



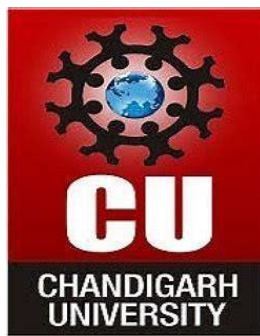
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Department of Computer Science & Engineering

(BE-CSE)



WINTER DOMAIN CAMP

Date : 29 /12 /2024

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DAY 8(29/12/24)

PROBLEM 1

Objective: N-th Tribonacci Number

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int tribonacci(int n) {
    if (n == 0) return 0;
    if (n == 1 || n == 2) return 1;
    int t0 = 0, t1 = 1, t2 = 1, t3;
    for (int i = 3; i <= n; ++i) {
        t3 = t0 + t1 + t2; //  $T_{n+3} = T_n + T_{n+1} + T_{n+2}$ 
        t0 = t1; // update t0 to the next value
        t1 = t2; // update t1 to the next value
        t2 = t3; // update t2 to the next value
    }
    return t2;
}
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number n: ";
    cin >> n;
    cout << "The " << n << "th Tribonacci number is: " << tribonacci(n) << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a number n: 4
The 4th Tribonacci number is: 4
```

PROBLEM 2

Objective: Divisor Game

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

bool canWin(int n) {
    vector<bool> dp(n + 1, false); // dp[i] will be true if the player can win starting with i

    // Iterate over all values from 2 to n
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; ++i) {
        // Check all possible moves
        for (int x = 1; x < i; ++x) {
            if (i % x == 0 && !dp[i - x]) {
                dp[i] = true; // The current player can win by making the move i - x
                break;
            }
        }
    }

    return dp[n];
}

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter the value of n: ";
    cin >> n;

    if (canWin(n)) {
        cout << "Alice wins!" << endl;
    } else {
        cout << "Bob wins!" << endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter the value of n: 2
Alice wins!
```

PROBLEM 3

Objective: Maximum Repeating Substring

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

int maxRepeating(string sequence, string word) {
    int k = 0;
    string temp = word;

    // Keep concatenating word to itself and check if it's a substring of sequence
    while (sequence.find(temp) != string::npos) {
        k++;
        temp += word; // Concatenate word to temp
    }

    return k;
}

int main() {
    string sequence, word;
    cout << "Enter sequence: ";
    cin >> sequence;
    cout << "Enter word: ";
    cin >> word;

    int result = maxRepeating(sequence, word);
    cout << "Maximum k-repeating value: " << result << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter sequence: ababc
Enter word: ab
Maximum k-repeating value: 2
```

PROBLEM 4

Objective: Pascal's Triangle II

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

vector<int> getRow(int rowIndex) {
    vector<int> row(rowIndex + 1, 1); // Initialize the row with all 1s

    // Iterate through each index starting from 1 up to rowIndex
    for (int i = 1; i <= rowIndex / 2; ++i) {
        // Use the property of Pascal's triangle: row[i] = row[i-1] * (rowIndex - i + 1) / i
        row[i] = row[i - 1] * (rowIndex - i + 1) / i;
        row[rowIndex - i] = row[i]; // The row is symmetric, so copy the value to the other half
    }

    return row;
}

int main() {
    int rowIndex;
    cout << "Enter row index: ";
    cin >> rowIndex;

    vector<int> result = getRow(rowIndex);
    cout << "Row " << rowIndex << " of Pascal's Triangle: ";
    for (int val : result) {
        cout << val << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter row index: 3
Row 3 of Pascal's Triangle: 1 3 3 1
```

PROBLEM 5

Objective: Maximum Repeating Substring

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

int maxRepeating(string sequence, string word) {
    int k = 0;
    string temp = word;

