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Section: 22BCS_IOT_620-A **Date:** 24-12-24

DOMAIN WINTER WINNING CAMP-Day(4)

1) MinStack

```
Code:
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
using namespace std;
class MinStack {
 stack<int> s,
   minStack;
public:
  void push(int val) {
    s.push(val);
    if
   (minStack.empty()
   || val <=
   minStack.top()) {
   minStack.push(val);
    }
  }
  void pop() {
    if (s.top() ==
```

```
minStack.top()) {
       minStack.pop();
    }
    s.pop();
  }
  int top() {
    return s.top();
  }
  int getMin() {
   return
   minStack.top();
  }
};
int main() {
  MinStack minStack;
  int n, operation, val;
  cout << "Enter
  number of
  operations: ";
  cin >> n;
  for (int i = 0; i < n;
   ++i) {
    cout << "Choose
   operation (1: push,
   2: pop, 3: top, 4:
```

```
getMin): ";
  cin >> operation;
  if (operation == 1)
{
    cout << "Enter
value to push: ";
    cin >> val;
 minStack.push(val);
  } else if (operation
== 2) {
    minStack.pop();
  } else if (operation
== 3) {
    cout << "Top: "
<< minStack.top()
<< endl;
  } else if (operation
== 4) {
    cout <<
 "Minimum: " <<
minStack.getMin()
<< endl;
  }
}
return 0;
```

}

```
moin.cpp C3 & Share Run Output

1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <stack>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 class MinStack {
6 stack<int> s, minStack;
7
8 public:
9 - void push(int val) {
10 s.push(val);
11 - if (minStack.empty() || val <= minStack.top()) {
12 minStack.push(val);
13 }
14 }
15 }
```

2) Balanced Brackets

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
using namespace std;
bool isBalanced(string s) {
  stack<char> st;
  for (char c:s) {
    if (c == '(' || c == '{' || c == '[') {
       st.push(c);
     } else {
       if (st.empty()) return false;
       if ((c == ')' && st.top() != '(') ||
          (c == '}' && st.top() != '{') | |
          (c == ']' \&\& st.top() != '[')) {
          return false;
       }
       st.pop();
     }
  return st.empty();
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter number of bracket strings to check: ";
  cin >> n;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
```

```
string s;
  cout << "Enter string: ";
  cin >> s;
  cout << (isBalanced(s) ? "YES" : "NO") << endl;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
[] 🔅
                                                             ∝ Share
main.cpp
                                                                             Run
                                                                                          Output
                                                                                        Enter number of bracket strings to check: 1
                                                                                        Enter string: at
3 using namespace std;
                                                                                        NO
5 - bool isBalanced(string s) {
         stack<char> st;
         for (char c : s) {
    if (c == '(' || c == '{' || c == '[') {
                   st.push(c);
               } else {
10
                    if (st.empty()) return false;
                   if ((c == ')' && st.top() != '(') ||
    (c == '}' && st.top() != '{'} ||
    (c == ']' && st.top() != '[')) {
14
```

3) Evaluate

Reverse Polish

Notation

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int
   evalRPN(vector<strin
   g>& tokens) {
  stack<int> st;
  for (string& token:
   tokens) {
    if (token == "+" ||
   token == "-" || token
   == "*" || token ==
   "/") {
      int b = st.top();
   st.pop();
      int a = st.top();
   st.pop();
      if (token == "+")
   st.push(a + b);
       else if (token == "-
    ") st.push(a - b);
       else if (token ==
    "*") st.push(a * b);
       else if (token ==
    "/") st.push(a / b);
    } else {
```

```
st.push(stoi(token));
    }
  }
  return st.top();
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter number
   of tokens: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<string>
  tokens(n);
  cout << "Enter the
   tokens: ";
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    cin >> tokens[i];
  }
  cout << "Result: " <<
   evalRPN(tokens) <<
   endl;
  return 0;
   }
```

```
main.cpp
                                                         ∝ Share
                                                                                      Output
                                                                                    Enter number of tokens: 5
                                                                                   Enter the tokens: 2
   using namespace std;
                                                                                   3
6 - int evalRPN(vector<string>& tokens) {
                                                                                    Result: 9
        stack<int> st;
        for (string& token : tokens) {
             if (token == "+" || token == "-" || token == "*" ||
                  token == "/") {
                  int b = st.top(); st.pop();
                  int a = st.top(); st.pop();
                  if (token == "+") st.push(a + b);
                  else if (token == "-") st.push(a - b);
else if (token == "*") st.push(a * b);
else if (token == "/") st.push(a / b);
```

