Canny Edge Detector

Yucheng Qian | yq791 | N17384422

1.Source code file name: CannyEdgeDetector.java

2.How to run the program:

This is a standard Java program, to run the program, you can copy & paste the source code to a Java running environment such as Eclipse or IntelliJ. You can create a new project and put this java file into 'src' folder. Then you should put the test image into the project directory. (My default way is to create a folder called 'image' under the project directory and put test images in it. Don't forget to rename the image if necessary, the file name should correspond to the input source in the code). The generated images will be stored in the same folder with a filename - 'output'.

3. Image results for each step:

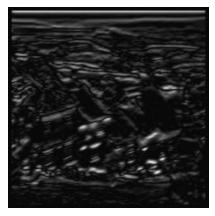
Note: Both images have threshold T1 = 15 and T2 = 30.



image1



after_gaussian_smoothing



gradient_horizontal



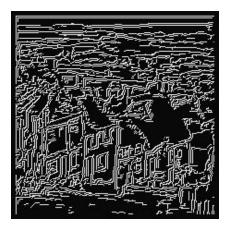
gradient_vertical



gradient_magnitude



non_maxima_suppression



double_thresholding



image2



after_gaussian_smoothing



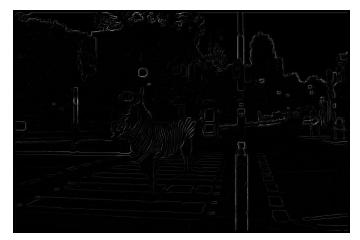
gradient_horizontal



gradient_vertical



gradient_magnitude



non_maxima_suppression



double_thresholding

4. Source Code

```
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import javax.imageio.lmagelO;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
public class CannyEdgeDetector {
  private static String image path = "./image/test2.bmp";
  private static double normalize value = 140.0;
  private static int[][] gradientAngle;
  private static double[][] gaussian_Mask = new double[][] {
     {1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 1.0, 1.0},
     \{1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 4.0, 2.0, 2.0, 1.0\},\
     \{2.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0, 4.0, 2.0, 2.0\},\
     \{2.0, 4.0, 8.0, 16.0, 8.0, 4.0, 2.0\},\
    {2.0, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0, 4.0, 2.0, 2.0},
    {1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 4.0, 2.0, 2.0, 1.0},
    \{1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 1.0, 1.0\},\
  private static int[][] sobelX = new int[][] {
    {-1, 0, 1},
    \{-2, 0, 2\},\
    \{-1, 0, 1\}
  };
  private static int[][] sobelY = new int[][] {
     {1, 2, 1},
     \{0, 0, 0\},\
    {-1, -2, -1}
  };
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     // read the image
     BufferedImage image = readImage(image_path);
     // apply Gaussian filter
     gaussianSmoothing(image);
     // gradient operations - including non-maxima suppression
     getGredients(image);
     // thresholding
     thresholding(image);
     // save image
     writeImage(image);
  private static void thresholding(BufferedImage img) {
     // select two thresholds so that T2 = 2T1
     int T2 = 30;
     int T1 = 15;
     // set up white color
     int white = new Color(255, 255, 255).getRGB();
     // set up black color
     int black = new Color(0, 0, 0).getRGB();
     for (int y = 0; y < img.getHeight(); y++) {
       for (int x = 0; x < img.getWidth(); x++) {
          Color color = new Color(img.getRGB(x, y));
          //If < T1 let it = 0
```

```
if (color.getRed() < T1) {
           img.setRGB(x, y, black);
       //If > T2 let it = 255
        else if (color.getRed() >= T2) {
          img.setRGB(x, y, white);
       // else we find if there is a valid neighbor
        else {
          if (y \ge 1 \&\& y \le img.getHeight() - 2 \&\& x \ge 1 \&\& x \le img.getWidth() - 2) {
             boolean hasQualifiedNeighbor = false;
             // check 8-connected neighbors
             for (int i = -1; i \le 1; i++) {
                for (int j = -1; j \le 1; j++) {
                   if (x \ge 0 \&\& x < gradientAngle.length \&\& x + i \ge 0 \&\& x + i < gradientAngle.length
                     && y \ge 0 && y < gradientAngle[0].length && <math>y + j \ge 0 && y + j < gradientAngle[0].length) {
                        //
                        if (new Color(img.getRGB(x + i, y + j)).getRed() > T2
                             && Math.abs(gradientAngle[x][y] - gradientAngle[x + i][y + j]) \leq 45)
                           hasQualifiedNeighbor = true;
                     }
               }
             }
             if (hasQualifiedNeighbor) img.setRGB(x, y, white);
