DAY-6

```
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```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode() : val(0), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
  TreeNode(int x): val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
  TreeNode(int x, TreeNode* left, TreeNode* right): val(x),
left(left), right(right) {}
};
void inorderTraversalHelper(TreeNode* root, vector<int>&
result) {
  if (root == nullptr) {
    return;
  inorderTraversalHelper(root->left, result);
```

```
result.push back(root->val);
  inorderTraversalHelper(root->right, result);
}
vector<int> inorderTraversal(TreeNode* root) {
  vector<int> result;
  inorderTraversalHelper(root, result);
  return result;
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
  root->right = new TreeNode(2);
  root->right->left = new TreeNode(3);
  vector<int> result = inorderTraversal(root);
for (int val : result) {
    cout << val << " ";
delete root->right->left;
  delete root->right;
  delete root;
  return 0;
}
Output:
```

```
1 3 2
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(): val(0), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
  TreeNode(int x, TreeNode* left, TreeNode* right): val(x),
left(left), right(right) {}
};
int computeDepth(TreeNode* node) {
  int depth = 0;
  while (node) {
    depth++;
    node = node->left;
  }
  return depth;
}
int countNodes(TreeNode* root) {
  if (!root) return 0;
  int leftDepth = computeDepth(root->left);
  int rightDepth = computeDepth(root->right);
  if (leftDepth == rightDepth) {
    return (1 << leftDepth) + countNodes(root->right);
```

```
} else {
    return (1 << rightDepth) + countNodes(root->left);
  }
}
int main() {
  // Example usage:
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
  root->left = new TreeNode(2);
  root->right = new TreeNode(3);
  root->left->left = new TreeNode(4);
  root->left->right = new TreeNode(5);
  root->right->left = new TreeNode(6);
  cout << "Number of nodes: " << countNodes(root) << endl;</pre>
  delete root->left->left;
  delete root->left->right;
  delete root->right->left;
  delete root->left;
  delete root->right;
  delete root;
  return 0;
}
```

```
Number of nodes: 6
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Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val:
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode() : val(0), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
  TreeNode(int x, TreeNode* left, TreeNode* right): val(x),
left(left), right(right) {}
};
int maxDepth(TreeNode* root) {
  if (!root) return 0;
  int leftDepth = maxDepth(root->left);
  int rightDepth = maxDepth(root->right);
  return max(leftDepth, rightDepth) + 1;
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(1);
  root->left = new TreeNode(2);
  root->right = new TreeNode(3);
  root->left->left = new TreeNode(4);
  root->left->right = new TreeNode(5);
  root->right->right = new TreeNode(6);
  cout << "Maximum Depth: " << maxDepth(root) << endl;</pre>
  delete root->left->left;
```

```
delete root->left->right;
  delete root->right->right;
  delete root->left;
  delete root->right;
  delete root;

return 0;
}
```

```
Maximum Depth: 3
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Question 4

preStart, int preEnd,

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <unordered_map>
using namespace std;

struct TreeNode {
   int val;
   TreeNode* left;
   TreeNode right;
   TreeNode(): val(0), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
   TreeNode(int x): val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
   TreeNode(int x, TreeNode* left, TreeNode* right): val(x), left(left), right(right) {}
};
```

