

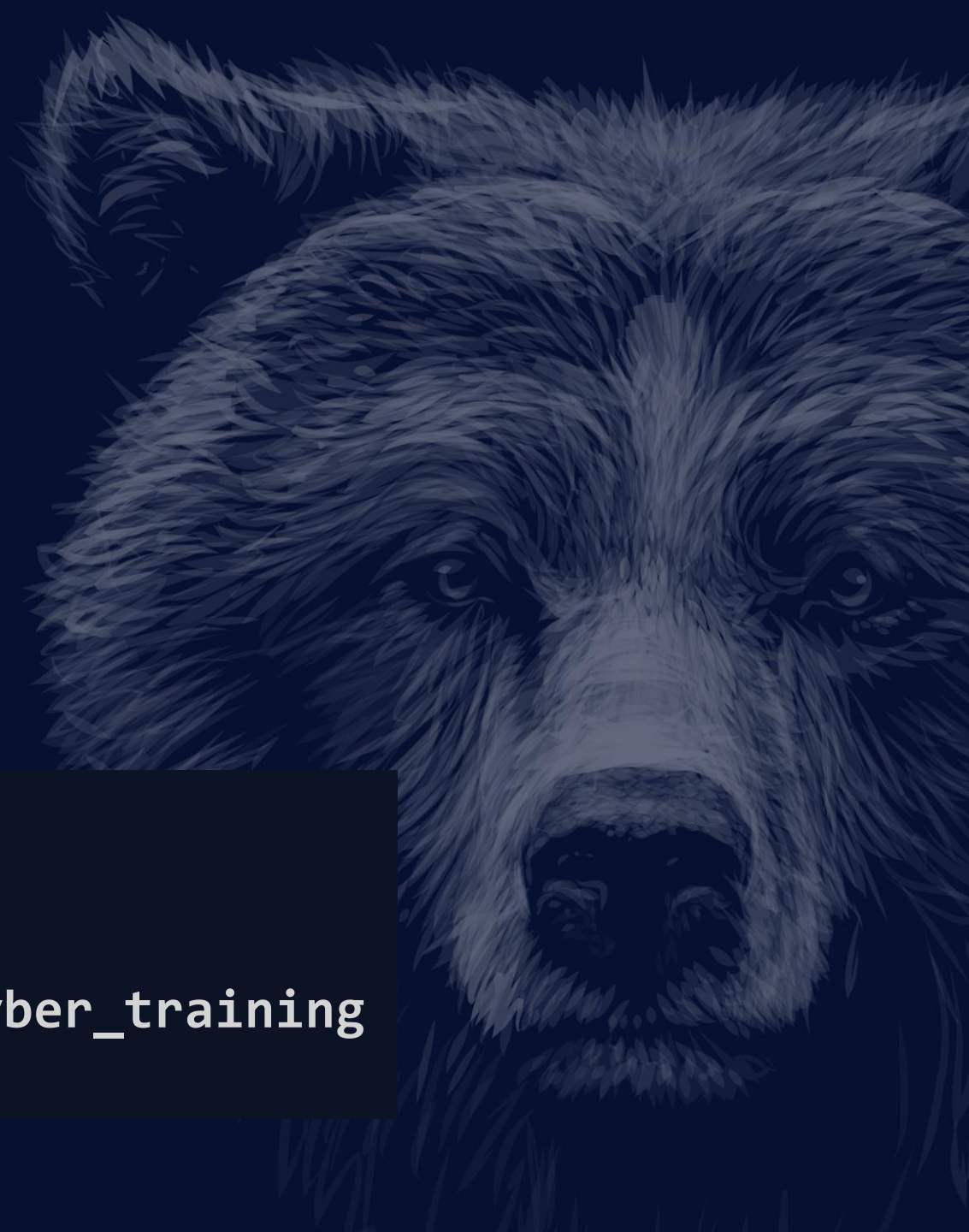
# Training Track 1 – Intro to AI/ML

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AI & ML Immersion Day

1. <https://colab.research.google.com/>
2. Sign-in to Google
3. GitHub URL:  
[https://github.com/ChandlerProvence/cyber\\_training](https://github.com/ChandlerProvence/cyber_training)

**BIGBEAR.AI**



# Welcome

AI & ML Immersion Day



**Chandler Provence**

Data Scientist



**Charles Ramsay**

Principal Technologist and Lead  
Data Scientist



**Joe Davis**

Cybersecurity Research  
Scientist

AI and ML Immersion Day

# Applied AI/ML Solutions for Cyber Data

Register Using the Link in the Post!