             else img.setRGB(x, y, black);
       }
    }
  }
private static void nonMaximaSuppression(BufferedImage img, int[][] sobelX_after, int[][] sobelY_after) {
  int height = img.getHeight();
  int width = img.getWidth();
  // get the gradient angle
  gradientAngle = new int[height][width];
  int[][] averageAngle = new int[height][width];
  // calculate the gradient angle
  for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
       if (x \ge 4 \&\& x \le width - 5 \&\& y \ge 4 \&\& y \le height - 5) {
          gradient Angle[y][x] = (int) \ ((180 \ / \ Math.PI) \ ^* \ Math.atan2((sobelY\_after[y][x]), \ (sobelX\_after[y][x])));
       }
     }
  // calculate the average angle sector
  for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
        if (x \ge 4 \& x \le width - 5 \& y \ge 4 \& y \le height - 5) {
          if ((gradientAngle[y][x] \geq -22.5 && gradientAngle[y][x] \leq 22.5)
                \parallel gradientAngle[y][x] >= 157.5 \parallel gradientAngle[y][x] < -157.5) {
             averageAngle[y][x] = 0;
          else if ((gradientAngle[y][x] \geq 22.5 && gradientAngle[y][x] \leq 67.5) ||
                (gradientAngle[y][x] >= -157.5 \&\& gradientAngle[y][x] < -112.5)) {
             averageAngle[y][x] = 45;
```

```
}
                    else if ((gradientAngle[y][x] \geq 67.5 && gradientAngle[y][x] \leq 112.5) ||
                               (gradientAngle[y][x] \ge -112.5 \& gradientAngle[y][x] < -67.5)) {
                          averageAngle[y][x] = 90;
                    else if ((gradientAngle[y][x] \geq 112.5 && gradientAngle[y][x] \leq 157.5) ||
                              (gradientAngle[y][x] \ge -67.5 \&\& gradientAngle[y][x] \le -22.5)) 
                          averageAngle[y][x] = 135;
                   }
              }
          }
    }
    // apply non-maxima suppression
     for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
          for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
               if (x \ge 5 \&\& x \le width - 6 \&\& y \ge 5 \&\& y \le height - 6)
                    // sector 0 - compare center pixel with left and right pixel
                    if (averageAngle[y][x] == 0) {
                          if (((x-1) \ge 0 \&\& img.getRGB(x, y) < img.getRGB(x-1, y)) ||
                                    ((x + 1) \le (width - 1) \& img.getRGB(x, y) \le img.getRGB(x + 1, y))) 
                              img.setRGB(x, y, 0);
                         }
                    }
                    // sector 1 - compare center pixel with up right and down left pixel
                    else if (averageAngle[y][x] == 45) {
                          if (((x-1) \ge 0 \&\& (y-1) \ge 0 \&\& img.getRGB(x, y) < img.getRGB(x-1, y-1)) ||
                                    ((x + 1) \le (height - 1) & (y + 1) \le (height - 1) & (height - 1) 
                                              img.getRGB(x, y) < img.getRGB(x + 1, y + 1))) {
                              img.setRGB(x, y, 0);
                         }
                    // sector 2 - compare center pixel with up and down pixel
                    else if (averageAngle[y][x] == 90) {
                          if (((y-1) \ge 0 \&\& img.getRGB(x, y) < img.getRGB(x, y-1)) ||
                                    ((y + 1) \le (height - 1) \&\& img.getRGB(x, y) \le img.getRGB(x, y + 1))) {
                              img.setRGB(x, y, 0);
                         }
                    }
                    // sector 3 - compare center pixel with up left and down right pixel
                    else if (averageAngle[y][x] == 135) {
                           \text{if } (((x-1) >= 0 \&\& (y+1) <= (\text{height - 1}) \&\& \text{ img.getRGB}(x,y) < \text{img.getRGB}(x-1,y+1)) \mid | \\ 
                                    ((x + 1) \le (width - 1) & (y - 1) \ge 0 & (y - 1) \le 0
                              img.setRGB(x, y, 0);
                         }
                   }
              // At locations with undefined gradient values and at locations where the center pixel has a
              // neighbor with undefined gradient value, let the output be zero (i.e., no edge.)
               else img.setRGB(x, y, 0);
    }
private static void getGredients(BufferedImage img) {
    // use sobel operators to create two new image
     int[][] sobelX_after = getSobel(img, sobelX);
```