TreeNode* buildTreeHelper(vector<int>& preorder, int

```
vector<int>& inorder, int inStart, int inEnd,
              unordered_map<int, int>& inorderIndexMap) {
  if (preStart > preEnd | | inStart > inEnd) {
    return nullptr;
  }
  int rootVal = preorder[preStart];
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(rootVal);
  int rootIndex = inorderIndexMap[rootVal];
  int leftSubtreeSize = rootIndex - inStart;
  root->left = buildTreeHelper(preorder, preStart + 1, preStart
+ leftSubtreeSize,
                  inorder, inStart, rootIndex - 1,
inorderIndexMap);
  root->right = buildTreeHelper(preorder, preStart +
leftSubtreeSize + 1, preEnd,
                   inorder, rootIndex + 1, inEnd,
inorderIndexMap);
  return root;
}
TreeNode* buildTree(vector<int>& preorder, vector<int>&
inorder) {
  unordered_map<int, int> inorderIndexMap;
  for (int i = 0; i < inorder.size(); i++) {
    inorderIndexMap[inorder[i]] = i;
  }
  return buildTreeHelper(preorder, 0, preorder.size() - 1,
```

```
inorder, 0, inorder.size() - 1,
                inorderIndexMap);
}
void printlnorder(TreeNode* root) {
  if (!root) return;
  printlnorder(root->left);
  cout << root->val << " ";
  printlnorder(root->right);
}
int main() {
  vector<int> preorder = {3, 9, 20, 15, 7};
  vector<int> inorder = {9, 3, 15, 20, 7};
  TreeNode* root = buildTree(preorder, inorder);
  cout << "Inorder traversal of the constructed tree: ";</pre>
  printInorder(root);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Inorder traversal of the constructed tree: 9 3 15 20 7

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int val;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
  TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
};
TreeNode* lowestCommonAncestor(TreeNode* root,
TreeNode* p, TreeNode* q) {
  if (!root) return nullptr;
  if (root == p | | root == q) return root;
  TreeNode* left = lowestCommonAncestor(root->left, p, q);
  TreeNode* right = lowestCommonAncestor(root->right, p, q);
  if (left && right) {
    return root;
  }
  return left ? left : right;
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(3);
  root->left = new TreeNode(5);
  root->right = new TreeNode(1);
  root->left->left = new TreeNode(6);
  root->left->right = new TreeNode(2);
  root->right->left = new TreeNode(0);
  root->right->right = new TreeNode(8);
  root->left->right->left = new TreeNode(7);
  root->left->right->right = new TreeNode(4);
```

```
TreeNode* p = root->left;
TreeNode* q = root->left->right->right;

TreeNode* lca = lowestCommonAncestor(root, p, q);
if (lca) {
    cout << "Lowest Common Ancestor of " << p->val << " and
" << q->val << " is: " << lca->val << endl;
} else {
    cout << "No common ancestor found." << endl;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Lowest Common Ancestor of 5 and 4 is: 5

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
   int val;
   TreeNode* left;
   TreeNode right;
   TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
};
vector<vector<int>> levelOrder(TreeNode* root) {
```

```
vector<vector<int>> result:
  if (!root) return result;
  queue<TreeNode*> q;
  q.push(root);
  while (!q.empty()) {
    int levelSize = q.size();
    vector<int> currentLevel;
    for (int i = 0; i < levelSize; i++) {
       TreeNode* node = q.front();
      q.pop();
       currentLevel.push back(node->val);
      if (node->left) q.push(node->left);
      if (node->right) q.push(node->right);
    }
    result.push_back(currentLevel);
  }
  return result;
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(3);
  root->left = new TreeNode(9);
  root->right = new TreeNode(20);
  root->right->left = new TreeNode(15);
  root->right->right = new TreeNode(7);
  vector<vector<int>> traversal = levelOrder(root);
  cout << "Level Order Traversal:" << endl;</pre>
  for (const auto& level: traversal) {
    for (int val : level) {
      cout << val << " ":
```

```
}
    cout << endl;
}
return 0;
}
```

```
Level Order Traversal:
3
9 20
15 7
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
   int val;
   TreeNode* left;
   TreeNode* right;
   TreeNode(int x) : val(x), left(nullptr), right(nullptr) {}
};
bool hasPathSum(TreeNode* root, int targetSum) {
   if (!root) return false;
   if (!root->left && !root->right) {
      return root->val == targetSum;
   }
   int remainingSum = targetSum - root->val;
   return hasPathSum(root->left, remainingSum) ||
hasPathSum(root->right, remainingSum);
```

```
}
int main() {
  TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(5);
  root->left = new TreeNode(4);
  root->right = new TreeNode(8);
  root->left->left = new TreeNode(11);
  root->right->left = new TreeNode(13);
  root->right->right = new TreeNode(4);
  root->left->left->left = new TreeNode(7);
  root->left->right = new TreeNode(2);
  root->right->right->right = new TreeNode(1);
  int targetSum = 22;
  if (hasPathSum(root, targetSum)) {
    cout << "Yes, there is a root-to-leaf path with the sum " <<
targetSum << "." << endl;
  } else {
    cout << "No, there is no root-to-leaf path with the sum " <<
targetSum << "." << endl;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

```
Yes, there is a root-to-leaf path with the sum 22.