    // Keep concatenating the word and check if it is a substring of sequence
    while (sequence.find(temp) != string::npos) {
        k++;
        temp += word; // Concatenate word to temp
    }

    return k;
}

int main() {
    string sequence, word;
    cout << "Enter sequence: ";
    cin >> sequence;
    cout << "Enter word: ";
    cin >> word;

    int result = maxRepeating(sequence, word);
    cout << "Maximum k-repeating value: " << result << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter sequence: apple
Enter word: a
Maximum k-repeating value: 1
```

PROBLEM 6

Objective: Climbing Stairs

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

int climbStairs(int n) {
    if (n == 1) return 1;
    if (n == 2) return 2;

    int first = 1, second = 2;
    for (int i = 3; i <= n; i++) {
        int next = first + second; // Ways to reach current step
        first = second; // Update first to second
        second = next; // Update second to next
    }

    return second; // second holds the number of ways to reach the nth step
}

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter the number of steps: ";
    cin >> n;

    int result = climbStairs(n);
    cout << "Number of distinct ways to climb to the top: " << result << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter the number of steps: 2
Number of distinct ways to climb to the top: 2
```

PROBLEM 7

Objective: Pascal's Triangle

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
vector<vector<int>> generate(int numRows) {
    vector<vector<int>> triangle;
    for (int i = 0; i < numRows; ++i) {
        vector<int> row(i + 1, 1);
        for (int j = 1; j < i; ++j) {
            row[j] = triangle[i - 1][j - 1] + triangle[i - 1][j];
        }
        triangle.push_back(row); // Add the row to the triangle
    }
    return triangle;
}
int main() {
    int numRows;
    cout << "Enter the number of rows: ";
    cin >> numRows;
    vector<vector<int>> result = generate(numRows);
    cout << "Pascal's Triangle:" << endl;
    for (const auto& row : result) {
        for (int val : row) {
            cout << val << " ";
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter the number of rows: 5
Pascal's Triangle:
1
1 1
1 2 1
1 3 3 1
1 4 6 4 1
```


PROBLEM 8

Objective: Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

int maxProfit(vector<int>& prices) {
    int min_price = prices[0];
    int max_profit = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < prices.size(); i++) {
        int profit = prices[i] - min_price;
        max_profit = max(max_profit, profit);
        min_price = min(min_price, prices[i]);
    }
    return max_profit;
}

int main() {
    vector<int> prices;
    int n, price;
    cout << "Enter the number of days: ";
    cin >> n;
    cout << "Enter the prices: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> price;
        prices.push_back(price);
    }
    int result = maxProfit(prices);
    cout << "Maximum profit: " << result << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter the number of days: 5
Enter the prices: 7 1 5 3 6 4
Maximum profit: 5
```

PROBLEM 9

Objective: Counting Bits

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

vector<int> countBits(int n) {
    vector<int> ans(n + 1, 0); // Initialize the array with zeros

    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        ans[i] = ans[i & (i - 1)] + 1; // Use the recurrence relation
    }

    return ans;
}

int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number: ";
    cin >> n;

    vector<int> result = countBits(n);

    // Output the result
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        cout << result[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter a number: 5
0 1 1 2 1 2
```

PROBLEM 10

Objective: Is Subsequence

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

bool isSubsequence(string s, string t) {
    int i = 0, j = 0;
    while (i < s.size() && j < t.size()) {
        if (s[i] == t[j]) {
            i++;
        }
        j++;
    }
    return i == s.size();
}

int main() {
    string s, t;
    cout << "Enter string s: ";
    cin >> s;
    cout << "Enter string t: ";
    cin >> t;

    if (isSubsequence(s, t)) {
        cout << "True" << endl;
    } else {
        cout << "False" << endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter string s: abc
Enter string t: ahbgdc
True
```

