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**SEC: 620 B** 

```
Q1. Binary Order Traversal
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
void inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root) {
if (root == NULL) return;
inorderTraversal(root->left); cout <<
root->val << " ";
inorderTraversal(root->right);
}
int main() {
```

```
TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
root->left = new TreeNode(2); root->right
= new TreeNode(3); root->left->left =
new TreeNode(4); root->left->right = new
TreeNode(5);

cout << "Inorder Traversal: ";
inorderTraversal(root); // Output: 4 2 5 1 3 cout
<< endl;
return 0;
}
Output:</pre>
```

#### Inorder Traversal: 4 2 5 1 3

### **Q2. Count Complete Tree Node**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath> using
namespace std; struct
TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
```

```
TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
int getHeight(TreeNode* node) {
int height = 0; while (node) {
height++;
               node = node-
>left;
  }
  return height;
}
int countNodes(TreeNode* root) {
                      int leftHeight = getHeight(root-
  if (!root) return 0;
        int rightHeight = getHeight(root->right);
>left);
                                                     if
(leftHeight == rightHeight) {
                                  return (1 < <
leftHeight) + countNodes(root->right);
  } else {
     return (1 << rightHeight) + countNodes(root->left); }
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
root->left = new TreeNode(2);
                                 root->right
= new TreeNode(3); root->left->left =
```

```
new TreeNode(4); root->left->right = new
TreeNode(5); root->right->left = new
TreeNode(6);

cout << "Number of nodes: " << countNodes(root) << endl; // Output:
    return 0;
}
Output:
    Number of nodes: 6</pre>
```

## **Q3. Binary Tree – Find Maximum Depth**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm> using
namespace std; struct
TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
```

```
int maxDepth(TreeNode* root) {
  if (!root) return 0; int leftDepth =
maxDepth(root->left);
                        int rightDepth =
maxDepth(root->right);
                         return 1 +
max(leftDepth, rightDepth);
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(3);
root->left = new TreeNode(9);
                              root->right
= new TreeNode(20); root->right->left =
new TreeNode(15); root->right->right =
new TreeNode(7);
  cout << "Maximum Depth: " << maxDepth(root) << endl; // Output: 3</pre>
  return 0;
}
Output:
 Maximum Depth: 3
```

## **Q4. Binary Order Pre Traversal**

#include <iostream>

```
#include <vector>
#include <stack> using
namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
vector<int> preorderTraversal(TreeNode* root) {
                     if (root == NULL) return
vector<int> result;
         stack<TreeNode*> stk;
result:
stk.push(root);
  while (!stk.empty()) {
                            TreeNode*
node = stk.top();
                      stk.pop();
result.push_back(node->val);
                                  if (node-
>right) stk.push(node->right);
                                    if
(node->left) stk.push(node->left);
  }
  return result;
}
int main() {
```

```
TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
root->left = new TreeNode(2); root->right
= new TreeNode(3); root->left->left =
new TreeNode(4); root->left->right = new
TreeNode(5);
  vector<int> result = preorderTraversal(root);
  cout << "Preorder Traversal: ";</pre>
for (int val : result) {
                        cout
<< val << " ";
  }
  cout << endl;
  return 0;
}
Output:
 Preorder Traversal: 1 2 4 5 3
```

### Q5. Binary Tree - Sum of all Nodes

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue> using
namespace std;
```

```
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
int sumOfNodes(TreeNode* root) {
if (root == NULL) return 0;
sum = 0; queue<TreeNode*> q;
  q.push(root);
  while (!q.empty()) {
     TreeNode* current = q.front();
     q.pop();
                  sum += current->val;
if (current->left) q.push(current->left);
                                           if
(current->right) q.push(current->right);
  }
  return sum;
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
root->left = new TreeNode(2);
                                 root->right
= new TreeNode(3); root->left->left =
```

```
new TreeNode(4);
                  root->left->right = new
             root->right->right = new
TreeNode(5);
TreeNode(6);
  cout << "Sum of all nodes: " << sumOfNodes(root) << endl; // Output:</pre>
21
  return 0;
}
Output:
Sum of all nodes: 21
Q6. Same Tree
#include <iostream>
#include <queue> using
namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
```

TreeNode\* left;

TreeNode\* right;

TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}

```
};
bool isSameTree(TreeNode* p, TreeNode* q) {
queue < TreeNode* > qp, qq; qp.push(p);
qq.push(q);
            while (!qp.empty() &&
!qq.empty()) {
    TreeNode* nodeP = qp.front(); qp.pop();
    TreeNode* nodeQ = qq.front(); qq.pop();
    if (!nodeP && !nodeQ) continue;
                                        if (!nodeP || !nodeQ ||
                                           qp.push(nodeP-
nodeP->val != nodeQ->val) return false;
           ap.push(nodeP->right);
                                      qq.push(nodeQ->left);
>left);
qq.push(nodeQ->right);
  }
  return qp.empty() && qq.empty();
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* p = new TreeNode(1);
                                   p->left = new
TreeNode(2); p->right = new TreeNode(3);
TreeNode* q = new TreeNode(1);
                                q->left = new
TreeNode(2); q->right = new TreeNode(3);
<< (isSameTree(p, q) ? "true" : "false") << endl;
```

return 0:

}

