

### ADOPTING A MULTI-CLOUD STRATEGY WITH DOCKER AND KUBERNETES

#### PHASE 2 - SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE

College Name: K S Institute of Technology

**Group Members:** 

• Name: Challa Deepika

CAN ID Number: CAN-33689518

• Name: Vidheesha T M

CAN ID Number: CAN-33689420

• Name: Arun A

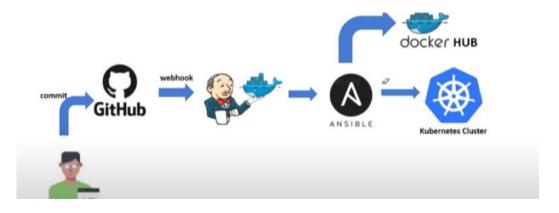
CAN ID Number: CAN-33672150

Name: Chandrasekar A

CAN ID Number: CAN-33671259

### **SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE**

To enable a scalable, resilient, and portable application, we will adopt a multicloud strategy using Docker, Kubernetes, and Ansible. This approach mitigates vendor lock-in while leveraging the strengths of different cloud platforms such as IBM Cloud, AWS, and Azure. The deployment process involves version control, CI/CD automation, container orchestration, and security measures to ensure seamless operations across multiple clouds.



## PROJECT STRUCTURE

We will create a structured project directory to facilitate deployment across multiple clouds.

**Project Directory Structure:** 

multi-cloud-app/		
public/		
css/style.css #	Frontend sty	les
js/app.js # Frontend scripts		
index.html	# Main front	end page
server/		
controllers/pr	oductControl	ller.js # Business logic
models/produ	ctModel.js	# Database schema
routes/produc	ctRoutes.js	# API routes
	# Ba	ackend server
— Dockerfile	# Containerization	
docker-compose.	yml # Loca	l container orchestration
— package.json	# Node.js dependencies	
Deployment.yml	# Kuber	netes deployment
Service.yml	# Kubernetes service	
—— Ansible.yml	# Ansible automation playbook	
L—README.md	# Documentation	

#### VERSION CONTROL SETUP

We will use GitHub for version control and CI/CD automation.

git init

echo node\_modules/ > .gitignore

echo .env >> .gitignore

git add.

git commit -m "Initial commit"

git remote add origin <repository\_url>

git push -u origin master

#### CI/CD PIPELINE DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION

To automate multi-cloud deployments, we will implement a Jenkins-based CI/CD pipeline integrated with Ansible.

## **Jenkins Pipeline Overview:**

- 1. Checkout Stage: Pull the latest code from GitHub.
- 2. Build Stage: Create Docker images.
- 3. Push Stage: Store images in cloud registries.
- 4. Deploy Stage: Deploy to Kubernetes using Ansible.

# **Ansible Playbook for Deployment:**

- hosts: all

become: true

tasks:

- name: create new deployment

command: kubectl apply -f /home/ubuntu/Deployment.yml

- name: create new service

command: kubectl apply -f /home/ubuntu/Service.yml



### **FUTURE PLANS**

- 1. Multi-Cloud Cluster Management: Implement KubeSphere for centralized management.
- 2. Security Enhancements: Integrate Kubernetes RBAC and network policies.
- 3. Performance Monitoring: Use Grafana and Prometheus for real-time tracking.
- 4. Advanced CI/CD Features: Implement GitHub Actions for automated testing and deployment.