

## # DAY TWO OF WWC CAMP:

### 1.Selection sort.

Code:-

```
import java.util.*;

public class selectionSort
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int arr[] = inputArray();
        printMethod(arr);
        System.out.println("your sorted array is:-");
        sorting(arr);
    }

    public static int[] inputArray()
    {
        System.out.println("WE ARE IN INPUT STAGE:");
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("enter size of your array:-");
        int size = sc.nextInt();
        int arr[] = new int[size];

        System.out.println("enter value " + (size) + " of your array");
        for(int i = 0; i<size; i++)
        {
            System.out.print("enter " + (i) + ":-" + " ");
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        return arr;
    }
}
```

```
}  
  
public static void printMethod(int arr[])  
{  
    System.out.println("WE ARE ON PRINTING STAGE:");  
    System.out.println("your array is:-");  
    for(int i=0; i<arr.length; i++)  
    {  
        System.out.println(arr[i] + " ");  
    }  
}
```

```
}  
  
public static void sorting(int arr[])  
{  
    System.out.println("WE ARE IN SORTING STAGE:-");  
    System.out.println("your sorted array is:");  
    for(int i=0; i<arr.length-1; i++)  
    {  
        int minIndex = i;  
        for(int j=i+1; j<arr.length; j++)  
        {  
            if(arr[j]<arr[minIndex])  
            {  
                minIndex = j;  
            }  
        }  
        int temp = arr[minIndex];  
        arr[minIndex] = arr[i];  
        arr[i] = temp;  
  
        System.out.print("steps" +(i+1)+":-");  
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

## 2.Bubble sort.

**Code:-**

```
import java.util.*;

public class bubbleSort
{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int arr[] = inputArray();
        printMethod(arr);
        System.out.println("Your sorted array procedure:");
        bubbleSort(arr);
        //System.out.print(Arrays.toString(arr));

    }

    public static int[] inputArray()
    {
        System.out.println("WE ARE NOW TAKING YOUR INPUT: ");
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("enter the size of Array:-");
        int size = sc.nextInt();
        int arr[] = new int[size];
        System.out.println("enter " + size + " numbers:-");
        for(int i = 0; i<size; i++)
```

```

{
    System.out.print("enter " + ( i ) + " :- " + " ");
    arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
}
return arr;
}

public static void printMethod(int arr[])
{
    System.out.println("NOW PRINTING YOUR ARRAY:");
    System.out.println("your filled array elements are:-");
    for(int i=0; i<arr.length; i++)
    {
        System.out.println(arr[i] + " ");
    }

}

public static void bubbleSort(int arr[]){
    for(int i = 0; i<arr.length-1; i++)
    {
        for(int j=0; j<arr.length-1; j++)
        {
            if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
            {
                int temp = arr[j];
                arr[j] = arr[j+1];
                arr[j+1] = temp;
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Step " +(i+1) );
        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
    }
}

```

```
    }  
}
```

### 3.Insertion sort.

Code:-

```
import java.util.Arrays;  
  
public class InsertionSort {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arr = {29, 10, 14, 37, 13};  
  
        System.out.println("Original array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));  
        insertionSort(arr);  
        System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));  
    }  
  
    public static void insertionSort(int[] arr) {  
        for (int i = 1; i < arr.length; i++) {  
            int key = arr[i];  
            int j = i - 1;  
  
            while (j >= 0 && arr[j] > key) {  
                arr[j + 1] = arr[j];  
                j--;  
            }  
  
            arr[j + 1] = key;  
  
            System.out.println("Step " + i + ": " + Arrays.toString(arr));  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
}  
}
```

## 4.Quick sort.

Code:-

```
import java.util.Arrays;
```

```
public class QuickSort {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arr = {29, 10, 14, 37, 13};  
  
        System.out.println("Original array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));  
        quickSort(arr, 0, arr.length - 1);  
        System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));  
    }  

```

```
    public static void quickSort(int[] arr, int low, int high) {  
        if (low < high) {  
            int pi = partition(arr, low, high);  
  
            quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);  
            quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);  
        }  
    }  

```

```
    public static int partition(int[] arr, int low, int high) {  
        int pivot = arr[high];  
        int i = low - 1;
```

```

for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
    if (arr[j] < pivot) {
        i++;
        int temp = arr[i];
        arr[i] = arr[j];
        arr[j] = temp;
    }
}

```

```

int temp = arr[i + 1];
arr[i + 1] = arr[high];
arr[high] = temp;

```

```

return i + 1; // Return the partition index

```

```

}
}

```

## 5.Merge sort.

**Code:-**

```

import java.util.Arrays;

```

```

public class MergeSort {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = {29, 10, 14, 37, 13};

        System.out.println("Original array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
        mergeSort(arr, 0, arr.length - 1);
        System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(arr));
    }
}

```

```
public static void mergeSort(int[] arr, int left, int right) {  
    if (left < right) {  
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;  
  
        mergeSort(arr, left, mid);  
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);  
  
        merge(arr, left, mid, right);  
    }  
}
```

```
public static void merge(int[] arr, int left, int mid, int right) {  
  
    int n1 = mid - left + 1;  
    int n2 = right - mid;  
  
    int[] L = new int[n1];  
    int[] R = new int[n2];  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)  
        L[i] = arr[left + i];  
    for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)  
        R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];  
  
    int i = 0, j = 0;  
    int k = left;  
  
    while (i < n1 && j < n2) {
```



```

        if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
            arr[k] = L[i];
            i++;
        } else {
            arr[k] = R[j];
            j++;
        }
        k++;
    }

    while (i < n1) {
        arr[k] = L[i];
        i++;
        k++;
    }

    while (j < n2) {
        arr[k] = R[j];
        j++;
        k++;
    }
}

```

## 6. Bucket sort.

**Code:-**

```

import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.Collections;

```

```

public class BucketSort {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        double[] arr = {0.42, 0.32, 0.23, 0.52, 0.25, 0.47, 0.51};

        System.out.println("Original array:");
        for (double num : arr) {
            System.out.print(num + " ");
        }

        bucketSort(arr);

        System.out.println("\nSorted array:");
        for (double num : arr) {
            System.out.print(num + " ");
        }
    }

    public static void bucketSort(double[] arr) {

        int n = arr.length;

        ArrayList<Double>[] buckets = new ArrayList[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            buckets[i] = new ArrayList<>();
        }

        for (double num : arr) {
            int bucketIndex = (int) (num * n); // Bucket index
            buckets[bucketIndex].add(num);
        }

        for (ArrayList<Double> bucket : buckets) {

```

```
    Collections.sort(bucket);  
}
```

```
int index = 0;  
for (ArrayList<Double> bucket : buckets) {  
    for (double num : bucket) {  
        arr[index++] = num;  
    }  
}  
}  
}
```