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DOMAIN WINTER WINNING CAMP-Day(5)

1) Search No.

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int searchNumber(vector<int>& arr, int k) {
  for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {
    if (arr[i] == k) return i + 1; // 1-based indexing
  }
  return -1;
}
int main() {
  int n, k;
  cout << "Enter the size of the array: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> arr(n);
  cout << "Enter elements of the array: ";
  for (int& num: arr) cin >> num;
  cout << "Enter the number to search: ";
  cin >> k;
  int result = searchNumber(arr, k);
  if (result != -1)
    cout << "First occurrence at position: " << result << endl;</pre>
  else
    cout << "Number not found in the array." << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

2) Sorted Array Search

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
// Function to
perform binary
search
bool
binarySearch(vector<
int>& arr, int target) {
  int left = 0, right =
arr.size() - 1;
  while (left <= right)
{
    int mid = left +
(right - left) / 2;
    if (arr[mid] ==
target) return true;
// Target found
    else if (arr[mid] <
target) left = mid + 1;
// Search in the right
half
    else right = mid -
1;
Search in the left half
  return false; //
```

```
Target not found
}
int main() {
  int n, target;
  cout << "Enter the
size of the array: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> arr(n);
  cout << "Enter
elements of the
sorted array: ";
  for (int& num: arr)
cin >> num;
  cout << "Enter the
target to search: ";
  cin >> target;
  if
(binarySearch(arr,
target))
    cout << "Target</pre>
is present in the
array." << endl;
  else
    cout << "Target
is not present in the
array." << endl;
  return 0;
```

3) Find First and Last Position of Element

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
// Function to find the first occurrence of the target
int findFirst(vector<int>& arr, int target) {
  int left = 0, right = arr.size() - 1, result = -1;
  while (left <= right) {
     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
     if (arr[mid] == target) {
       result = mid;
       right = mid - 1; // Search in the left half for earlier occurrences
     } else if (arr[mid] < target) {
       left = mid + 1;
    } else {
       right = mid - 1;
     }
  }
  return result;
}
// Function to find the last occurrence of the target
int findLast(vector<int>& arr, int target) {
  int left = 0, right = arr.size() - 1, result = -1;
  while (left <= right) {
     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
     if (arr[mid] == target) {
       result = mid;
       left = mid + 1; // Search in the right half for later occurrences
    } else if (arr[mid] < target) {
       left = mid + 1;
    } else {
       right = mid - 1;
  }
```

```
return result;
}
int main() {
  int n, target;
  cout << "Enter the size of the array: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> arr(n);
  cout << "Enter elements of the sorted array: ";
  for (int& num: arr) cin >> num;
  cout << "Enter the target to find: ";
  cin >> target;
  int first = findFirst(arr, target);
  int last = findLast(arr, target);
  if (first != -1 && last != -1) {
     cout << "First occurrence at index: " << first << endl;</pre>
     cout << "Last occurrence at index: " << last << endl;</pre>
  } else {
     cout << "Target not found in the array." << endl;</pre>
  }
  return 0;
}
```

4) Squares of a Sorted Array

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
vector<int> sortedSquares(vector<int>& nums) {
  for (int& num: nums) num *= num;
  sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
  return nums;
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter the size of the array: ";</pre>
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> nums(n);
  cout << "Enter the elements: ";
  for (int& num: nums) cin >> num;
  vector<int> result = sortedSquares(nums);
  cout << "Sorted squares: ";</pre>
  for (int val : result) cout << val << " ";
  cout << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
main.cpp