# Preparations

- Environment in Google Colab
- Includes:
  - Python
  - Jupyter notebook
  - scikit-learn 1.0
- Gitlab for the notebooks

## Steps:

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# AM Agenda

## 1. Introduction to AI

- Data: Iris
- Notebooks
  - 1\_MachineLearning.ipynb
  - 2\_DeepLearning.ipynb

# Training

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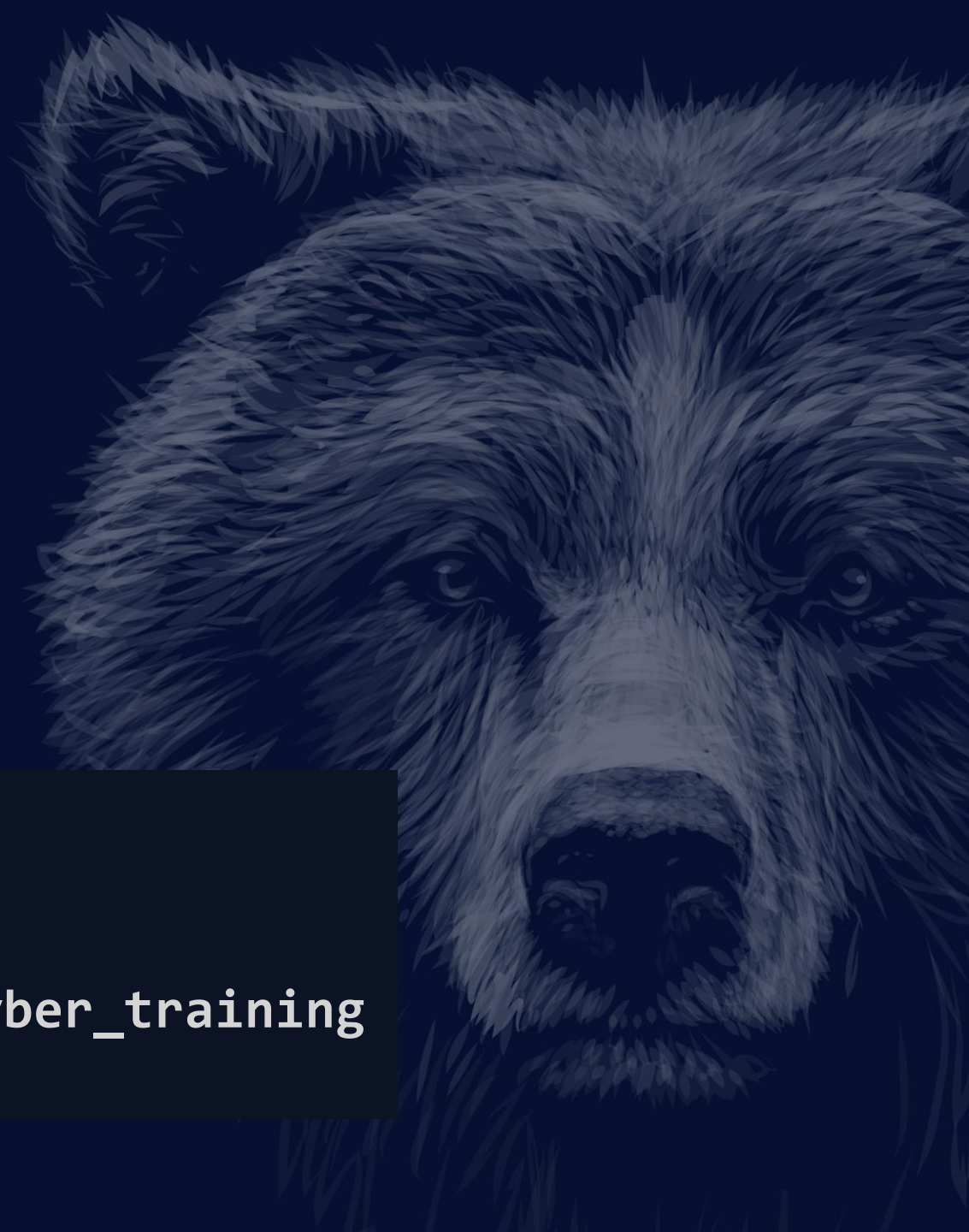
# Training Track 1 – Applied AI/ML Solutions for Cyber Data

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# Afternoon Agenda

1. Traditional Cyber Analysis Tools and Techniques
2. Cyber Analysis Data Engineer and Exploratory Data Analysis: Use Case Walkthrough
3. Applied ML/AI Solutions for Cyber Data
  - Data: KDD 99 Updated
  - Notebooks
    - 3\_IntrusionDetection.ipynb