PROBLEM 11

Objective: Longest Palindromic Substring

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

string expandAroundCenter(const string &s, int left, int right) {
    while (left >= 0 && right < s.size() && s[left] == s[right]) {
        left--;
        right++;
    }
    return s.substr(left + 1, right - left - 1);
}

string longestPalindrome(string s) {
    if (s.empty()) return "";
    string longest = "";
    for (int i = 0; i < s.size(); i++) {
        string oddPalindrome = expandAroundCenter(s, i, i);
        if (oddPalindrome.size() > longest.size()) {
            longest = oddPalindrome;
        }
        string evenPalindrome = expandAroundCenter(s, i, i + 1);
        if (evenPalindrome.size() > longest.size()) {
            longest = evenPalindrome;
        }
    }
    return longest;
}

int main() {
    string s;
    cout << "Enter the string: ";
    cin >> s;
    string result = longestPalindrome(s);
    cout << "The longest palindromic substring is: " << result << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

```
Enter the string: babad
The longest palindromic substring is: bab
```

PROBLEM 12

Objective: Generate Parentheses

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
void generateParenthesisHelper(int open, int close, int n, string current, vector<string>& result) {
    if (current.length() == 2 * n) {
        result.push_back(current);
        return;
    }
    if (open < n) {
        generateParenthesisHelper(open + 1, close, n, current + "(", result);
    }
    if (close < open) {
        generateParenthesisHelper(open, close + 1, n, current + ")", result);
    }
}
vector<string> generateParenthesis(int n) {
    vector<string> result;
    generateParenthesisHelper(0, 0, n, "", result);
    return result;
}
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter the number of pairs of parentheses: ";
    cin >> n;
    vector<string> result = generateParenthesis(n);
    cout << "Generated parentheses combinations: \n";
    for (const string& s : result) {
        cout << s << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Output
Enter the number of pairs of parentheses: 3
Generated parentheses combinations:
((()))
(()())
()(())
()()()
()()()
```

PROBLEM 13

Objective: Jump Game

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

bool canJump(vector<int>& nums) {
    int n = nums.size();
    int maxReach = 0; // The furthest index we can reach

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        // If the current index is greater than the maximum reachable index, return false
        if (i > maxReach) {
            return false;
        }
        // Update the maximum reachable index
        maxReach = max(maxReach, i + nums[i]);
        // If we can reach the last index, return true
        if (maxReach >= n - 1) {
            return true;
        }
    }
    return false;
}

int main() {
    vector<int> nums1 = {2, 3, 1, 1, 4};
    vector<int> nums2 = {3, 2, 1, 0, 4};

    cout << (canJump(nums1) ? "true" : "false") << endl; // Output: true
    cout << (canJump(nums2) ? "true" : "false") << endl; // Output: false

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

true
false

PROBLEM 14

Objective: Minimum Path Sum

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int minPathSum(vector<vector<int>>& grid) {
    int m = grid.size();
    int n = grid[0].size();
    vector<vector<int>> dp(m, vector<int>(n, 0));
    dp[0][0] = grid[0][0];
    for (int i = 1; i < m; i++) {
        dp[i][0] = dp[i - 1][0] + grid[i][0];
    }
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
        dp[0][j] = dp[0][j - 1] + grid[0][j];
    }
    for (int i = 1; i < m; i++) {
        for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
