17CS32

(05 Marks)

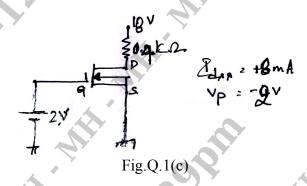
Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan.2019 Analog and Digital Electronics

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. Explain construction and working principle of operations of n-channel D-MOSFET along with its drain and trans-conductance characteristics. (10 Marks)
 - b. Write the difference between JEFT's and MOSFET's. (05 Marks)
 - c. For a given self-bias configuration in Fig.Q.1(c), determine: i) I_{d_q} and $V_{g'eq}$ ii) V_{ds} and V_D .



OR

- 2 a. List of differences between ideal and practical op-amp amplifier. (06 Marks)
 - b. With a neat diagram and waveform explain a stable multivibrator using 555 timers. (07 Marks)
 - c. With neat diagram and waveform explain the working of relaxation oscillation oscillator.

 (07 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Explain positive and negative logic. List the equivalence between them. (08 Marks)
 - b. Find the minimal SOP form for the given min-terns using K-map.

 $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(4, 5, 6) + d(10, 12, 13, 14, 15).$

Find the minimal POS form for the given MAX-TERM using K-map.

 $f(a, b, c, d) = \pi M (5, 7, 8, 9, 12) + d(0, 6, 10, 15).$ (06 Marks)

OR

4 a. Using Quine-Mc-Clusky method simplify the following Boolean equation.

 $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum m(0, 1, 10, 11, 13, 15) + d(2, 3, 12, 14).$

(10 Marks)

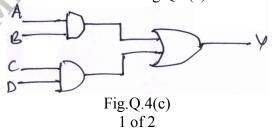
(06 Marks)

b. Define Hazard. Explain different types of Hazards.

(06 Marks)

c. Write the VHDL code for the circuit shown in Fig.Q.4(c):

(04 Marks)



Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

Module-3

- 5 a. What is multiplexers? Design 8:1 multiplexer using 2:1 multiplexers. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the purpose of using parity generators and checkers using suitable illustrations.

(06 Marks)

c. What is magnitude comparator? Explain 1 bit magnitude comparator.

(06 Marks)

OR

6 a. Design 7-segment decoder using PLA.

(06 Marks)

b. With neat logic diagram and truth table, explain negative edge triggered J-K flip-flop.

(06 Marks)

c. What is an Adder? Explain with truth table the half Adder, full Adder, half subtractor and full subtractor. (08 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. With a neat logic diagram and truth table explain the working of J-K master slave flip-flop using NAND gates. (08 Marks)
 - b. Give characteristic table, characteristic equation and excitation table for S-R, D and J-K flip-flop. (08 Marks)
 - c. Write a VHDL code for D-flip-flop.

(04 Marks)

OR

8 a. What is a register? With neat diagram explain 4-bit parallel-in-serial out shift register.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain with a neat diagram how a shift register can be applied for serial-addition.

(06 Marks)

c. Differentiate between synchronous and asynchronous counters.

(06 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. Define counter. Design a synchronous counter for the sequence,

 $0 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow 3$ using J-K flip flop.

(12 Marks)

b. Explain with neat diagram the working principle of Digital Clock.

(08 Marks)

OR

10 a. Explain the binary ladder with digital input of 1000

(06 Marks)

b. Explain 2-bit simultaneous A/D converter.

(08 Marks)

c. Explain the terms accuracy and resolution for D/A converters.

(06 Marks)

* * * * *