# Traditional Cyber Analysis Tools and Techniques

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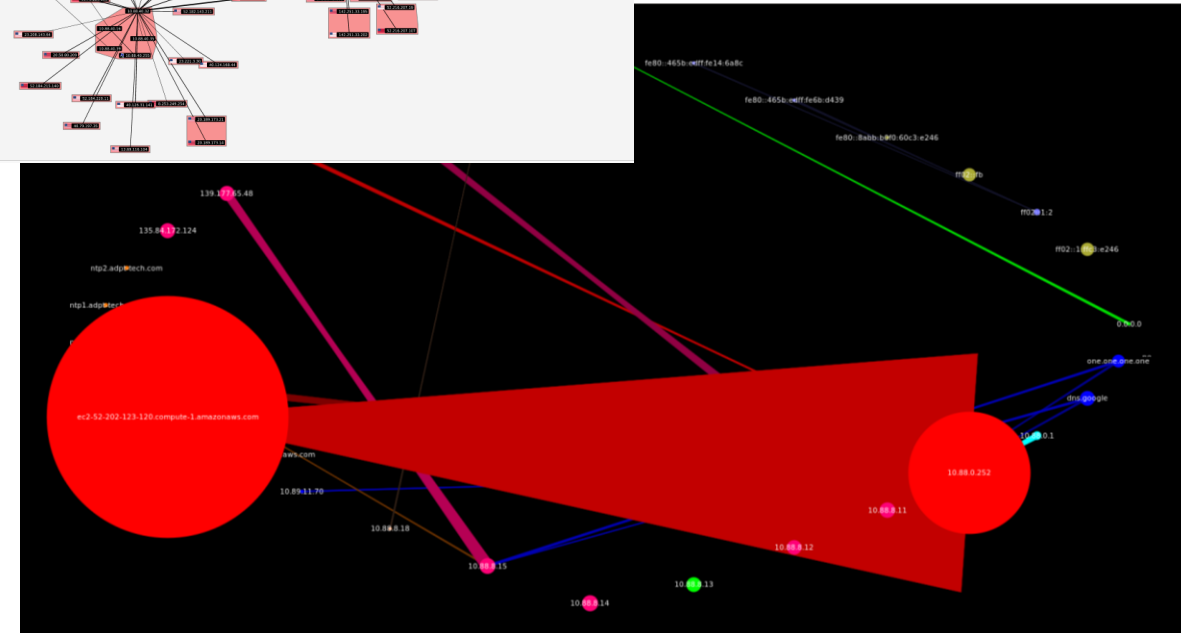
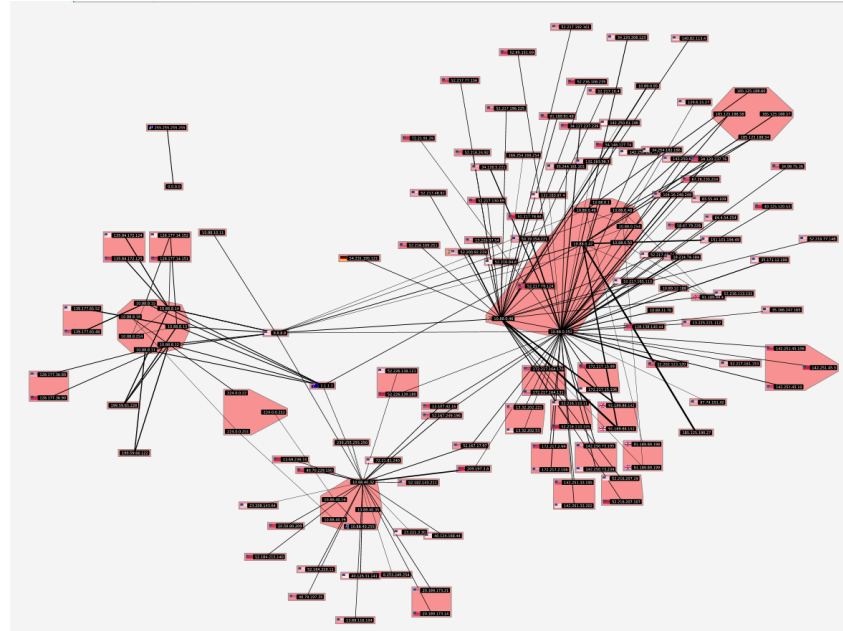
# Dataset Used

~3.7G of known bad network traffic out of ~370G PCAP

```
known_bad-SF_GENERIC_SIGNATURE_ALERT_20220323_15324_mimikatz.pcap
known_bad-SF_GENERIC_SIGNATURE_ALERT_20220324_15845_mimikatz_dcsync.pcap
known_bad-SF_SIGNATURE_ENGINE_ALERT_20220323_15204_directory_traversal.pcap
known_bad-SF_SMB_EXPLOITATION_ATTEMPT_MS17_10_WANNACRY_20220323_15194_eternalblue.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1647948592.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1647988985.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1647988985_SMBBruteForce.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648062056.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648062056_SiemensStop.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648072144_SiemensSolenoidAttack.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648073282.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648073501.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648075793.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648140792.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648142445.pcap
known_bad-http-sniffer-1648142445_PCModbusWrite.pcap
```

# Cyber Analysis Tools

1. Wireshark
2. Strings
3. GrassMarlin
4. EtherApe



# Use Case: Dreamport PCAP Exploratory

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# Processing

1. joincap to join 16 known bad PCAP files into 1
2. Zeek used to vectorize PCAP into log files, separated by PCAP filename
  - Include Geolocation information
  - Add MAC addresses
3. 0\_Zeek\_Dreamport\_Known\_Bad\_ETL to transform Zeek log files into pandas dataframes
4. 1\_Zeek\_Dreamport\_Known\_Bad\_EDA to cleanup and export a network for visualization
5. 2\_Zat\_Dreamport\_Known\_Bad\_EDA to perform unsupervised ML
  1. IsolationForest
  2. Kmeans
6. Visualize results in Power BI, Gephi and Brim

# Visualization and Analysis Tools

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# Wireshark

Used widely, the workhorse of PCAP forensic analysis.