            dp[i][j] = min(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]) + grid[i][j];
        }
    }
    return dp[m - 1][n - 1]; // The bottom-right corner holds the minimum path sum
}
int main() {
    vector<vector<int>> grid1 = {{1, 3, 1}, {1, 5, 1}, {4, 2, 1}};
    vector<vector<int>> grid2 = {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}};

    cout << minPathSum(grid1) << endl; // Output: 7
    cout << minPathSum(grid2) << endl; // Output: 12

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output

7

12

PROBLEM 15

Objective: Given an integer n, return the least number of perfect square numbers that sum to n.

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;

int numSquares(int n) {
    vector<int> dp(n + 1, INT_MAX);
    dp[0] = 0;

    // Fill the dp array
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int j = 1; j * j <= i; j++) {
            dp[i] = min(dp[i], dp[i - j * j] + 1);
        }
    }

    return dp[n]; // The result will be stored at dp[n]
}

int main() {
    int n1 = 12;
    int n2 = 13;

    cout << numSquares(n1) << endl; // Output: 3
    cout << numSquares(n2) << endl; // Output: 2

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Output
3
2

PROBLEM 16

Objective: Maximal Rectangle

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
int maximalRectangle(vector<vector<char>>& matrix) {
if (matrix.empty() || matrix[0].empty()) {
return 0; }
int rows = matrix.size();
int cols = matrix[0].size();
vector<int> heights(cols, 0);
int maxArea = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < rows; ++i) {
for (int j = 0; j < cols; ++j) {
if (matrix[i][j] == '1') {
heights[j] += 1;
} else {
heights[j] = 0;
}}
maxArea = max(maxArea, largestRectangleArea(heights));
}
return maxArea; }
private:
int largestRectangleArea(vector<int>& heights) {
stack<int> s;
heights.push_back(0); // Sentinel to ensure stack is emptied
int maxArea = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < heights.size(); ++i) {
while (!s.empty() && heights[i] < heights[s.top()]) {
int h = heights[s.top()];
s.pop();
int width = s.empty() ? i : i - s.top() - 1;
maxArea = max(maxArea, h * width);
}
s.push(i);
}
return maxArea;
};
int main() {
Solution solution;
vector<vector<char>> matrix = {
{'1', '0', '1', '0', '0'}, {'1', '0', '1', '1', '1'}, {'1', '1', '1', '1', '1'}, {'1', '0', '0', '1', '0'}
```

```

};
cout << "Maximum rectangle area: " << solution.maximalRectangle(matrix) << endl;
return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output

Maximum rectangle area: 6

PROBLEM 17

Objective: Dungeon Game

Code:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int minimalInitialHealth(vector<vector<int>>& dungeon) {
        int m = dungeon.size();
        int n = dungeon[0].size();

        vector<vector<int>> dp(m, vector<int>(n, 0));
        dp[m - 1][n - 1] = max(1, 1 - dungeon[m - 1][n - 1]);

        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            dp[i][n - 1] = max(1, dp[i + 1][n - 1] - dungeon[i][n - 1]);
        }

        for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
            dp[m - 1][j] = max(1, dp[m - 1][j + 1] - dungeon[m - 1][j]);
        }

        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
                dp[i][j] = max(1, min(dp[i + 1][j], dp[i][j + 1]) - dungeon[i][j]);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        return dp[0][0];
    }
};

int main() {
    Solution solution;
    vector<vector<int>> dungeon = {
        {-2, -3, 3},
        {-5, -10, 1},
        {10, 30, -5}
    };
    cout << "Minimum initial health: " << solution.minimalInitialHealth(dungeon) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output