```
true
=== Code Execution Successful
```

### **Q7. Invert Binary Tree**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue> using
namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
TreeNode* invertTree(TreeNode* root) {
if (root == NULL) return NULL;
queue<TreeNode*> q;
  q.push(root);
                  while
(!q.empty()) {
                  TreeNode*
node = q.front();
    q.pop();
```

```
TreeNode* temp = node->left;
node->left = node->right;
                                node-
                    if (node->left)
>right = temp;
q.push(node->left);
                         if (node-
>right) q.push(node->right);
  }
  return root;
}
void printLevelOrder(TreeNode* root) {
if (root == NULL) return;
queue<TreeNode*> q;
  q.push(root);
                  while
                  TreeNode*
(!q.empty()) {
node = q.front();
     q.pop();
                  if (node) {
cout << node->val << " ";
       q.push(node->left);
       q.push(node->right);
              cout << "null
} else {
     }
  }
}
```

```
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(4);
>left = new TreeNode(2);
                             root->right = new
TreeNode(7);
               root->left->left = new
TreeNode(1); root->left->right = new
TreeNode(3); root->right->left = new
TreeNode(6);
                root->right->right = new
TreeNode(9);
  cout << "Original tree (level order): ";
printLevelOrder(root); cout << endl;</pre>
  root = invertTree(root);
                            cout <<
"Inverted tree (level order): ";
printLevelOrder(root); cout << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
Output:
 Original tree (level order): 4 2 7 1 3 6 9 null null null
    null null null null
 Inverted tree (level order): 4 7 2 9 6 3 1 null null null
    null null null null null
```

#### Q8. Path Sum

#include <iostream>

```
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
bool hasPathSum(TreeNode* root, int sum) {
(root == NULL) return false; if (root->left ==
NULL && root->right == NULL) {
                                  return sum
== root->val;
  }
  int remainingSum = sum - root->val;
  return hasPathSum(root->left, remainingSum) ||
hasPathSum(root>right, remainingSum);
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(5);
root->left = new TreeNode(4);
                                root->right
= new TreeNode(8); root->left->left =
new TreeNode(11);
                     root->right->left =
new TreeNode(13);
                     root->right->right =
```

```
new TreeNode(4); root->left->left =
new TreeNode(7); root->left->left->right
= new TreeNode(2); root->right->right-
>right = new TreeNode(1);

int targetSum = 22; if (hasPathSum(root, targetSum)) {
cout << "Path with sum " << targetSum << " exists." << endl;
} else {
   cout << "No path with sum " << targetSum << " exists." << endl;
}
return 0;
}
Output:</pre>
```

```
Path with sum 22 exists.

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

#### **Q9. Construct Binary Tree from Preorder and Inorder Traversal**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <vector> using
namespace std;
```

```
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
TreeNode* buildTreeHelper(vector<int>& preorder, int preStart, int
preEnd, vector<int>& inorder, int inStart, int inEnd, unordered_map<int,
                       if (preStart > preEnd || inStart > inEnd) return
int>& inorderMap) {
         int rootVal = preorder[preStart];
NULL;
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(rootVal);
int inRootIndex = inorderMap[rootVal];
                                           int
leftTreeSize = inRootIndex - inStart;
  root->left = buildTreeHelper(preorder, preStart + 1, preStart +
leftTreeSize, inorder, inStart, inRootIndex - 1, inorderMap);
>right = buildTreeHelper(preorder, preStart + leftTreeSize + 1,
preEnd, inorder, inRootIndex + 1, inEnd, inorderMap);
                                                          return root;
}
TreeNode* buildTree(vector<int>& preorder, vector<int>& inorder) {
unordered_map<int, int> inorderMap;
  for (int i = 0; i < inorder.size(); i++) {
     inorderMap[inorder[i]] = i;
  }
  return buildTreeHelper(preorder, 0, preorder.size() - 1, inorder, 0,
inorder.size() - 1, inorderMap);
```

```
}
void printlnorder(TreeNode* root) {
if (root == NULL) return;
printlnorder(root->left); cout <<</pre>
root->val << " ";
printlnorder(root->right);
}
int main() { vector<int> preorder = {3,
9, 20, 15, 7}; vector<int> inorder = {9,
3, 15, 20, 7};
  TreeNode* root = buildTree(preorder, inorder);
  cout << "Inorder of the constructed tree: ";
printlnorder(root); cout << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
Output:
 Inorder of the constructed tree: 9 3 15 20 7
      Code Execution Successful ===
```

#### **Q10. Lowest Common Ancestor Binary Tree**

```
#include <iostream> using
namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(NULL), right(NULL) {}
};
class Solution { public:
  TreeNode* lowestCommonAncestor(TreeNode* root, TreeNode* p,
                    if (root == NULL || root == p || root == q) {
TreeNode* q) {
return root;
     }
     TreeNode* left = lowestCommonAncestor(root->left, p, q);
     TreeNode* right = lowestCommonAncestor(root->right, p, q);
     if (left != NULL && right != NULL) {
return root;
     }
     return (left != NULL) ? left : right;
  }
};
```

```
TreeNode* createTree() { TreeNode* root =
new TreeNode(3);
                    root->left = new
               root->right = new
TreeNode(5);
               root->left->left = new
TreeNode(1);
TreeNode(6);
               root->left->right = new
              root->right->left = new
TreeNode(2);
TreeNode(0);
               root->right->right = new
TreeNode(8);
               root->left->right->left = new
TreeNode(7);
               root->left->right->right = new
TreeNode(4);
               return root;
}
int main() {
  Solution solution;
  TreeNode* root = createTree();
  TreeNode* p = root->left;
  TreeNode* q = root->right;
  TreeNode* lca = solution.lowestCommonAncestor(root, p, q);
  if (lca!= NULL) { cout << "The LCA of " << p->val << " and " <<
q->val << " is " << lca->val << endl;
  } else {
    cout << "No common ancestor found." << endl;</pre>
  }
  return 0;
}
```

# Output:

```
The LCA of 5 and 1 is 3

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```