<https://www.wireshark.org/>

Displaying 3.7G of Dreamport's Known Bad PCAP



The image shows the Wireshark application window titled "known\_bad.pcap". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Go, Capture, Analyze, Statistics, Telephony, Wireless, Tools, Help), a toolbar with various icons for file operations, capture control, and analysis, and a display filter bar set to "Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>". The main packet list pane displays 20 captured packets. The packets are color-coded: blue for standard TCP/TLS traffic and green for HTTP traffic. Packets 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20 are highlighted in red, indicating they are part of the "Known Bad" traffic. The packet details pane on the right shows the structure of the selected packet (No. 20), including Ethernet II, Internet Protocol Version 4, and Transmission Control Protocol fields.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	66	54170 → 443 [ACK] Seq=
2	0.000001	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	66	54170 → 443 [ACK] Seq=
3	0.000001	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	66	54170 → 443 [ACK] Seq=
4	0.000002	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	66	54170 → 443 [ACK] Seq=
5	0.000372	10.89.0.139	10.88.0.34	TLSv1.2	422	Ignored Unknown Reco
6	0.000373	10.89.0.139	10.88.0.34	TCP	422	[TCP Retransmission]
7	0.000533	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	66	54170 → 443 [ACK] Seq=
8	0.000534	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	66	[TCP Dup ACK 7#1] 54
9	0.001353	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TLSv1.2	159	Client Key Exchange,
10	0.001355	10.88.0.34	10.89.0.139	TCP	159	[TCP Retransmission]
11	0.004057	10.88.5.29	10.88.5.25	TCP	66	62419 → 80 [SYN] Seq=
12	0.004058	10.88.5.29	10.88.5.25	TCP	66	[TCP Out-Of-Order] 6
13	0.004223	10.88.5.25	10.88.5.29	TCP	60	80 → 62419 [SYN, ACK
14	0.004223	10.88.5.25	10.88.5.29	TCP	60	[TCP Out-Of-Order] 8
15	0.004535	10.88.5.29	10.88.5.25	TCP	60	62419 → 80 [ACK] Seq=
16	0.004536	10.88.5.29	10.88.5.25	TCP	60	[TCP Dup ACK 15#1] 6
17	0.004588	10.88.5.29	10.88.5.25	HTTP	214	GET /iolinkmaster/po
18	0.004589	10.88.5.29	10.88.5.25	TCP	214	[TCP Retransmission]
19	0.009586	10.88.5.25	10.88.5.29	TCP	157	80 → 62419 [PSH, ACK
20	0.009588	10.88.5.25	10.88.5.29	TCP	157	[TCP Retransmission]

# Brim

“Brim is an open source desktop application for security and network specialists. Brim makes it easy to search and analyze data...”

<https://github.com/brimdata/brim>

Displaying 3.7G of Dreamport's Known Bad PCAP



The screenshot shows the Brim desktop application interface. The main window displays a query result for the file 'known\_bad.pcap' (74.6 MB, 2 DAY). The query is 'count() by \_path | sort -r'. The results are shown in a table with two columns: '\_path' and 'count'.

_path	count
files	167,034
weird	160,120
dns	137,250
http	89,198
ssl	30,432
x509	29,748
syslog	13,847
ntp	1,524
modbus	498
ssh	285
dhcp	164

The interface also includes a sidebar with 'FILES' and 'QUERIES' sections. The 'FILES' section shows 'Local Lake' with 'known\_bad.pcap' and 'x509.log'. The 'QUERIES' section shows 'All Local' with a list of queries including 'Activity Overview', 'Unique DNS Queries', 'Windows Networking Activity', 'HTTP Requests', 'Unique Network Connections', and 'Connection Received Data'.

# Brim – Ranked Unique DNS Queries

The screenshot shows the Brim network analysis tool interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, Query, View, Window, and Help. Below the menu, a toolbar shows a search icon and a plus sign. The main window is divided into three panes. The left pane, titled 'Local Lake', shows a list of files: 'known\_bad.pcap' (74.6 MB, 2 DAY) and 'x509.log'. The middle pane displays a query: `_path=="dns" | count() by query | sort -r`. The right pane shows a table of ranked unique DNS queries.

query	count
<a href="#">www.portcosmar.com</a>	104,788
<a href="#">hacktheport-partyloud-cue-molehill-main-desert.s3.amazonaws.com</a>	4,034
<a href="#">_oculusal_sp_tcp.local</a>	3,339
<a href="#">wpad.local</a>	2,768
<a href="#">wpad</a>	1,584
<a href="#">WPAD</a>	1,297
<a href="#">_googlecast_tcp.local</a>	1,264
<a href="#">1.ubuntu.pool.ntp.org</a>	1,228
<a href="#">ntp.ubuntu.com</a>	1,163
<a href="#">0.ubuntu.pool.ntp.org</a>	1,122