```
Minimum initial health: 7
```

PROBLEM 18

Objective: Number of Digit One

Code:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
    int minimalInitialHealth(vector<vector<int>>& dungeon) {
        int m = dungeon.size();
        int n = dungeon[0].size();
        vector<vector<int>> dp(m, vector<int>(n, 0));
        dp[m - 1][n - 1] = max(1, 1 - dungeon[m - 1][n - 1]);
        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            dp[i][n - 1] = max(1, dp[i + 1][n - 1] - dungeon[i][n - 1]);
        }
        for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {

```

```

        dp[m - 1][j] = max(1, dp[m - 1][j + 1] - dungeon[m - 1][j]);
    }

    for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
        for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
            dp[i][j] = max(1, min(dp[i + 1][j], dp[i][j + 1]) - dungeon[i][j]);
        }
    }
    return dp[0][0];
}

int countDigitOne(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    for (long long place = 1; place <= n; place *= 10) {
        long long divisor = place * 10;
        count += (n / divisor) * place + min(max(n % divisor - place + 1, 0LL), place);
    }
    return count;
}

int main() {
    Solution solution;
    vector<vector<int>> dungeon = {
        {-2, -3, 3},
        {-5, -10, 1},
        {10, 30, -5}
    };
    cout << "Minimum initial health: " << solution.minimalInitialHealth(dungeon) << endl;
    int n = 13;
    cout << "Total number of digit 1 appearing in numbers <= " << n << ": " <<
    solution.countDigitOne(n) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output

Minimum initial health: 7

Total number of digit 1 appearing in numbers <= 13: 6

PROBLEM 19

Objective: Burst Balloons

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int minimalInitialHealth(vector<vector<int>>& dungeon) {
        int m = dungeon.size();
        int n = dungeon[0].size();
        vector<vector<int>> dp(m, vector<int>(n, 0));
        dp[m - 1][n - 1] = max(1, 1 - dungeon[m - 1][n - 1]);

        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            dp[i][n - 1] = max(1, dp[i + 1][n - 1] - dungeon[i][n - 1]);
        }
        for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
            dp[m - 1][j] = max(1, dp[m - 1][j + 1] - dungeon[m - 1][j]);
        }
        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
                dp[i][j] = max(1, min(dp[i + 1][j], dp[i][j + 1]) - dungeon[i][j]);
            }
        }

        return dp[0][0];
    }

    int countDigitOne(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (long long place = 1; place <= n; place *= 10) {
            long long divisor = place * 10;
            count += (n / divisor) * place + min(max(n % divisor - place + 1, 0LL), place);
        }
        return count;
    }

    int maxCoins(vector<int>& nums) {
        int n = nums.size();
        vector<int> balloons(n + 2, 1);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
            balloons[i + 1] = nums[i];
        }
    }
};
```

```

vector<vector<int>>> dp(n + 2, vector<int>(n + 2, 0));

for (int length = 1; length <= n; ++length) {
    for (int left = 1; left <= n - length + 1; ++left) {
        int right = left + length - 1;
        for (int k = left; k <= right; ++k) {
            dp[left][right] = max(dp[left][right],
                                   dp[left][k - 1] + balloons[left - 1] * balloons[k] * balloons[right + 1] +
                                   dp[k + 1][right]);
        }
    }
}

return dp[1][n];
};

int main() {
    Solution solution;

    // Dungeon Game Example
    vector<vector<int>>> dungeon = {
        {-2, -3, 3},
        {-5, -10, 1},
        {10, 30, -5}
    };
    cout << "Minimum initial health: " << solution.minimalInitialHealth(dungeon) << endl;

    // Count Digit One Example
    int n = 13;
    cout << "Total number of digit 1 appearing in numbers <= " << n << ": " <<
    solution.countDigitOne(n) << endl;

    // Burst Balloons Example
    vector<int> nums = {3, 1, 5, 8};
    cout << "Maximum coins from bursting balloons: " << solution.maxCoins(nums) << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output

Minimum initial health: 7

Total number of digit 1 appearing in numbers <= 13: 6

Maximum coins from bursting balloons: 167

PROBLEM 20

Objective: Longest Increasing Path in a Matrix

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int minimalInitialHealth(vector<vector<int>>& dungeon) {
        int m = dungeon.size();
        int n = dungeon[0].size();

        vector<vector<int>> dp(m, vector<int>(n, 0));
        dp[m - 1][n - 1] = max(1, 1 - dungeon[m - 1][n - 1]);

        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            dp[i][n - 1] = max(1, dp[i + 1][n - 1] - dungeon[i][n - 1]);
        }

        for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
            dp[m - 1][j] = max(1, dp[m - 1][j + 1] - dungeon[m - 1][j]);
        }

        for (int i = m - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
            for (int j = n - 2; j >= 0; --j) {
                dp[i][j] = max(1, min(dp[i + 1][j], dp[i][j + 1]) - dungeon[i][j]);
            }
        }

        return dp[0][0];
    }

    int countDigitOne(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (long long place = 1; place <= n; place *= 10) {
            long long divisor = place * 10;
            count += (n / divisor) * place + min(max(n % divisor - place + 1, 0LL), place);
        }
        return count;
    }

    int maxCoins(vector<int>& nums) {
```

```

int n = nums.size();
vector<int> balloons(n + 2, 1);
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    balloons[i + 1] = nums[i];
}

vector<vector<int>> dp(n + 2, vector<int>(n + 2, 0));

for (int length = 1; length <= n; ++length) {
    for (int left = 1; left <= n - length + 1; ++left) {
        int right = left + length - 1;
        for (int k = left; k <= right; ++k) {
            dp[left][right] = max(dp[left][right],
                                   dp[left][k - 1] + balloons[left - 1] * balloons[k] * balloons[right + 1] +
                                   dp[k + 1][right]);
        }
    }
}

return dp[1][n];
}

int longestIncreasingPath(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
    int m = matrix.size(), n = matrix[0].size();
    vector<vector<int>> dp(m, vector<int>(n, -1));
    int directions[4][2] = {{0, 1}, {1, 0}, {0, -1}, {-1, 0}};

    function<int(int, int)> dfs = [&](int i, int j) {
        if (dp[i][j] != -1) return dp[i][j];

        int maxPath = 1;
        for (auto& dir : directions) {
            int x = i + dir[0], y = j + dir[1];
            if (x >= 0 && x < m && y >= 0 && y < n && matrix[x][y] > matrix[i][j]) {
                maxPath = max(maxPath, 1 + dfs(x, y));
            }
        }

        dp[i][j] = maxPath;
        return maxPath;
    };

    int result = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
            result = max(result, dfs(i, j));
        }
    }

    return result;
}

