

## 1.Validate Brackets

```
using System;
```

```
using System.Text.RegularExpressions;
```

```
class Program
```

```
{
```

```
    static void Main()
```

```
{
```

```
    Console.Write("Enter a string with brackets: ");
```

```
    string input = Console.ReadLine();
```

```
    string pattern = @"\(\)|\[\]|\"";
```

```
    while (Regex.IsMatch(input, pattern))
```

```
{
```

```
    input = Regex.Replace(input, pattern, "");
```

```
}
```

```
    if (input.Length == 0)
```

```
        Console.WriteLine("True");

    else

        Console.WriteLine("False");

    }

}
```

## **2.Non-repeating character**

```
using System;

using System.Linq;

public class Program

{

    public static void Main()

    {

        int t = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());



        for (int i = 0; i < t; i++)

        {

            string s = Console.ReadLine();

            var ch = s.FirstOrDefault(c => s.Count(x => x == c) == 1);

            Console.WriteLine(ch == '\0' ? "null" : ch.ToString());

        }

    }

}
```

```
}
```

### **3.Mergeing sorted array**

```
using System;
```

```
using System.Linq;
```

```
public class Program
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void Main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int[] arr1 = Console.ReadLine().Split().Select(int.Parse).ToArray();
```

```
    int[] arr2 = Console.ReadLine().Split().Select(int.Parse).ToArray();
```

```
    var merged = arr1.Concat(arr2).Distinct().OrderBy(x => x).ToArray();
```

```
    Console.WriteLine("[" + string.Join(", ", merged) + "]");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

### **4.Target value question**

```
using System;
```

```
class Program
```

```
{
```

```
    static void Main()
```

```
{
```

```
    string[] input = Console.ReadLine().Split();
```

```
    int n = input.Length;
```

```
    int[] arr = new int[n];
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    arr[i] = int.Parse(input[i]);

int target = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());

int count = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
    {
        if (arr[i] + arr[j] == target)
            count++;
    }
}
Console.WriteLine(count);
}}
```

## **5.Consecutive array**

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
```

```

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string[] input = Console.ReadLine().Split();
        int n = input.Length;
        int[] arr = new int[n];
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    arr[i] = int.Parse(input[i]);

HashSet<int> set = new HashSet<int>(arr);
int longest = 0;
foreach (int num in arr)
{
    if (!set.Contains(num - 1)) // start of a sequence
    {
        int current = num;
        int length = 1;
        while (set.Contains(current + 1))
        {
            current++;
            length++;
        }
        if (length > longest)
            longest = length;
    }
}
Console.WriteLine(longest);
}

```

## **6. Majority element in array**

```

using System;
class Program
{

```

```
static void Main()
{
    string[] input = Console.ReadLine().Split();
    int n = input.Length;
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        arr[i] = int.Parse(input[i]);
    int majority = 0;
    bool found = false;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        int count = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            if (arr[i] == arr[j])
                count++;
        }
        if (count > n / 2)
        {
            majority = arr[i];
            found = true;
            break;
        }
    }
    Console.WriteLine(found ? majority.ToString() : "null");
}
```

## **7.Find all subset of a set**

```
using System;

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string input = Console.ReadLine();
        int[] arr = string.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(input) ? new int[0] : Array.ConvertAll(input.Split(),
int.Parse);

        int n = arr.Length;
        int total = 1 << n; // 2^n subsets

        Console.Write("[");
        for (int i = 0; i < total; i++)
        {
            Console.Write("[");
            bool first = true;
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            {
                if ((i & (1 << j)) != 0)
                {
                    if (!first) Console.Write(",");
                    Console.Write(arr[j]);
                    first = false;
                }
            }
            Console.Write("]");
            if (i < total - 1) Console.Write(", ");
        }
        Console.WriteLine("]");
    }
}
```