4) Longest Valid Parentheses

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
using namespace std;

int longestValidParentheses(string s) {
    stack<int> st;
    st.push(-1);
    int maxLength = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); ++i) {
    if (s[i] == '(') {
        st.push(i);
    } else {
        st.pop();
        if (st.empty()) {
            st.push(i);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int
poisonousPlants(vector
<int>& p) {
  vector<int>
days(p.size(), 0);
  vector<int> stack;
  int maxDays = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i <
p.size(); ++i) {
    int day = 0;
    while
(!stack.empty() &&
p[stack.back()] >= p[i]) {
      day = max(day,
days[stack.back()]);
stack.pop_back();
    }
    if (!stack.empty()) {
      days[i] = day + 1;
    }
    stack.push_back(i);
    maxDays =
max(maxDays, days[i]);
```

```
}
  return maxDays;
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter
number of plants: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> p(n);
  cout << "Enter
pesticide levels: ";
  for (int i = 0; i < n;
++i) cin >> p[i];
  cout << "Days until
no plants die: " <<
poisonousPlants(p) <<
endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
∝ Share
main.cpp
                                     [] 🔅
                                                                        Output
                                                                      Enter number of plants: 7
                                                                      Enter pesticide levels: 6
3 using namespace std;
5 - int poisonousPlants(vector<int>& p) {
       vector<int> days(p.size(), 0);
6
                                                                      10
       vector<int> stack;
8
       int maxDays = 0;
                                                                      Days until no plants die: 2
10
       for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); ++i) {
           int day = 0;
           while (!stack.empty() && p[stack.back()] >= p[i]) {
               day = max(day, days[stack.back()]);
               stack.pop_back();
```

6) Implement Queue Using Stacks

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
using namespace std;
class MyQueue {
  stack<int> inStack, outStack;
  void transfer() {
    while (!inStack.empty()) {
      outStack.push(inStack.top());
      inStack.pop();
    }
  }
public:
  void push(int x) {
    inStack.push(x);
  }
  int pop() {
    if (outStack.empty()) transfer();
    int val = outStack.top();
    outStack.pop();
    return val;
  }
  int peek() {
```

```
if (outStack.empty()) transfer();
    return outStack.top();
  }
  bool empty() {
    return inStack.empty() && outStack.empty();
  }
};
int main() {
  MyQueue q;
  int n, op, x;
  cout << "Enter number of operations: ";
  cin >> n;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    cout << "Choose operation (1: push, 2: pop, 3: peek, 4: empty): ";
    cin >> op;
    if (op == 1) {
       cout << "Enter value to push: ";
       cin >> x;
       q.push(x);
    else if (op == 2) {
       cout << "Popped: " << q.pop() << endl;</pre>
    } else if (op == 3) {
       cout << "Front: " << q.peek() << endl;</pre>
    } else if (op == 4) {
       cout << "Empty: " << (q.empty() ? "Yes" : "No") << endl;
    }
  return 0;
}
```

7) Reverse a Queue Using Recursion

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;
void reverseQueue(queue<int>& q) {
  if (q.empty()) return;
  int front = q.front();
  q.pop();
  reverseQueue(q);
  q.push(front);
}
int main() {
  int n, val;
  queue<int> q;
  cout << "Enter number of elements in the queue: ";
  cin >> n;
  cout << "Enter elements: ";
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    cin >> val;
    q.push(val);
  reverseQueue(q);
  cout << "Reversed queue: ";
  while (!q.empty()) {
    cout << q.front() << " ";
    q.pop();
  return 0;
```

```
∝ Share
                                                                        Output
main.cpp
                                                                      Enter number of elements in the queue: 5
                                                                       Enter elements: 1 5 2 9 0
                                                                      Reversed queue: 0 9 2 5 1
3 using namespace std;
5 void reverseQueue(queue<int>& q) {
       if (q.empty()) return;
       int front = q.front();
       q.pop();
       reverseQueue(q);
10
       q.push(front);
13 int main() {
14
       int n, val;
       queue<int> q;
```

8) Sliding Window Maximum

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <deque>
using namespace std;
vector<int> maxSlidingWindow(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
  deque<int> dq;
  vector<int> result;
  for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); ++i) {
    if (!dq.empty() \&\& dq.front() == i - k) dq.pop_front();
    while (!dq.empty() && nums[dq.back()] < nums[i]) dq.pop_back();</pre>
    dq.push_back(i);
    if (i >= k - 1) result.push_back(nums[dq.front()]);
  }
  return result;
}
int main() {
  int n, k;
  cout << "Enter number of elements: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> nums(n);
  cout << "Enter elements: ";
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) cin >> nums[i];
  cout << "Enter window size: ";</pre>
  cin >> k;
  vector<int> result = maxSlidingWindow(nums, k);
  cout << "Sliding window maximums: ";</pre>
```

```
for (int x : result) cout << x << " ";
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
main.cpp
                                      [] ☆ & Share
                                                                          Output
                                                                        Enter number of elements: 5
2 #include <vector:
3 #include <deque>
                                                                        Enter elements: 1 5 2 9 0
                                                                        Enter window size: 4
                                                                        Sliding window maximums: 9 9
6 - vector<int> maxSlidingWindow(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
      deque<int> dq;
       vector<int> result;
     for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); ++i) {
           if (!dq.empty() && dq.front() == i - k) dq.pop_front();
           while (!dq.empty() && nums[dq.back()] < nums[i]) dq</pre>
               .pop_back();
           dq.push_back(i);
```