```



```

};

int main() {
    Solution solution;

    // Dungeon Game Example
    vector<vector<int>> dungeon = {
        {-2, -3, 3},
        {-5, -10, 1},
        {10, 30, -5}
    };
    cout << "Minimum initial health: " << solution.minimalInitialHealth(dungeon) << endl;

    // Count Digit One Example
    int n = 13;
    cout << "Total number of digit 1 appearing in numbers <= " << n << ": " <<
    solution.countDigitOne(n) << endl;

    // Burst Balloons Example
    vector<int> nums = {3, 1, 5, 8};
    cout << "Maximum coins from bursting balloons: " << solution.maxCoins(nums) << endl;

    // Longest Increasing Path in Matrix Example
    vector<vector<int>> matrix = {
        {9, 9, 4},
        {6, 6, 8},
        {2, 1, 1}
    };
    cout << "Longest increasing path: " << solution.longestIncreasingPath(matrix) << endl;

    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output

```

Minimum initial health: 7
Total number of digit 1 appearing in numbers <= 13: 6
Maximum coins from bursting balloons: 167
Longest increasing path: 4

```

PROBLEM 21

Objective: Cherry Pickup

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <unordered_set>
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int cherryPickup(vector<vector<int>>> & grid) {
        int n = grid.size();
        vector<vector<vector<int>>> dp(n, vector<vector<int>>(n, vector<int>(n, INT_MIN)));
        dp[0][0][0] = grid[0][0];

        for (int t = 1; t < 2 * n - 1; ++t) {
            vector<vector<vector<int>>> newDp(n, vector<vector<int>>(n, vector<int>(n,
INT_MIN)));
            for (int x1 = max(0, t - (n - 1)); x1 <= min(n - 1, t); ++x1) {
                for (int x2 = max(0, t - (n - 1)); x2 <= min(n - 1, t); ++x2) {
                    int y1 = t - x1;
                    int y2 = t - x2;

                    if (y1 >= n || y2 >= n || grid[x1][y1] == -1 || grid[x2][y2] == -1) {
                        continue;
                    }

                    int cherries = grid[x1][y1];
                    if (x1 != x2) {
                        cherries += grid[x2][y2];
                    }

                    for (int px1 = x1 - 1; px1 <= x1; ++px1) {
                        for (int px2 = x2 - 1; px2 <= x2; ++px2) {
                            if (px1 >= 0 && px2 >= 0) {
                                newDp[x1][x2][t % n] = max(newDp[x1][x2][t % n], dp[px1][px2][(t - 1) % n]
+ cherries);
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
            dp = move(newDp);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        return max(0, dp[n - 1][n - 1][(2 * n - 2) % n]);
    }
};

int main() {
    Solution solution;
    vector<vector<int>> grid = {{0, 1, -1}, {1, 0, -1}, {1, 1, 1}};
    cout << "Maximum cherries: " << solution.cherryPickup(grid) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output
Maximum cherries: 5

PROBLEM 22

Objective: Sliding Puzzle

Code:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <unordered_set>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int slidingPuzzle(vector<vector<int>>& board) {
        string target = "123450";
        string start = "";
        for (auto& row : board) {
            for (auto& num : row) {
                start += to_string(num);
            }
        }

        vector<vector<int>> neighbors = {
            {1, 3}, {0, 2, 4}, {1, 5}, {0, 4}, {1, 3, 5}, {2, 4}