}

```
int[][] sobelY_after = getSobel(img, sobelY);
  // calculate the magnitude
  getMagnitude(img, sobelX_after, sobelY_after);
  // apply non-maximum suppression
  nonMaximaSuppression(img, sobelX_after, sobelY_after);
}
private static void getMagnitude(BufferedImage img, int∏ sobel x, int∏ sobel y) {
  int height = img.getHeight();
  int width = img.getWidth();
  int[][] matrix = new int[height][width];
  int max = Integer.MIN VALUE;
  // get all magnitude values
  for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
       int magnitude = (int) Math.sqrt(Math.pow(sobel_x[y][x], 2) + Math.pow(sobel_y[y][x], 2));
       matrix[y][x] = magnitude;
       if (magnitude > max) max = magnitude;
       //img.setRGB(x, y, new Color(magnitude, magnitude, magnitude).getRGB());
     }
  }
  double normalization = max / 255.0;
  // normalize and draw the image
  for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
       int value = (int) (matrix[y][x] / normalization);
       img.setRGB(x, y, new Color(value, value, value).getRGB());
     }
  }
}
private static int[][] getSobel(BufferedImage img, int[][] sobel) {
  int height = img.getHeight();
  int width = img.getWidth();
  int[][] new_sobel = new int[height][width];
  int[][] res_sobel = new int[height][width];
  for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
       int color = 0;
       if (x \ge 4 \& x \le width - 5 \& y \ge 4 \& y \le height - 5) {
          for (int i = -1; i \le 1; i++) {
             for (int j = -1; j \le 1; j++) {
               // exclude boarder cases. If part of the 3 x 3 mask of the operator goes outside of the image
               // border or lies in the undefined region of the image after Gaussian filtering, let the output value
               color += new Color(img.getRGB(x + j, y + i)).getRed() * sobel[i + 1][j + 1];
             }
          }
       // take absolute value
       new_sobel[y][x] = Math.abs(color);
     }
  // find max value in the matrix
```

```
int max = Integer.MIN VALUE;
   for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
        if (new\_sobel[y][x] > max) max = new\_sobel[y][x];
     }
  }
  // divide max by 255
   double normalization = max / 255.0;
  // draw the image
  for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
       int value = (int) (new_sobel[y][x] / normalization);
       //img.setRGB(x, y, new Color(value, value, value).getRGB());
       res_sobel[y][x] = value;
     }
  }
  return res_sobel;
private static void gaussianSmoothing(BufferedImage img) {
   int height = img.getHeight();
   int width = img.getWidth();
   for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
     for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
       double r = 0;
       // exclude boarder cases, if part of the Gaussian mask goes outside of the image
       // border, let the output image be undefined at the location of the reference center.
       if (x \ge 3 \&\& x \le width - 4 \&\& y \ge 3 \&\& y \le height - 4) {
          for (int i = -3; i \le 3; i++) {
             for (int j = -3; j <= 3; j++) {
               Color c = new Color(img.getRGB(x + j, y + i));
               r += c.getBlue() * gaussian_Mask[i + 3][j + 3];
             }
          }
       // divide by sum of entries to normalize
       r /= normalize_value;
       img.setRGB(x, y, new Color((int) r, (int) r, (int) r).getRGB());
     }
  }
}
private static void writeImage(BufferedImage image) {
   File tmpFile;
  try {
     tmpFile = new File("./image/output.bmp");
     ImageIO.write(image, "bmp", tmpFile);
     System.out.println("Image saved.");
  } catch (IOException e) {
     System.out.println("Exception occurred: unable to save image.");
     System.exit(1);
  }
}
private static BufferedImage readImage(String path) {
```

```
BufferedImage image = null;
File tmpFile;

try {
    tmpFile = new File(path);
    image = ImageIO.read(tmpFile);
} catch(IOException e){
    System.out.println("Exception occurred: unable to read the image.");
    System.exit(1);
}
return (image);
}
```