Portcosmar.com in Reykjavik, Iceland

The screenshot shows the WHOIS information for the domain portcosmar.com. The interface includes tabs for IP ADDRESSES, WHOIS, EMAIL VOLUME HISTORY, and TOP NETWORK OWNERS. The WHOIS tab is selected, displaying the following information:

Domain name: portcosmar.com  
Registry Domain ID: 2661137319\_DOMAIN\_COM-VRSN  
Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.namecheap.com  
Registrar URL: http://www.namecheap.com  
Updated Date: 0001-01-01T00:00:00.00Z  
Creation Date: 2021-12-12T16:19:25.00Z  
Registrar Registration Expiration Date: 2022-12-12T16:19:25.00Z  
Registrar: NAMECHEAP INC  
Registrar IANA ID: 1068  
Registrar Abuse Contact Email: abuse@namecheap.com  
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +1.9854014545  
Reseller: NAMECHEAP INC  
Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited  
Registry Registrant ID:  
Registrant Name: Redacted for Privacy  
Registrant Organization: Privacy service provided by Withheld for Privacy ehf  
Registrant Street: Kalkofnsvegur 2  
Registrant City: Reykjavik  
Registrant State/Province: Capital Region

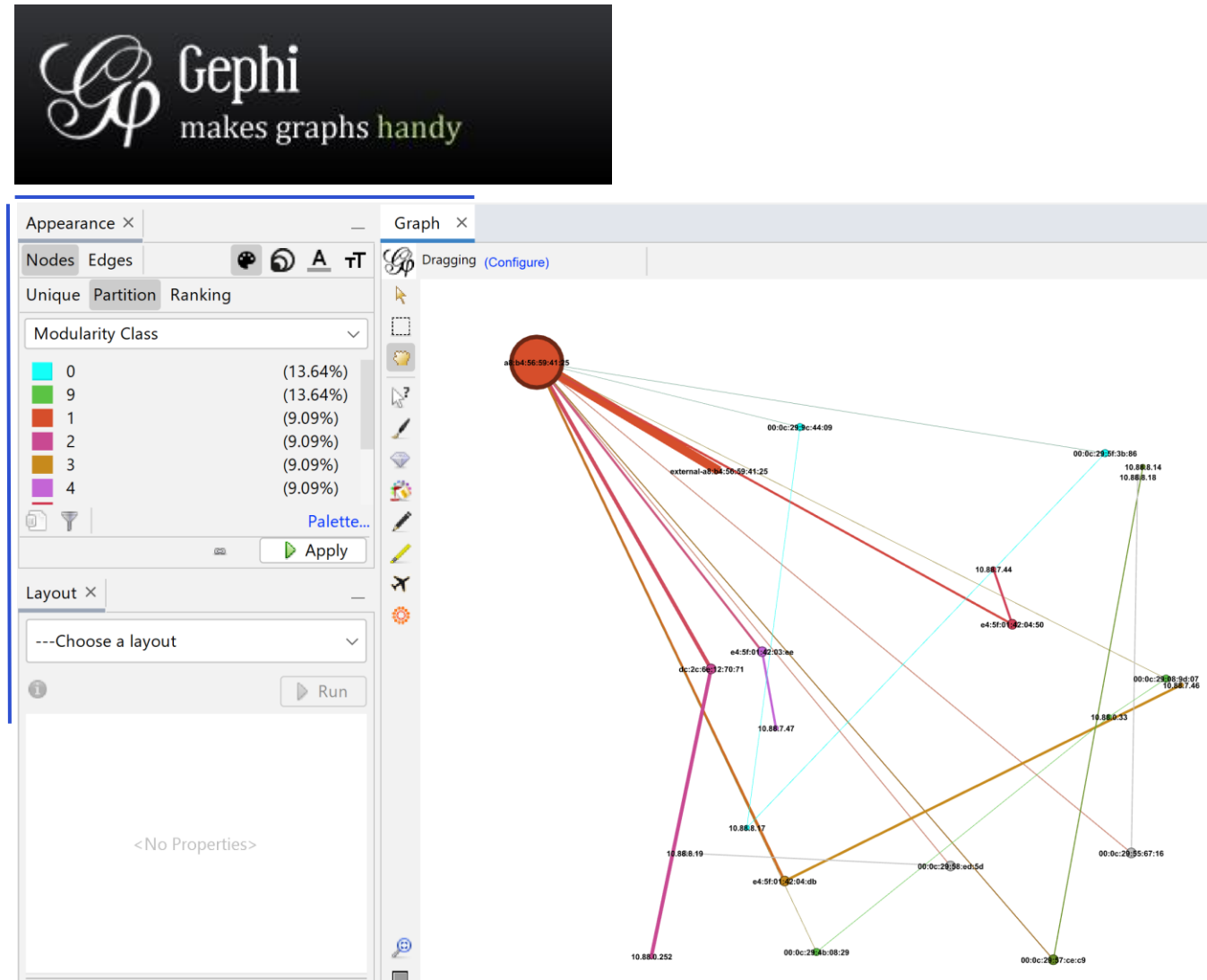
# Gephi

Graphing analysis tool complete with statistical and graphing capabilities.