1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 #include <algorithm>
4 using namespace std;
5
6 vector<int> sortedSquares(vector<int>& nums) {
7 for (int& num : nums) num *= num;
8 sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
9 return nums;
10 }
11
```

5) Search in a 2D Matrix

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
bool searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix, int target) {
  int rows = matrix.size(), cols = matrix[0].size();
  int left = 0, right = rows * cols - 1;
  while (left <= right) {
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    int midVal = matrix[mid / cols][mid % cols];
    if (midVal == target) return true;
    else if (midVal < target) left = mid + 1;
    else right = mid - 1;
  return false;
}
int main() {
  int rows, cols, target;
  cout << "Enter rows and columns: ";
  cin >> rows >> cols;
  vector<vector<int>> matrix(rows, vector<int>(cols));
  cout << "Enter elements row by row:\n";
  for (auto& row: matrix) {
    for (int& val : row) cin >> val;
```

```
cout << "Enter the target: ";
cin >> target;

if (searchMatrix(matrix, target)) cout << "Target found.\n";
else cout << "Target not found.\n";

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
main.cpp
                                                  ∝ Share
                                                                          Output
                                                                        Enter rows and columns: 3 4
                                                                        Enter elements row by row:
3 using namespace std;
                                                                        1 3 5 7
                                                                        10 11 16 20
5 - bool searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>>& matrix, int target) {
                                                                        23 30 34 60
       int rows = matrix.size(), cols = matrix[0].size();
                                                                        Enter the target: 3
       int left = 0, right = rows * cols - 1;
                                                                        Target found.
       while (left <= right) {</pre>
           int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
10
           int midVal = matrix[mid / cols][mid % cols];
           if (midVal == target) return true;
           else if (midVal < target) left = mid + 1;</pre>
           else right = mid - 1;
```

6) Median of Two Sorted Arrays

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
double findMedianSortedArrays(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>& nums2) {
  vector<int> merged(nums1.begin(), nums1.end());
  merged.insert(merged.end(), nums2.begin(), nums2.end());
  sort(merged.begin(), merged.end());
  int n = merged.size();
  if (n \% 2 == 0) return (merged[n / 2 - 1] + merged[n / 2]) / 2.0;
  else return merged[n / 2];
}
int main() {
  int n1, n2;
  cout << "Enter size of first array: ";</pre>
  cin >> n1;
  vector<int> nums1(n1);
  cout << "Enter first array: ";</pre>
  for (int& num: nums1) cin >> num;
  cout << "Enter size of second array: ";</pre>
  cin >> n2;
  vector<int> nums2(n2);
  cout << "Enter second array: ";</pre>
  for (int& num: nums2) cin >> num;
  cout << "Median: " << findMedianSortedArrays(nums1, nums2) << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

```
∝ Share
                                                                      Output
                                                                    Enter size of first array: 5
                                                                    Enter first array: 1 5 2 9 0
2 #include <vector>
                                                                    Enter size of second array: 5
4 using namespace std;
                                                                    Enter second array: 1 5 2 7 6
                                                                    Median: 3.5
6 double findMedianSortedArrays(vector<int>& nums1, vector<int>&
      vector<int> merged(nums1.begin(), nums1.end());
     merged.insert(merged.end(), nums2.begin(), nums2.end());
      sort(merged.begin(), merged.end());
      int n = merged.size();
      if (n % 2 == 0) return (merged[n / 2 - 1] + merged[n / 2])
      else return merged[n / 2];
```

7) Merge K Sorted Lists

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
struct ListNode {
  int val;
  ListNode* next;
  ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
};
struct Compare {
  bool operator()(ListNode* a, ListNode* b) {
    return a->val > b->val;
 }
};
ListNode* mergeKLists(vector<ListNode*>& lists) {
  priority_queue<ListNode*, vector<ListNode*>, Compare> pq;
 for (auto node : lists) {
    if (node) pq.push(node);
  }
  ListNode* dummy = new ListNode(0);
  ListNode* tail = dummy;
```

```
while (!pq.empty()) {
    ListNode* curr = pq.top();
    pq.pop();
    tail->next = curr;
    tail = tail->next;
    if (curr->next) pq.push(curr->next);
  return dummy->next;
}
// Helper functions to create and print a linked list
ListNode* createList(vector<int>& nums) {
  ListNode* head = nullptr, *tail = nullptr;
  for (int num: nums) {
    ListNode* newNode = new ListNode(num);
    if (!head) head = tail = newNode;
    else {
      tail->next = newNode;
      tail = newNode;
    }
  }
  return head;
}
void printList(ListNode* head) {
  while (head) {
    cout << head->val << " ";
    head = head->next;
  }
  cout << endl;
}
int main() {
  int k;
  cout << "Enter the number of linked lists: ";
  cin >> k;
  vector<ListNode*> lists(k);
  for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i) {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter size of list " << i + 1 << ": ";
    cin >> n;
    vector<int> nums(n);
    cout << "Enter elements: ";
```