## **8.Rotated binary search**

```
using System;

public class Program
{
    public static void Main()
    {
        int[] arr = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);
        int target = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());

        int left = 0, right = arr.Length - 1;
        while (left <= right)
        {
            int mid = (left + right) / 2;
            if (arr[mid] == target) { Console.WriteLine(mid); return; }

            if (arr[left] <= arr[mid])
            {
                if (target >= arr[left] && target < arr[mid]) right = mid - 1;
                else left = mid + 1;
            }
            else
            {
                if (target > arr[mid] && target <= arr[right]) left = mid + 1;
                else right = mid - 1;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        Console.WriteLine(-1);

    }

}
```

## 9.Sort array by Frequency

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
```

```
public class Program
{
    public static void Main()
    {
        int[] arr = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);

        // Count frequency
        Dictionary<int, int> freq = new Dictionary<int, int>();
        foreach (int num in arr)
        {
            if (freq.ContainsKey(num)) freq[num]++;
            else freq[num] = 1;
        }

        // Sort by frequency (desc), then value (asc)
        Array.Sort(arr, (a, b) =>
        {
            if (freq[b] != freq[a]) return freq[b] - freq[a]; // higher frequency first
            return a - b; // smaller number first if tie
        });
    }
}
```

```
        Console.WriteLine("[" + string.Join(", ", arr) + "]");

    }

}
```

## 10. Group Anagrams

```
using System;
```

```
using System.Linq;
```

```
class Program
```

```
{
```

```
    static void Main()
```

```
{
```

```
    var words = Console.ReadLine().Split();
```

```
    var grouped = words.GroupBy(w => new string(w.OrderBy(c => c).ToArray()))
```

```
        .Select(g => g.ToList())
```

```
        .ToList();
```

```
    Console.WriteLine("[" + string.Join(", ", grouped.Select(g => "[" + string.Join(", ", g) + "]")) + "]");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

## 11.Longest Substring

```
using System;
```

```
class Program
```

```
{
```

```
    static void Main()
```

```
{
```

```
    string s = Console.ReadLine();
```

```
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(s))
```

```
{
```

```
        Console.WriteLine("");
```

```
        return;
```

```
}
```

```
int start = 0, maxLength = 1;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < s.Length; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    // Odd length palindrome
```

```
    int l = i, r = i;
```

```
    while (l >= 0 && r < s.Length && s[l] == s[r])
```

```
{
```

```
    if (r - l + 1 > maxLength)
```

```
{
```

```
        start = l;
```

```
        maxLength = r - l + 1;
```

```
}
```

```
    l--;
```

```
    r++;
```

```
}
```

```

// Even length palindrome
l = i; r = i + 1;
while (l >= 0 && r < s.Length && s[l] == s[r])
{
    if (r - l + 1 > maxLength)
    {
        start = l;
        maxLength = r - l + 1;
    }
    l--;
    r++;
}
}

Console.WriteLine(s.Substring(start, maxLength));
}
}

```

## **12.Finding Missing Range**

```

using System;

using System.Collections.Generic;

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        int[] nums = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);
        int lower = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        int upper = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());

        List<string> res = new List<string>();
        int prev = lower - 1;

```

```

        for (int i = 0; i <= nums.Length; i++)
    {
        int curr = (i < nums.Length) ? nums[i] : upper + 1;
        if (curr - prev > 1)
        {
            if (curr - prev == 2)
                res.Add((prev + 1).ToString());
            else
                res.Add((prev + 1) + "->" + (curr - 1));
        }
        prev = curr;
    }

    Console.WriteLine("[" + string.Join(", ", res) + "]");
}

}

```

### **13.Find Peak Element**

using System;

```

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string input = Console.ReadLine();
        input = input.Replace("[", "").Replace("]", "").Replace(";", " ");
        int[] nums = Array.ConvertAll(input.Split(new[] { ' ' }, StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries), int.Parse);

        int n = nums.Length;
        if (n == 1) { Console.WriteLine(0); return; }

```

```

int peakIndex = -1;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    bool leftOk = (i == 0) || (nums[i] > nums[i - 1]);
    bool rightOk = (i == n - 1) || (nums[i] > nums[i + 1]);
    if (leftOk && rightOk)
        peakIndex = i;
}

Console.WriteLine(peakIndex);
}
}