```

```

};

queue<pair<string, int>> q;
unordered_set<string> visited;
q.push({start, 0});
visited.insert(start);

while (!q.empty()) {
    auto [cur, steps] = q.front();
    q.pop();

    if (cur == target) {
        return steps;
    }

    int zeroPos = cur.find('0');
    for (int neighbor : neighbors[zeroPos]) {
        string next = cur;
        swap(next[zeroPos], next[neighbor]);
        if (!visited.count(next)) {
            q.push({next, steps + 1});
            visited.insert(next);
        }
    }
}

return -1;
}
};

int main() {
    Solution solution;
    vector<vector<int>> board = {{1, 2, 3}, {4, 0, 5}};
    cout << "Minimum moves: " << solution.slidingPuzzle(board) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output

Minimum moves: 1

PROBLEM 23

Objective: Race Car

Code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <unordered_set>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int racecar(int target) {
        queue<pair<int, int>> q;
        unordered_set<string> visited;

        q.push({0, 1}); // {position, speed}
        visited.insert("0,1");

        int steps = 0;
        while (!q.empty()) {
            int size = q.size();
            for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
                auto [pos, speed] = q.front();
                q.pop();

                if (pos == target) return steps;

                // Accelerate
                int newPos = pos + speed;
                int newSpeed = speed * 2;
                string state = to_string(newPos) + "," + to_string(newSpeed);

                if (abs(newPos) <= 2 * target && !visited.count(state)) {
                    q.push({newPos, newSpeed});
                    visited.insert(state);
                }

                // Reverse
                newSpeed = speed > 0 ? -1 : 1;
                state = to_string(pos) + "," + to_string(newSpeed);

                if (!visited.count(state)) {
                    q.push({pos, newSpeed});
                    visited.insert(state);
                }
            }
            ++steps;
        }
    }
};
```

```

    }

    return -1;
}
};

int main() {
    Solution solution;
    int target = 6;
    cout << "Minimum steps: " << solution.racecar(target) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output
Minimum steps: 5

PROBLEM 24

Objective: Super Egg Drop

Code:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    int superEggDrop(int k, int n) {
        vector<vector<int>>> dp(k + 1, vector<int>(n + 1, 0));
        int moves = 0;

        while (dp[k][moves] < n) {
            ++moves;
            for (int eggs = 1; eggs <= k; ++eggs) {
                dp[eggs][moves] = dp[eggs - 1][moves - 1] + dp[eggs][moves - 1] + 1;
            }
        }

        return moves;
    }
};

```

```

    }
};
int main() {
    Solution solution;
    int k = 3, n = 14;
    cout << "Minimum moves: " << solution.superEggDrop(k, n) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Output
Minimum moves: 4

PROBLEM 25

Objective: Number of Music Playlists

Code:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
    int numMusicPlaylists(int n, int goal, int k) {
        const int MOD = 1e9 + 7;
        vector<vector<long long>> dp(goal + 1, vector<long long>(n + 1, 0));
        dp[0][0] = 1;

        for (int i = 1; i <= goal; ++i) {
            for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j) {
                dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] * (n - (j - 1)) % MOD;
                if (j > k) {
                    dp[i][j] = (dp[i][j] + dp[i - 1][j] * (j - k) % MOD) % MOD;
                }
            }
        }

        return dp[goal][n];
    }
};
int main() {

```

```
Solution solution;  
int n = 3, goal = 3, k = 1;  
cout << "Number of playlists: " << solution.numMusicPlaylists(n, goal, k) << endl;  
return 0;  
}
```

Output:

Output

Number of playlists: 6