“Gephi is the leading visualization and exploration software for all kinds of graphs and networks. Gephi is open-source and free.”

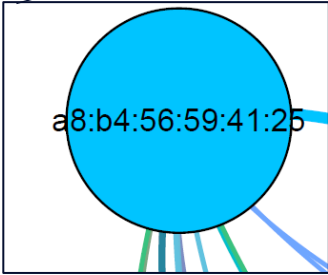
<https://gephi.org/>

## Displaying Known Bad top 100 hosts.





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- Zeek conn.log

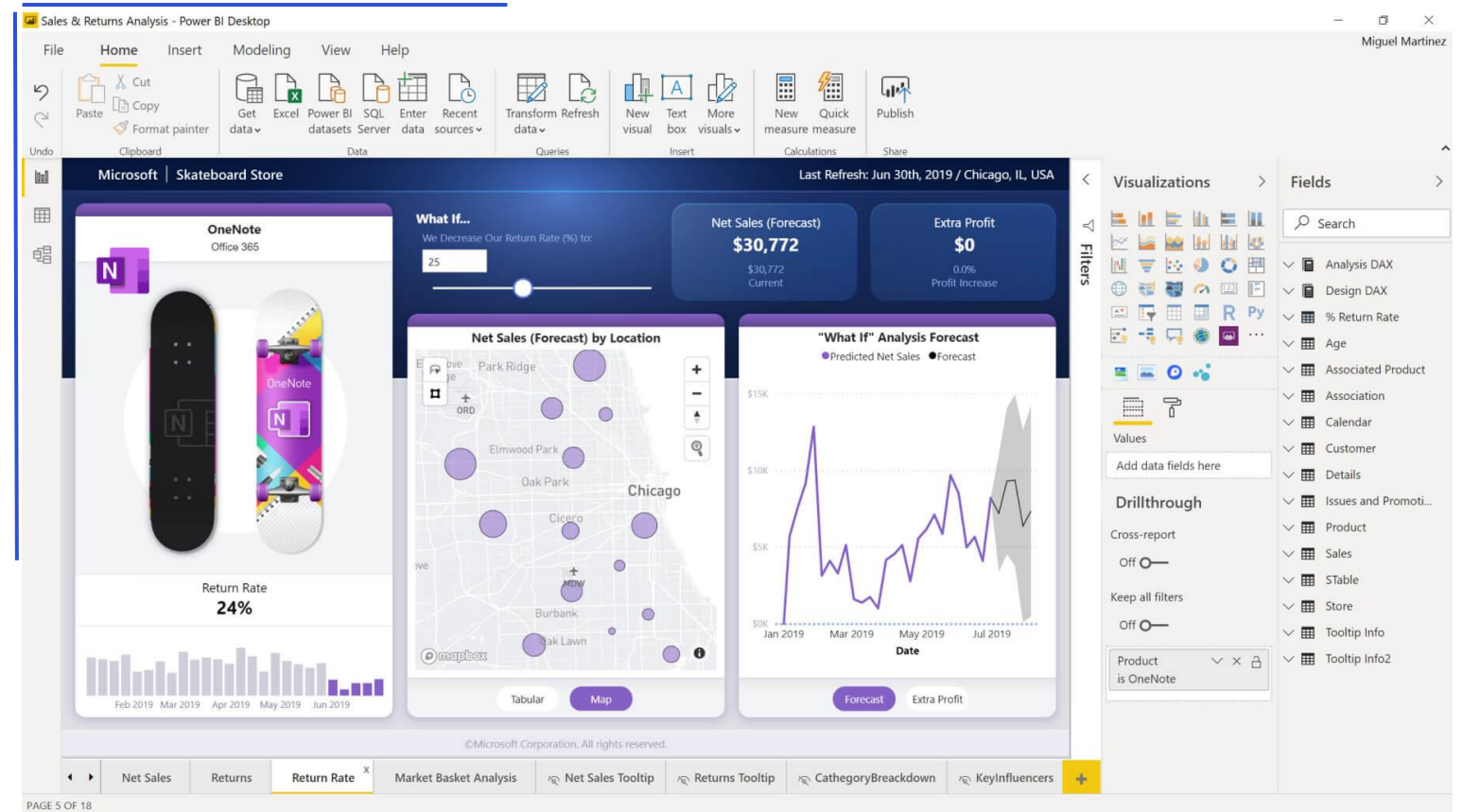
- Modularity (Community)  
high modularity denotes many connections between nodes (as edges)