```

#### **14.kth largest element**

```
using System;
```

```

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string[] input = Console.ReadLine().Split();
        int n = input.Length;
        int[] nums = new int[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            nums[i] = int.Parse(input[i]);

        int k = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
    }
}
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
{
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
    {
        if (nums[i] > nums[j])
        {
            int temp = nums[i];
            nums[i] = nums[j];
            nums[j] = temp;
        }
    }
}

// kth largest is at index n - k
Console.WriteLine(nums[n - k]);
}
}

```

## 15.Spiral Order

using System;

```

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        int[] rc = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);
        int rows = rc[0], cols = rc[1];

```

```
int[,] matrix = new int[rows, cols];
for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
{
    int[] row = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);
    for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++)
        matrix[i, j] = row[j];
}

int top = 0, bottom = rows - 1, left = 0, right = cols - 1;

Console.Write("[");
bool first = true;

while (top <= bottom && left <= right)
{
    for (int i = left; i <= right; i++) Print(matrix[top, i], ref first);
    top++;

    for (int i = top; i <= bottom; i++) Print(matrix[i, right], ref first);
    right--;

    for (int i = right; i >= left; i--) Print(matrix[bottom, i], ref first);
    bottom--;

    for (int i = bottom; i >= top; i--) Print(matrix[i, left], ref first);
    left++;

}
}
```

```

        Console.WriteLine("]");
    }

static void Print(int val, ref bool first)
{
    if (!first) Console.Write(", ");
    Console.Write(val);
    first = false;
}

```

## **16.Duplicate element in array**

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        int[] nums = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);
        List<int> dup = new List<int>();

        for (int i = 0; i < nums.Length; i++)
        {
            for (int j = i + 1; j < nums.Length; j++)
            {
                if (nums[i] == nums[j] && !dup.Contains(nums[i]))
                    dup.Add(nums[i]);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        Console.WriteLine("[" + string.Join(", ", dup) + "]");
    }
}
```

### **17.Find Longest common prefix**

```
using System;
```

```
class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string[] words = Console.ReadLine().Split();
        if (words.Length == 0) { Console.WriteLine(""); return; }

        string prefix = words[0];

        for (int i = 1; i < words.Length; i++)
        {
            while (!words[i].StartsWith(prefix))
            {
                prefix = prefix.Substring(0, prefix.Length - 1);
                if (prefix == "") break;
            }
        }

        Console.WriteLine(prefix);
    }
}
```

### **18.Find all palindromic substrings**

```
using System;
```

```
class Program
```

```
{
```

```

static void Main()

{

    string s = Console.ReadLine();

    int count = 0;

    for (int i = 0; i < s.Length; i++)

        for (int a = i, b = i; a >= 0 && b < s.Length && s[a] == s[b]; a--, b++, count++); // odd

    for (int i = 0; i < s.Length - 1; i++)

        for (int a = i, b = i + 1; a >= 0 && b < s.Length && s[a] == s[b]; a--, b++, count++); // even

    Console.WriteLine(count);

}

}

```

### **19.Find triplets with sum zero**

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;

```

```

class Program
{

```

```

static void Main()
{
    int[] a = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);
    var list = new List<string>();

    for (int i = 0; i < a.Length - 2; i++)
        for (int j = i + 1; j < a.Length - 1; j++)
            for (int k = j + 1; k < a.Length; k++)
                if (a[i] + a[j] + a[k] == 0)
                {
                    int[] t = { a[i], a[j], a[k] };
                    Array.Sort(t);
                    string triplet = $"[{t[0]}, {t[1]}, {t[2]}]";
                    if (!list.Contains(triplet)) list.Add(triplet);
                }

    Console.WriteLine($"[{string.Join(", ", list)}]");
}
}