```
for (int& num : nums) cin >> num;
  lists[i] = createList(nums);
}

ListNode* merged = mergeKLists(lists);
cout << "Merged list: ";
printList(merged);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
[] 🌣
                                               ∝ Share
main.cpp
                                                                      Output
                                                                     Enter the number of linked lists: 3
                                                                     Enter size of list 1: 3
                                                                     Enter elements: 1 4 5
                                                                     Enter size of list 2: 3
                                                                     Enter elements: 1 3 4
6 - struct ListNode {
                                                                    Enter size of list 3: 2
       int val;
                                                                     Enter elements: 2 6
                                                                     Merged list: 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6
       ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
12 struct Compare {
       bool operator()(ListNode* a, ListNode* b) {
```

8) Find Minimum in Rotated Sorted Array II

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int findMin(vector<int>& nums) {
  int left = 0, right = nums.size() - 1;
  while (left < right) {
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    if (nums[mid] > nums[right]) {
      left = mid + 1;
    } else if (nums[mid] < nums[right]) {
       right = mid;
    } else {
      right--;
    }
  return nums[left];
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter size of the array: ";</pre>
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> nums(n);
  cout << "Enter elements: ";
  for (int& num: nums) cin >> num;
  cout << "Minimum element: " << findMin(nums) << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

9) Sort Even and Odd Indices Independently

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
vector<int> sortEvenOdd(vector<int>& nums) {
  vector<int> even, odd;
  for (int i = 0; i < nums.size(); ++i) {
    if (i % 2 == 0) even.push back(nums[i]);
    else odd.push_back(nums[i]);
  }
  sort(even.begin(), even.end());
  sort(odd.rbegin(), odd.rend());
  vector<int> result(nums.size());
  for (int i = 0, e = 0, o = 0; i < nums.size(); ++i) {
    result[i] = (i % 2 == 0) ? even[e++] : odd[o++];
  return result;
}
int main() {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter size of the array: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> nums(n);
  cout << "Enter elements: ";
  for (int& num: nums) cin >> num;
```

```
vector<int> result = sortEvenOdd(nums);
cout << "Sorted array: ";
for (int num : result) cout << num << " ";
cout << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

10) Sorted GCD Pair Queries

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include < numeric>
using namespace std;
// Function to calculate all GCD pairs and sort them
vector<int> calculateSortedGCDPairs(vector<int>& nums) {
  vector<int> gcdPairs;
  int n = nums.size();
  // Calculate GCD for all pairs (nums[i], nums[j]) where i < j
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j) {
      gcdPairs.push_back(gcd(nums[i], nums[j]));
    }
  }
  // Sort the GCD pairs
  sort(gcdPairs.begin(), gcdPairs.end());
  return gcdPairs;
}
// Function to handle the queries
vector<int> processQueries(vector<int>& gcdPairs, vector<int>& queries) {
  vector<int> results;
  for (int q : queries) {
    if (q \ge 0 \& q < gcdPairs.size()) {
       results.push_back(gcdPairs[q]);
    } else {
       results.push back(-1); // Invalid query index
    }
  return results;
}
int main() {
  cout << "Enter the size of the array: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> nums(n);
```

```
cout << "Enter elements of the array: ";
for (int& num: nums) cin >> num;
cout << "Enter the number of queries: ";
cin >> q;
vector<int> queries(q);
cout << "Enter query indices: ";
for (int& query: queries) cin >> query;
// Calculate sorted GCD pairs
vector<int> gcdPairs = calculateSortedGCDPairs(nums);
// Process the queries
vector<int> results = processQueries(gcdPairs, queries);
// Output the results
cout << "Query results: ";
for (int res: results) cout << res << " ";
cout << endl;
return 0;
```

```
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1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 #include <algorithm>
4 #include <numeric>
5 using namespace std;
6
7 // Function to calculate all GCD pairs and sort them
8- vector<int> calculatesortedGCDPairs(vector<int>& nums) {
9     vector<int> calculate GCD for all pairs (nums[i], nums[j]) where i <
j
11
12     // Calculate GCD for all pairs (nums[i], nums[j]) where i <
j
13- for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
14-     for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j) {

Enter the size of the array: 3
Enter elements of the array: 2 3 4
Enter the number of queries: 3
Enter query indices: 0 2 2
Query results: 1 2 2

=== Code Execution Successful ===

13- for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j) {
```