

### Q: Display an Adjacency Matrix for a Graph

```
#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

using namespace std;

// Function to display the adjacency matrix
void displayMatrix(const vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
    int n = matrix.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
            cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
}

int main() {
    int vertices, edges;

    // Input number of vertices and edges
    cout << "Enter the number of vertices: ";
    cin >> vertices;
    cout << "Enter the number of edges: ";
    cin >> edges;

    // Initialize adjacency matrix with 0
    vector<vector<int>> adjMatrix(vertices, vector<int>(vertices, 0));

    cout << "Enter edges (format: u v):" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < edges; ++i) {
```

```

int u, v;

cin >> u >> v;

// Set matrix values for undirected graph
adjMatrix[u][v] = 1;
adjMatrix[v][u] = 1; // Since it's undirected
}

// Display the adjacency matrix
cout << "Adjacency Matrix:" << endl;
displayMatrix(adjMatrix);

return 0;
}

```

**Q: Display an Adjacency List for a Graph**

```

#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

using namespace std;

// Function to display the adjacency list
void displayAdjList(const vector<vector<int>>& adjList) {
    for (int i = 0; i < adjList.size(); ++i) {
        cout << i << " -> ";
        for (int j : adjList[i]) {
            cout << j << " ";
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
}

```

```

int main() {
    int vertices, edges;

    // Input number of vertices and edges
    cout << "Enter the number of vertices: ";
    cin >> vertices;
    cout << "Enter the number of edges: ";
    cin >> edges;

    // Initialize adjacency list
    vector<vector<int>> adjList(vertices);

    cout << "Enter edges (format: u v):" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < edges; ++i) {
        int u, v;
        cin >> u >> v;

        // Add edges to adjacency list for undirected graph
        adjList[u].push_back(v);
        adjList[v].push_back(u); // Since it's undirected
    }

    // Display the adjacency list
    cout << "Adjacency List:" << endl;
    displayAdjList(adjList);

    return 0;
}

```

#### **Q: Detect a Cycle in an Undirected Graph**

```

#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

```

```

#include <list>

#include <queue>

using namespace std;

// Function to perform DFS and detect cycle
bool dfs(int node, int parent, vector<bool>& visited, const vector<vector<int>>& adjList) {
    visited[node] = true;
    for (int neighbor : adjList[node]) {
        if (!visited[neighbor]) {
            if (dfs(neighbor, node, visited, adjList)) {
                return true;
            }
        } else if (neighbor != parent) {
            return true; // Cycle detected
        }
    }
    return false;
}

// Function to check for cycle in an undirected graph
bool hasCycle(const vector<vector<int>>& adjList, int vertices) {
    vector<bool> visited(vertices, false);
    for (int i = 0; i < vertices; ++i) {
        if (!visited[i]) {
            if (dfs(i, -1, visited, adjList)) {
                return true;
            }
        }
    }
    return false;
}

```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int vertices, edges;
```

```
    // Input number of vertices and edges
```

```
    cout << "Enter the number of vertices: ";
```

```
    cin >> vertices;
```

```
    cout << "Enter the number of edges: ";
```

```
    cin >> edges;
```

```
    // Initialize adjacency list
```

```
    vector<vector<int>> adjList(vertices);
```

```
    cout << "Enter edges (format: u v):" << endl;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < edges; ++i) {
```

```
        int u, v;
```

```
        cin >> u >> v;
```

```
        // Add edges to adjacency list for undirected graph
```

```
        adjList[u].push_back(v);
```

```
        adjList[v].push_back(u); // Since it's undirected
```

```
    }
```

```
    // Check for cycle
```

```
    if (hasCycle(adjList, vertices)) {
```

```
        cout << "Cycle Detected: Yes" << endl;
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        cout << "Cycle Detected: No" << endl;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

**Q: Find the Shortest Path in an Unweighted Graph using BFS**

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
#include <vector>
```

```
#include <queue>
```

```
#include <stack>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
// Function to find the shortest path using BFS
```

```
void shortestPathBFS(int src, int dest, const vector<vector<int>>& adjList, int vertices) {
```

```
    vector<int> dist(vertices, -1); // Distance array initialized to -1
```

```
    vector<int> parent(vertices, -1); // To store the path
```

```
    queue<int> q;
```

```
    // Start BFS from the source
```

```
    q.push(src);
```

```
    dist[src] = 0;
```

```
    while (!q.empty()) {
```

```
        int node = q.front();
```

```
        q.pop();
```

```
        for (int neighbor : adjList[node]) {
```

```
            if (dist[neighbor] == -1) { // If not visited
```

```
                dist[neighbor] = dist[node] + 1;
```

```
                parent[neighbor] = node;
```

```
                q.push(neighbor);
```

```
            if (neighbor == dest) { // Stop BFS if destination is reached
```

```

        break;
    }
}

}

}

}

// Output results
if (dist[dest] == -1) {
    cout << "No path exists between " << src << " and " << dest << endl;
} else {
    cout << "Shortest path length: " << dist[dest] << endl;
    cout << "Path: ";
    stack<int> path;
    for (int v = dest; v != -1; v = parent[v]) {
        path.push(v);
    }
    while (!path.empty()) {
        cout << path.top();
        path.pop();
        if (!path.empty()) cout << " -> ";
    }
    cout << endl;
}
}

int main() {
    int vertices, edges;

    // Input number of vertices and edges
    cout << "Enter the number of vertices: ";
    cin >> vertices;

```

```

cout << "Enter the number of edges: ";
cin >> edges;

// Initialize adjacency list
vector<vector<int>> adjList(vertices);

cout << "Enter edges (format: u v):" << endl;
for (int i = 0; i < edges; ++i) {
    int u, v;
    cin >> u >> v;

    // Add edges to adjacency list for undirected graph
    adjList[u].push_back(v);
    adjList[v].push_back(u);
}

int src, dest;
cout << "Enter source vertex: ";
cin >> src;
cout << "Enter destination vertex: ";
cin >> dest;

// Find shortest path
shortestPathBFS(src, dest, adjList, vertices);

return 0;
}

```