- Betweenness Centrality – denotes critical lines of communication

# Power BI

Interactive dashboards with multiple charts, dashboards and data source adapters

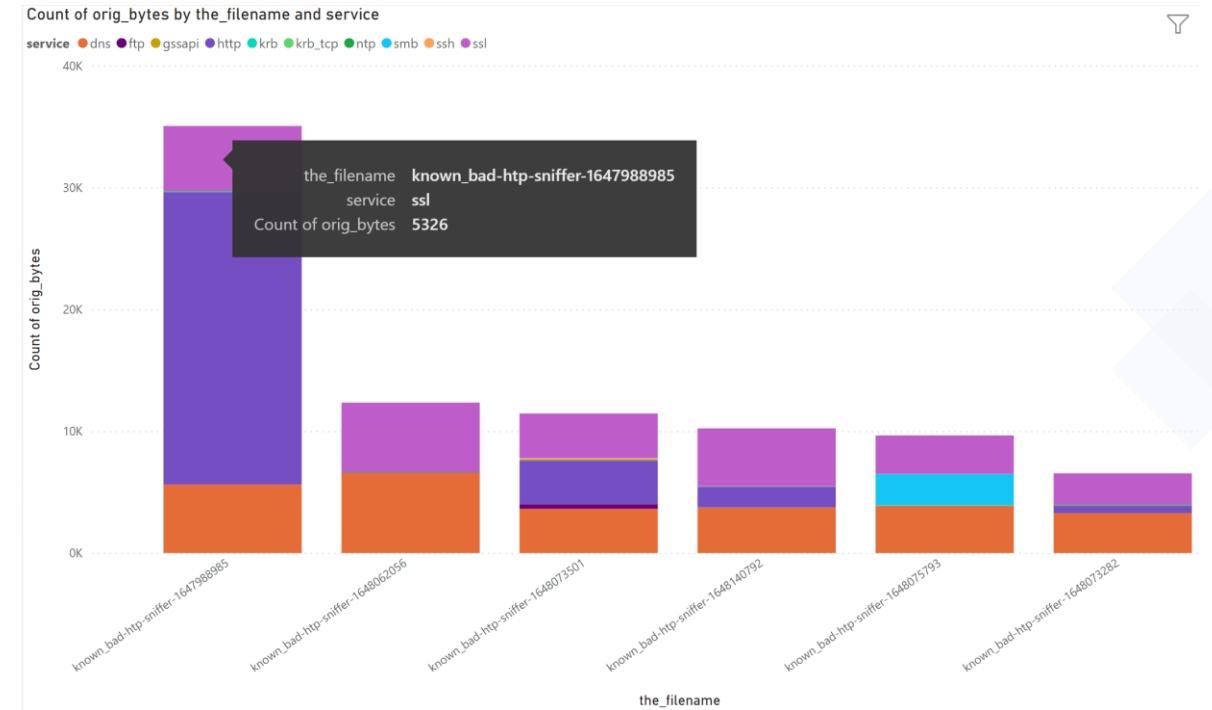
<https://powerbi.microsoft.com/en-us/desktop/>



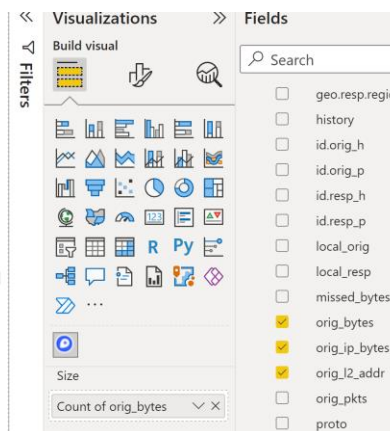
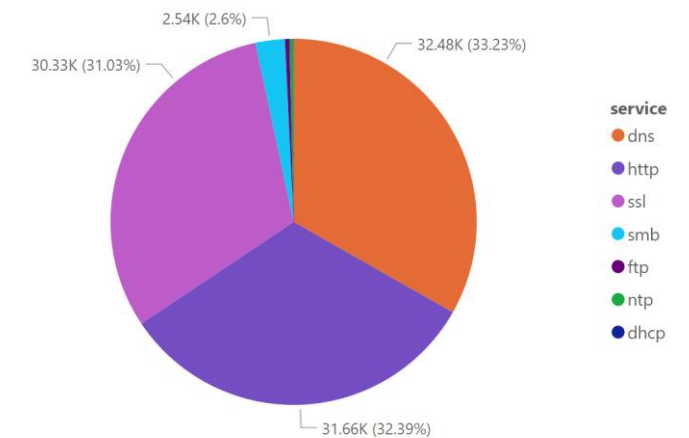
source: <https://powerbi.microsoft.com/en-us/desktop>

# Power BI – Known Bad PCAP

- Source:
  - Zeek conn.log
- Shows:
  - Count of origin bytes by PCAP filename and service
  - Breakdown of orig\_bytes by service type
  - Hostnames resolved to location



