



Set up Docker

Kubernetes requires an existing <u>Docker installation</u>. Install and enable Docker on each server node by following the steps below:

1. Update the package list:

```
sudo apt update -y
```

2. Next, install Docker with the command:

sudo apt install docker.io -y

```
marko@pnap:~$ sudo apt install docker.io -y
[sudo] password for marko:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
 bridge-utils containerd dns-root-data dnsmasq-base libidn11 pigz runc ubuntu-fan
Suggested packages:
 ifupdown aufs-tools cgroupfs-mount | cgroup-lite debootstrap docker-doc rinse
 zfs-fuse | zfsutils
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 bridge-utils containerd dns-root-data dnsmasq-base docker.io libidn11 pigz runc
0 upgraded, 9 newly installed, 0 to remove and 67 not upgraded.
```

3. Set Docker to launch on boot by entering the following:

```
sudo systemctl enable docker
```

4. Verify Docker is running:

sudo systemctl status docker



```
github.com/vishalk17
```

```
marko@pnap:~$ sudo systemctl status docker
docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
     Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled active (running) since Thu 2022-11-24 11:26:27 UTC; 3min 26s ago
TriggeredBy: docker.socket

Docs: https://docs.docker.com
   Main PID: 2887 (dockerd)
      Tasks: 8
     Memory: 29.2M
     CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
                	ilde{lue}2887 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.\gt
```

5. Start Docker if it is not running:

sudo systemctl start docker

Install Kubernetes

Step 1: Add Kubernetes Signing Key

Since you are downloading Kubernetes from a non-standard repository, it is essential to ensure that the software is authentic. This is done by adding a signing key.

On each node, use the curl command to download the key, then store it in a safe place (default is /usr/share/keyrings):

```
sudo mkdir -p /etc/apt/keyrings/
sudo curl -fsSLo
/etc/apt/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg
https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt/doc/apt-key.gpg
```

Step 2: Add Software Repositories

Kubernetes is not included in the default repositories. To add the Kubernetes repository to your list, enter the following on each node:

```
sudo echo "deb
[signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/kubernetes-archive-keyring.gpg]
```





https://apt.kubernetes.io/ kubernetes-xenial main" | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/kubernetes.list

- #Turn Off Swap Space

```
swapoff -a
sudo sed -i 's/\(.*swap.*\)/#\\1/g' /etc/fstab
sudo usermod -aG docker $(whoami)
```

Step 3: Kubernetes Installation Tools

Kubeadm (Kubernetes Admin) is a tool that helps initialize a cluster. It fast-tracks setup by using community-sourced best practices. Kubelet is the work package, which runs on every node and starts containers. The tool gives you command-line access to clusters.

Execute the following commands on each server node.

1. Install <u>Kubernetes tools</u> with the command:

sudo apt install kubeadm kubelet kubectl kubernetes-cni -y

```
marko@pnap:~$ sudo apt install kubeadm kubelet kubectl -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
 conntrack cri-tools ebtables kubernetes-cni socat
Suggested packages:
 nftables
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 conntrack cri-tools ebtables kubeadm kubectl kubelet kubernetes-cni socat
0 upgraded, 8 newly installed, 0 to remove and 67 not upgraded.
Need to get 81.6 MB of archives.
After this operation, 327 MB of additional disk space will be used.
```

sudo apt-mark hold kubeadm kubelet kubectl

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```
github.com/vishalk17
```

```
marko@pnap:~$ sudo apt-mark hold kubeadm kubelet kubectl
kubeadm set on hold.
kubelet set on hold.
kubectl set on hold.
marko@pnap:~$
```

Allow the process to complete.

Enable and start kubelet service

systemctl daemon-reload

systemctl start kubelet

systemctl enable kubelet.service

2. Verify the installation with:

kubeadm version

```
marko@pnap:~$ kubeadm version
kubeadm version: &version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"25", GitVersion:"v1.25.4", GitCommit:"
872a965c6c6526caa949f0c6ac028ef7aff3fb78", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2022-11-09T
13:35:06Z", GoVersion: "go1.19.3", Compiler: "gc", Platform: "linux/amd64"}
marko@pnap:~$
```

------ following steps only execute on master —---

Switch to the root user.

sudo su -

Initialize Kubernates master by executing below commond.

kubeadm init

```
vishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ sudo su -
Vishal@vishal-VirtualBox:-/Desktop$ sudo su -
[sudo] password for vishal:
root@vishal-VirtualBox:-# kubeadm init
[init] Using Kubernetes version: v1.27.3
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
[preflight] Pulling images required for setting up a Kubernetes cluster
[preflight] This might take a minute or two, depending on the speed of your internet connection
[preflight] You can also perform this action in beforehand using 'kubeadm config images pull'
W0719 14:51:51.248695 2550 checks.go:835] detected that the sandbox image "registry.k8s.io/pause:3.6" of the container runtime i
s inconsistent with that used by kubeadm. It is recommended that using "registry.k8s.io/pause:3.9" as the CRI sandbox image.
[certs] Using certificateDir folder "/etc/kubernetes/pki"
[certs] Generating "ca" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "apiserver" certificate and key
[certs] apiserver serving cert is signed for DNS names [kubernetes kubernetes.default kubernetes.default.svc kubernetes.default.svc
.cluster.local vishal-virtualbox] and IPs [10.96.0.1 192.168.1.12]
[certs] Generating "apiserver-kubelet-client" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "front-proxy-ca" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "front-proxy-client" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/ca" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/ca" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/server" certificate and key
[certs] Generating "etcd/server" certificate and key
   [certs] etcd/server serving cert is signed for DNS names [localhost vishal-virtualbox] and IPs [192.168.1.12 127.0.0.1 ::1]
```

