEADER(NAMES) IS CALLED
- 5. LEADER IS DECLARED AS A STRING AND ASSIGNED AS NULL.
- 6. REMOVE ALL WHITE SPACES USING REPLACE ALL
- 7. MAP THE CHARACTERS USING HASHMAP
- 8. COUNT THE DIFFERENT CHARACTERS IN THE INPUT NAME
- 9. COMPARE THE COUNT OF DIFFERENT CHARACTERS OF BOTH NAMES AND PRINT THE LEADER NAME.
- 10. STOP

INPUT



PROGRAM

```
package com.company;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class CountryLeader {
  public static void main(String[] args)
    Scanner in = new Scanner(new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(System.in)));
    System.out.println("v");
    int t = in.nextInt();
    in.nextLine();
    for (int i = 1; i <= t; ++i)
      int n = in.nextInt();
      in.nextLine();
      List<String> names = new ArrayList<String>();
      for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
        names.add(in.nextLine());
      System.out.println("Case #" + i + ": " + findLeader(names));
```

```
public static String findLeader(List<String> names) {
    String leader = "";
    int maxCount = 0;
    for (String name: names) {
      String current = name.replaceAll(" ","");;
      char[] charArr = current.toCharArray();
      int counter = 0;
      Map<Character, Boolean> charMap = new HashMap<Character, Boolean>();
      for (Character ch : charArr) {
        if (charMap.containsKey(ch)) {
        } else {
          charMap.put(ch, true);
          counter++;
      if (maxCount < counter) {</pre>
        leader = name;
        maxCount = counter;
    return leader;
```

OUTPUT



system.out.println("THANK YOU");

THANK YOU