

QUESTION BANK

COMPUTER ORGANISATION AND ARCHITECTURE (KCA-105)

CO1

- 1) Differentiate between single bus and double bus structure.
- 2) Define system bus. Write different bus arbitration methods.
- 3) List and explain different addressing modes with suitable examples.
- 4) Explain the functional units of computer system.
- 5) What is stack organization? Compare register stack and memory stack.
- 6) Explain the different type of buses.
- 7) Multiply (-14) and (9) using booth's algorithm. Give flowchart of the process.
- 8) Explain the addressing modes.
- 9) Write short notes on:
 - i. Arithmetic and Logic Unit
 - ii. Control Unit
 - iii. Input/Output
- 10) What is Bus Arbitration. Give one scheme to implement bus arbitration.

CO2

- 1) What is carry look ahead adder?
- 2) Q.7 Explain the booth's algorithm in depth with the help of flow chart. Give an example for multiplication using booth's algorithm.
- 3) Q.8 Define IEEE standard for floating point numbers.
- 4) Q.9 What is addition and subtraction algorithm? Explain with example.
- 5) Q.10 Multiply (-7) and (+3) using Booth's algorithm. Register size is 5.
- 6) What is meant by instruction? Explain instruction set Architecture? Give examples.
- 7) Perform the 2's complement subtraction of smaller number(101011) from larger number(111001).
- 8) Draw a diagram to implement manual multiplication algorithm.
- 9) How floating point addition is implemented. Explain briefly with a neat diagram.
- 10) Define carry propagation delay.

CO3

- 1) Define Data path.
- 2) Define Latency and throughput.
- 3) Draw and explain typical hardware control unit.
- 4) Draw and explain about micro program control unit.
- 5) What is a data register and address register?
- 6) What is Pipelining?
- 7) Explain the four basic types of operations that need to be supported by an instruction set?
- 8) Define conditional code/ status registers in computer organization?
- 9) Explain a procedure to handle an interrupt?

- 10) Differentiate the following
- a) Microprogrammed control unit vs hardwired control unit
 - b) Horizontal vs vertical microprogramming
 - c) Parallelism vs pipelining
 - d) External vs internal interrupt

CO4

- 1) What is Memory system? Give classification of memory.
- 2) Define cache.
- 3) What is SRAM and DRAM?
- 4) What is address translation page fault routine, page fault and demand paging?
- 5) What are the enhancements used in the memory management?
- 6) Define the term LRU and LFU.
- 7) List the advantages of write through cache.
- 8) Explain load and store architecture in microprocessor?
- 9) Distinguish between a synchronous and an asynchronous data transfer mechanisms?
- 10) Differentiate synchronous and asynchronous communication?

CO5

- 1) What is DMA?
- 2) List out the types of interrupts. Discuss file access mechanisms.
- 3) What is the need for DMA transfer?
- 4) List down the functions performed by an Input/Output unit.
- 5) What is I/O control method?
- 6) Distinguish between memory mapped I/O and I/O mapped I/O?
- 7) Discuss how DMA have priority over the CPU while memory transfer in CPU?
- 8) Discuss memory mapped I/O in computer organization?
- 9) Explain different hazards in pipeline concept while an instruction is transferd?
- 10) Explain the following
 - a) Cycle stealing
 - b) Vectored vs Non vectored interrupt
 - c) Priority interrupt