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1. Which of the following is a comparison operator in Java?

1. +=

**2. ==**

3. &&

4. %

2. What is the result of  $5 + 3^2 > 10 \&\& (7 == 7)$ ?

1. true

**2. false**

3. Error

4. Cannot be evaluated

3. Which operator is used to check if two values are not equal in Java?

1. !=

**2. !=**

3. <

4. ==

4. What will `true || false && false` evaluate to?

**1. true**

2. false

3. null

4. Error

5. Which of the following expressions is logically incorrect?

1. `x == 10`

**2. `x = 5` in an if condition**

3. `x * 1 = y`

4. `!(x > y)`

6. In Java, what is the result of the expression `(false || true)`?

1. `true`

**2. `false`**

3. Error

4. 0

7. What is the precedence order among these: `88`, `==`, `+`?

**1. `+` `>` `==` `&&`**

0. `88 > == > +`

3. `== > 88 > +`

4. `+` `>` `88 > ==`

8. What's wrong here?

```
if(x = 10){  
    System.out.println("Ten");  
}
```

1. Missing semicolon

2. `=` should be `==`

3. No braces used

**4. `x` should be declared**

9. Which of these evaluates to true only if both expressions are true?

1. ||

2. ==

**3. &&**

4. !

10. Guess the Output:

```
int a = 10, b = 20;  
System.out.println(a > 5 && b < 15);
```

1. true

2. false

**3. Error**

4. Null

11. What is the output of the following code?

```
int num = 0;  
if(num > 0) System.out.println ("Positive"); else if(num < 0) System.out.println("Negative"); else  
System.out.println("Zero");
```

1. Positive

2. Negative

**3. Zero**

4. Error

12. In which situation would you prefer if-else over switch?

1. When comparing a variable against constant values

**2. When performing range-based conditions**

3. When matching string literals

4. When dealing with enums

13. What is the syntax for the ternary operator in Java?

1. condition: true? false

**2. condition ? valueIfTrue:valueIfFalse**

3. if? then: else

4. if (condition) (value)] else (value2)

14. Guess the Output

```
int age 17;  
System.out.println(age >= 18 ?  
"Eligible": "Not Eligible")
```

1. Eligible

3. Error

**2. Not Eligible**

4. null

15. Which of the following represents a nested if structure correctly?

1 if(a) else if(b)

**2. if(a) {if (b) {} }**

3 if(a) && if(b)

4. if(a) then if(b)

16: Debug the Code

```
System.out.println("Positive
```

```
System.out.println("Negative
```

1. Missing braces

**2. Missing semicolon after printun**

3. Wrong corriparison)

4. None

17. Which control structure is used when you have 5 of more mutually exclusive conditions

1.Nestedif

**2. if-else if-else**

3. Ternary

4.switch

18. What will the following code print?

Inta 10, b = 5

M(a > b)

1f(a > 100)

System.out.println("Big");

else

System.out.println("Small");

1. Big

**2. Small**

3. Error

4. Nothing

19. What is the primary limitation of the switch statement in Java?

1. Cannot compare integers

**2. Cannot evaluate logical expressions or ranges**

3. Requires semicolons after each case

4. Cannot use strings

20. Guess the Output

```
int day
```

```
switch(jasy
```

```
case 1 System.out.println("Monday break;
case 2 System.out.println("Tuesday break
case 3 System.out.println("Wednesday's break
default: System.out.println("Invalid
```

1. Monday

2. Tuesday

**3. Wednesday**

4. Invalid

21. Which case will execute if no case matches in a switch block and no default is defined?

1. First case

2. Last case

**3. No case**

4. All cases

22. Which of the following statements is true about break in switch?

**1. Optional, but prevents fall-through**

2. Mandatory after every case

3. Must be the last line of switch

4. Required only in default

23. Debug the Code:

```
int choice+2 switch(choice)
```

```
Case System.out.println("Option 1") case 2: System.out.println("Option 2")
```

```
Default System.out.println("Default")
```

1. Option 2

2. Option 2. Default

3. Option 1, Option 2. Default

#### **4. Error**

24 Which of these is the correct usage of switch

1 switch (x5)

**2 switch (Hello)**

3 switch (x&& vi)

4 switch(x<10)

25. Which one is NOT suitable to be implemented using switch case in Java?

#### **1. Checking age ranges**

2 Menu options(25)

3. weekday mapping

4. Mapping grades ABC

26. A jacket originally priced at \$2,000 is available at a 15% discount, what is the discounted price?

1. \$2700

2.2800

**3.27200**

4.16000

27. A trader gains 20% on selling an item for 720. What was the cost price?

**1. ₹600**

2.2580

3.620

4. ₹700

28. A student scored 144 out of 160 in an exam. What percentage did she score?

1.85%

2.88%

**3.90%**

4.92%

29. A product costs ₹500. It is first marked up by 25%, then a discount of 10% is given. What is the final selling price?

**1. ₹562.50**

2. ₹550

3.575

4,600

30. If the price of an item is increased by 20%, by what percent must the consumption be reduced to keep the total expenditure same?

**1. 16.67%**

2. 20%



3. 18%

3. 25%