```

## **SET-2**

### **21. Find All Permutations of a String**

#### **Problem: Return all permutations of a string**

using System;

```

class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string s = Console.ReadLine();
        Permute(s.ToCharArray(), 0, s.Length - 1);
    }
}
```

```

static void Permute(char[] arr, int l, int r)
{
    if (l == r)
```

```
{  
    Console.WriteLine(new string(arr));  
    return;  
}  
  
  
for (int i = l; i <= r; i++)  
{  
    Swap(arr, l, i);  
    Permute(arr, l + 1, r);  
    Swap(arr, l, i); // backtrack  
}  
}  
  
  
static void Swap(char[] arr, int i, int j)  
{  
    char temp = arr[i];  
    arr[i] = arr[j];  
    arr[j] = temp;  
}  
}
```

## **22. Find Longest Increasing Subsequence**

### **Problem: Return length of longest increasing subsequence**

```
using System;
using System.Linq;
class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
        Console.Write("Enter numbers: ");
        int[] nums = Console.ReadLine().Split().Select(int.Parse).ToArray();

        int n = nums.Length;
        int[] dp = new int[n];
        Array.Fill(dp, 1);

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
                if (nums[i] > nums[j])
                    dp[i] = Math.Max(dp[i], dp[j] + 1);
    }
}
```

```
        dp[i] = Math.Max(dp[i], dp[j] + 1);

    Console.WriteLine("Length of LIS: " + dp.Max());

}
```

### **23. Find Next Greater Element**

**Problem: For each element, find the next greater element to its right**

```
using System;  
  
class Program  
{  
  
    static void Main()  
    {  
  
        Console.Write("Enter numbers separated by spaces: ");  
  
        string[] parts = Console.ReadLine().Split(' ');  
  
        int n = parts.Length;  
  
        int[] arr = new int[n];  
  
        int[] result = new int[n];  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
            arr[i] = int.Parse(parts[i]);  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
        {  
  
            result[i] = -1;  
  
            for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)  
            {  
  
                if (arr[j] > arr[i])  
                {
```

```
        result[i] = arr[j];
    break;
}
}

Console.WriteLine("Next Greater Elements: ");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    Console.Write(result[i] + " ");
}
```

## **24. Find All Elements Appearing More Than n/3 Times**

**Problem: Return elements appearing more than n/3 times.**

```
using System;

class Program

{
    static void Main()

    {
        Console.Write("Enter numbers: ");

        string[] parts = Console.ReadLine().Split(' ');

        int n = parts.Length, limit = n / 3;

        int[] arr = new int[n];

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) arr[i] = int.Parse(parts[i]);

        Console.Write("Elements appearing more than n/3 times: ");

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            int count = 0;

            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) if (arr[j] == arr[i]) count++;

            bool dup = false;

            for (int k = 0; k < i; k++) if (arr[k] == arr[i]) dup = true;

            if (count > limit && !dup) Console.Write(arr[i] + " ");
        }
    }
}
```

## 25. Find All Unique Combinations That Sum to Target

**Problem: Return all combinations of numbers that sum to a target.**

```
using System;  
using System.Collections.Generic;  
  
class Program  
{  
    static void Main()  
    {
```

```

Console.Write("Enter numbers: ");
int[] nums = Array.ConvertAll(Console.ReadLine().Split(), int.Parse);

Console.Write("Enter target: ");
int target = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());

List<List<int>> result = new List<List<int>>();
FindCombinations(nums, target, new List<int>(), 0, result);

Console.WriteLine("Combinations:");
foreach (var combo in result)
    Console.WriteLine("[ " + string.Join(", ", combo) + " ]");
}

static void FindCombinations(int[] nums, int target, List<int> current, int index, List<List<int>>
result)
{
    if (target == 0) // Found a valid combination
    {
        result.Add(new List<int>(current));
        return;
    }

    for (int i = index; i < nums.Length; i++)
    {
        if (nums[i] <= target) // Only pick numbers that don't exceed remaining target
        {
            current.Add(nums[i]); // Choose the number

```

```
        FindCombinations(nums, target - nums[i], current, i, result); // Recurse with reduced target
        current.RemoveAt(current.Count - 1); // Backtrack
    }
}
}
}
```