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <unordered map>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
class UnionFind {
public:
  vector<int> parent, rank;
  UnionFind(int n): parent(n), rank(n, 0) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
       parent[i] = i;
    }
  }
  int find(int x) {
    if (x != parent[x]) {
       parent[x] = find(parent[x]);
    return parent[x];
  }
  void unite(int x, int y) {
    int rootX = find(x);
    int rootY = find(y);
    if (rootX != rootY) {
       if (rank[rootX] > rank[rootY]) {
         parent[rootY] = rootX;
       } else if (rank[rootX] < rank[rootY]) {</pre>
         parent[rootX] = rootY;
       } else {
```

```
parent[rootY] = rootX;
         rank[rootX]++;
      }
    }
  }
};
int numberOfGoodPaths(vector<int>& vals,
vector<vector<int>>& edges) {
  int n = vals.size();
  vector<vector<int>> adj(n);
  for (const auto& edge : edges) {
    adj[edge[0]].push_back(edge[1]);
    adj[edge[1]].push_back(edge[0]);
  vector<int> sortedNodes(n);
  iota(sortedNodes.begin(), sortedNodes.end(), 0);
  sort(sortedNodes.begin(), sortedNodes.end(), [&](int a, int b)
{
    return vals[a] < vals[b];
  });
  UnionFind uf(n);
  unordered map<int, int> count;
  int goodPaths = 0;
  for (int node : sortedNodes) {
    int nodeValue = vals[node];
    count[nodeValue]++;
    goodPaths++;
    for (int neighbor : adj[node]) {
      if (vals[neighbor] <= nodeValue) {</pre>
         uf.unite(node, neighbor);
```

```
}
    }
    unordered map<int, int> componentCount;
    for (int neighbor : adj[node]) {
       if (vals[neighbor] <= nodeValue) {</pre>
         int root = uf.find(neighbor);
         componentCount[root]++;
       }
    }
    for (auto& [_, size] : componentCount) {
       goodPaths += size * (size - 1) / 2;
  }
  return goodPaths;
}
int main() {
  vector<int> vals = \{1, 3, 2, 1, 3\};
  vector<vector<int>> edges = {{0, 1}, {0, 2}, {2, 3}, {2, 4}};
  cout << "Number of good paths: " <<
numberOfGoodPaths(vals, edges) << endl;
  return 0;
```

```
Input:

plaintext

vals = [1, 3, 2, 1, 3]
edges = [[0, 1], [0, 2], [2, 3], [2, 4]]

Output:

plaintext

Number of good paths: 6
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int dfs(int node, const vector<vector<int>>& adj, const string&
s, int& maxPathLength) {
  int longest = 0, secondLongest = 0;
  for (int neighbor : adj[node]) {
    int childPath = dfs(neighbor, adj, s, maxPathLength);
    if (s[node] != s[neighbor]) {
      if (childPath > longest) {
         secondLongest = longest;
         longest = childPath;
      } else if (childPath > secondLongest) {
         secondLongest = childPath;
    }
```

```
}
  maxPathLength = max(maxPathLength, longest +
secondLongest + 1);
  return longest + 1;
}
int longestPath(vector<int>& parent, string s) {
  int n = parent.size();
  vector<vector<int>> adj(n);
  for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
    adj[parent[i]].push_back(i);
  }
  int maxPathLength = 0;
  dfs(0, adj, s, maxPathLength);
  return maxPathLength;
}
int main() {
  vector<int> parent = {-1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2};
  string s = "abacbe";
  cout << "Longest path length: " << longestPath(parent, s) <<</pre>
endl;
  return 0;
Output:
Longest path length: 3
.. Program finished with exit code 0
 ress ENTER to exit console.
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <numeric>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
  int maxComponents = 0;
  int dfs(int node, const vector<vector<int>>& adj, const
vector<int>& values, vector<bool>& visited, int k) {
    visited[node] = true;
    int subtreeSum = values[node];
    for (int neighbor : adj[node]) {
      if (!visited[neighbor]) {
         subtreeSum += dfs(neighbor, adj, values, visited, k);
      }
    }
    if (subtreeSum \% k == 0) {
      maxComponents++;
      return 0;
    }
    return subtreeSum;
  }
  int componentValue(int n, vector<vector<int>>& edges,
vector<int>& values, int k) {
    vector<vector<int>> adj(n);
    for (const auto& edge : edges) {
      adj[edge[0]].push back(edge[1]);
      adj[edge[1]].push_back(edge[0]);
    }
```

```
vector<bool> visited(n, false);
    int totalSum = dfs(0, adj, values, visited, k);
    if (totalSum \% k == 0) {
       maxComponents++;
    }
    return maxComponents;
};
int main() {
  Solution sol;
  int n = 5;
  vector<vector<int>> edges = {{0, 1}, {1, 2}, {1, 3}, {3, 4}};
  vector<int> values = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
  int k = 3;
  int result = sol.componentValue(n, edges, values, k);
  cout << "Maximum number of components: " << result <<
endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
Maximum number of components: 4
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```