9) Circular Queue Simulation

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
// Function to calculate the number of students unable to eat
int studentsUnableToEat(vector<int>& students, vector<int>& sandwiches) {
  queue<int> studentQueue;
 for (int s : students) {
    studentQueue.push(s);
 }
  int i = 0, count = 0;
  while (!studentQueue.empty() && count < studentQueue.size()) {
    if (studentQueue.front() == sandwiches[i]) {
      studentQueue.pop();
      ++i;
      count = 0;
    } else {
      studentQueue.push(studentQueue.front());
      studentQueue.pop();
      ++count;
    }
  }
  return studentQueue.size();
```

```
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter the number of students (and sandwiches): ";</pre>
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> students(n), sandwiches(n);
  cout << "Enter the students' preferences (0 for circular, 1 for square): ";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     cin >> students[i];
  }
  cout << "Enter the sandwiches stack (0 for circular, 1 for square): ";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
     cin >> sandwiches[i];
  }
  int result = studentsUnableToEat(students, sandwiches);
  cout << "Number of students unable to eat: " << result << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
main.cpp

1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <queue>
3 #include <vector>
4 using namespace std;
5
6 // Function to calculate the number of students unable to eat
7- int studentsUnableToEat(vector<int>& students) {
8 queue<int> studentQueue;
9- for (int s: studentQueue;
9- for (int s: studentQueue;
1 to studentQueue push(s);
11 }

Clear

Cutput

Clear

Cher the number of students (and sandwiches): 4
Enter the number of students (of for circular, 1 for square): 1 1 0 0
Enter the sandwiches stack (0 for circular, 1 for square): 0 1 0 1
Number of students unable to eat: 0

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

10) Zuma Game

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unordered map>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
// Helper function to reduce the board by removing groups of 3 or more consecutive balls
string reduceBoard(string board) {
  int n = board.size();
  bool reduced = true;
  while (reduced) {
    reduced = false;
    int i = 0;
    while (i < n) {
      int j = i;
      while (j < n \&\& board[i] == board[j]) \{
         j++;
      }
      // If there are 3 or more consecutive balls, remove them
      if (i - i >= 3) {
         board = board.substr(0, i) + board.substr(j);
         n = board.size();
         reduced = true;
      } else {
         i = j;
      }
    }
  return board;
// Helper function for DFS
int dfs(string board, unordered_map<char, int>& hand) {
  board = reduceBoard(board);
  if (board.empty()) return 0;
  int minSteps = INT_MAX, n = board.size();
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    int j = i;
    while (j < n \&\& board[i] == board[j]) {
      j++;
```

```
}
    int need = 3 - (j - i);
    if (hand[board[i]] >= need) {
       hand[board[i]] -= need;
       int steps = dfs(board.substr(0, i) + board.substr(j), hand);
       if (steps != -1) {
         minSteps = min(minSteps, steps + need);
      }
       hand[board[i]] += need;
    }
  }
  return minSteps == INT MAX? -1: minSteps;
}
// Main function to calculate the minimum steps to clear the board
int findMinStep(string board, string hand) {
  unordered map<char, int> handCount;
  for (char c : hand) {
    handCount[c]++;
  }
  return dfs(board, handCount);
}
int main() {
  string board, hand;
  cout << "Enter the board string (e.g., WRRBBW): ";
  cin >> board;
  cout << "Enter the hand string (e.g., RB): ";
  cin >> hand;
  int result = findMinStep(board, hand);
  if (result == -1) {
    cout << "It is impossible to clear the board." << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Minimum steps to clear the board: " << result << endl;</pre>
  }
  return 0;
}
```

```
main.cpp [] 🔆 & Share Run Output

1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <unordered_map>
3 #include <string>
4 #include <climits>
6 using namespace std;

7

8 // Helper function to reduce the board by removing groups of 3 or more consecutive balls

9 * string reduceBoard(string board) {

int n = board.size();

11 bool reduced = true;
```