```
[addons] Applied essential addon: kube-proxy
Your Kubernetes control-plane has initialized successfully!
To start using your cluster, you need to run the following as a regular user:
  mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
  sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
  sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
Alternatively, if you are the root user, you can run:
  export KUBECONFIG=/etc/kubernetes/admin.conf
You should now deploy a pod network to the cluster. Run "kubectl apply -f [podnetwork].yaml" with one of the options listed at:
  https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/addons/
 Then you can join any number of worker nodes by running the following on each as root:
kubeadm join 192.168.1.12:6443 --token zm7ef4.bivyddd03jyxizh4 \
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:5c76cc9883593bf00964d3f15da8f14bd90e27bf09e3e541da8b36c0935aee93
 logout
 vishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~$
```

#exit root user & exeucte as normal user

exit

run next commands as appeared in the terminal:

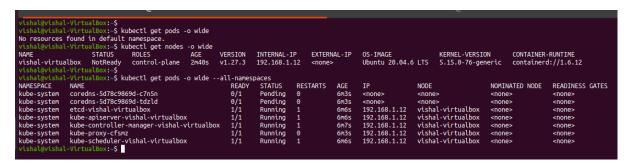
```
root@vishal-VirtualBox:~#
root@vishal-VirtualBox:~# exit
logout
rishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
                                      mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
vishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
                                      sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
vishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
                                      sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
rishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```





To verify, if kubectl is working or not, run the following command.

kubectl get pods -o wide -all-namespaces



#You will notice from the previous command, that all the pods are running except one: 'kube-dns'. For resolving this we will install a # pod network. To install the weave pod network, run the following command:

releases: https://github.com/weaveworks/weave/releases/

installing latest version:

kubectl apply -f

https://github.com/weaveworks/weave/releases/download/v2.8.1/weave-daemonset-k8s-1.11.yaml

Now, status should have changed

kubectl get pods --all-namespaces

```
$ kubectl apply -f https://github.com/weaveworks/weave/releases/download/v2.8.1/weave-daemonset-k8s-1.11.yaml
etcd-vtshal-virtualbox
kube-apisever-vtshal-virtualbox
kube-controller-manager-vtshal-virtualbox
kube-proxy-cfsmz
kube-scheduler-vtshal-virtualbox
weave-net-ldxfb
                                                                          PodInitializing
                                                                                                                                                                                   READINESS GATES
       kube-proxy-cfsmz
kube-scheduler-vishal-virtualbox
        weave-net-ldxfb
                           sktop$
```

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Get token

kubeadm token create --print-join-command

```
kube-scheduler-vishal-virtualbox
            weave-net-ldxfb
                                                                 Running
kube-system
                                                          2/2
                                                                           1 (25s ago)
                                                                                          45s
                                                                                                192.168
ishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$ kubeadm token create --print-join-command
kubeadm join 192.168.1.12:6443 --token e5dfat.87hhatngu1awssdz --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:5c
ishal@vishal-VirtualBox:~/Desktop$
```

------ following steps only execute on master end —

copy paste url in other worker node to join the cluster

```
/ishal@amol:~/Desktop$
 vishal@amol:~/Desktop$ kubeadm join 192.168.1.12:6443 --token e5dfat.87hhatngu1awssdz --discovery-token-ca
883593bf00964d3f15da8f14bd90e27bf09e3e541da8b36c0935aee93
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
error execution phase preflight: [preflight] Some fatal errors occurred:
[ERROR IsPrivilegedUser]: user is not running as root
[preflight] If you know what you are doing, you can make a check non-fatal with `--ignore-preflight-error
To see the stack trace of this error execute with --v=5 or higher
 vishal@amol:~/Desktop$
vishal@amol:~/Desktop$ sudo kubeadm join 192.168.1.12:6443 --token e5dfat.87hhatngu1awssdz --discovery-tok
76cc9883593bf00964d3f15da8f14bd90e27bf09e3e541da8b36c0935aee93
76cc9883593bf00964d3f15da8f14bd90e27bf09e3e541da8b36c0935aee93
[sudo] password for vishal:
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
[preflight] Reading configuration from the cluster...
[preflight] FYI: You can look at this config file with 'kubectl -n kube-system get cm kubeadm-config -o ya
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet configuration to file "/var/lib/kubelet/config.yaml"
[kubelet-start] Writing kubelet environment file with flags to file "/var/lib/kubelet/kubeadm-flags.env"
[kubelet-start] Starting the kubelet
[kubelet-start] Waiting for the kubelet to perform the TLS Bootstrap...
This node has joined the cluster:
 * Certificate signing request was sent to apiserver and a response was received.
 * The Kubelet was informed of the new secure connection details.
Run 'kubectl get nodes' on the control-plane to see this node join the cluster.
 vishal@amol:~/Desktop$
```

check master for their presence

kubectl get nodes -o wide

```
amol
manoj
vishal-virtualbox
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                containerd://1.6.12
containerd://1.6.12
containerd://1.6.12
```






Lets test it,

Create sample deployment.yml

- vi deployment.yml

```
kind: Pod
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
name: testpod
spec:
 containers:
   - name: c00
     image: ubuntu
    command: ["/bin/bash", "-c", "while true; do echo Hello-vishalk17; sleep
5 ; done"]
 restartPolicy: Never # Defaults to Always
```

Kubectl apply -f deployment.yml

```
EXTERNAL-IP
      NOMINATED NODE READINESS GATES
          EXTERNAL-IP
NOMINATED NODE READINESS GATES
```

OBJ





Sourcecode:

https://github.com/vishalk17/devops/tree/main/kubernetes

My devops repo:

- https://github.com/vishalk17/devops

My telegram channel:



Contact:



vishalk17 My youtube Channel:



YouTube https://www.youtube.com/@vishalk17