Count of orig\_bytes by service



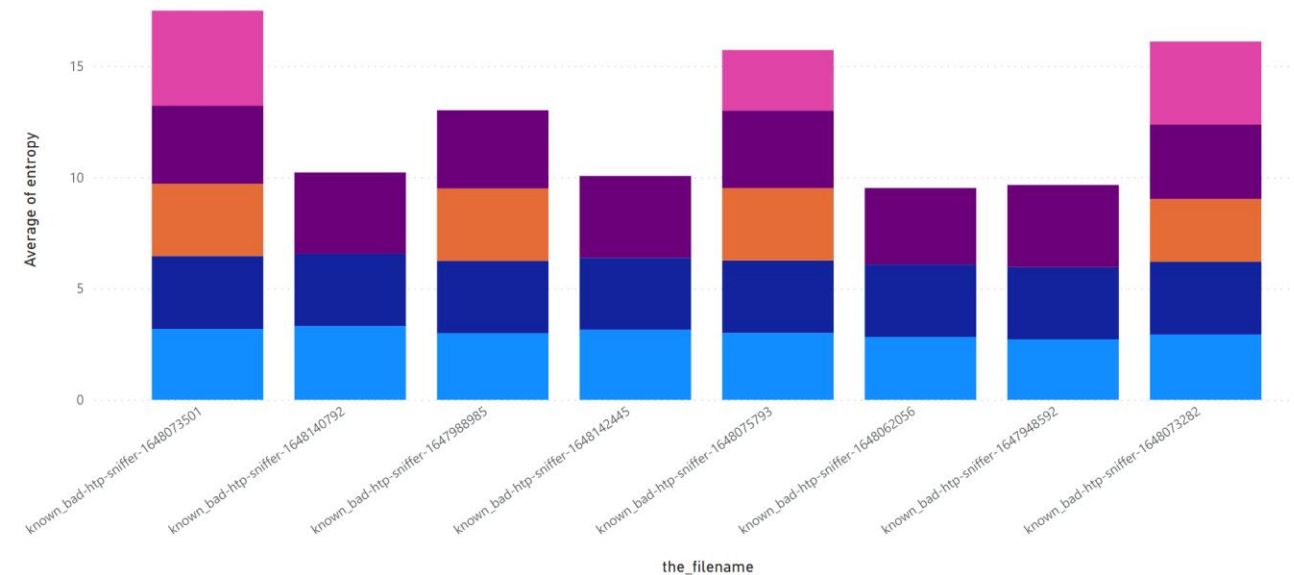
# Power BI – Known Bad PCAP

- Source:
  - Zeek dns.log
- Shows:
  - Entropy of DNS queries (names) w/ response code
  - This is a means to find Domain Generator Algorithms
  - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\\_generation\\_algorithm](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain_generation_algorithm)

The entropy is approx the same for different RCodes

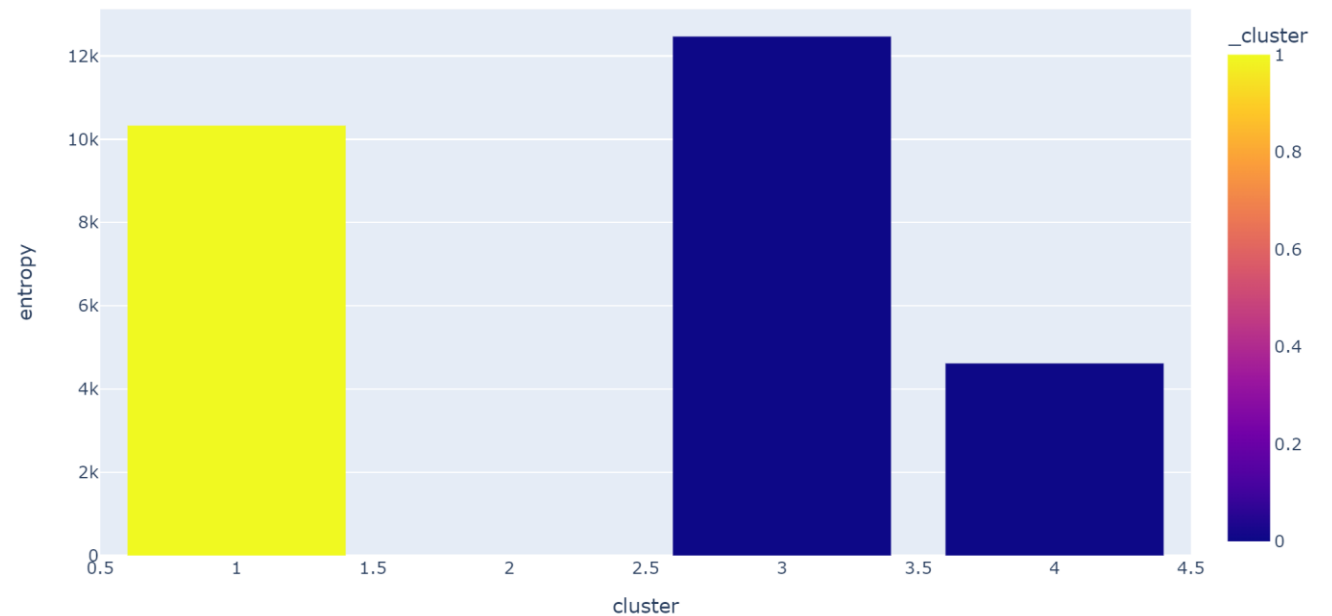
Average of entropy by the\_filename and rcode\_name

rcode\_name ● NOERROR ● NOTIMP ● NXDOMAIN ● SERVFAIL



# HDSCAN – Clustering with DNS Entropy

- Source:
  - Zeek dns.log
- Shows:
  - Entropy of DNS queries (names) clustered using HDBSCAN



# Training

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# Thank you!

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