Day 4 ASSESSMENT

Name:

- 1. What is the primary reason to use functions in programming?
 - 1. Increase execution time

- 2. Reduce memory usage
- Z. http://www.modularity.andreusability
- 4. Increase code repetition
- 2. Which Java keyword is used when a function returns nothing?
 - 1. null

woid

3.empty

- 4. none
- 3. Which of the following follows Java's method definition syntax correctly?
 - 1. function myFunc(int a) => a +1
- 2.Int myFunc(a) { return a; }
- 3. int myFunc(int a) { return a; }
- 4. myFunc(int a): return a
- 4. What does the DRY principle stand for?
 - 1. Don't Rewrite Yourself

2. Do Run Yourself

3 Don't Repeat Yourself

- 4. Don't Reset Yourself
- 5. Which function definition correctly demonstrates overloading?
 - Lint greet() and void greet()
 - 2. void greet (String name) and void greet ()
 - 3. void greet (String name, String name)
 - 4. void greet (String) and greet (String)
- 6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
int square(int num) {
return num*num;
```

}

System.out.println(square(4));

1.8

3.4

2.16

- 7. Which of the following is NOT a valid function name in Java?
 - 1. calculateSum

2-2calculate

3. displayMessage

4.get_total

- 8. Which of the following is a built-in function in Java?
 - 1. System.out.println()

2. addNumbers()

3. greetUser()

4. calculateTax()

- 9. Which of the following statements is TRUE about functions?
 - 1. They reduce readability

2. They prevent reuse

3. They modularize code

4. They increase complexity

```
10. What is the purpose of the return statement?
                                                   2. To pass value back from function
      1. To print output
      3. To exit a loop
                                                   4. To define variables
11. Guess the output:
      void sayHello() {
        System.out.println("Hello!");
      sayHello();
     1.Hello!
                                                   2. Error
      3. void
                                                   4. Nothing
12. Which of the following calls a function named displayMessage with one argument?
      1. displayMessage();
                                                 2.displayMessage("Hi");
      3. displayMessage;
                                                   4. call displayMessage("Hi")
13. What does the following function return?
      int add(int a, int b) {
        return a + b:
      System.out.println(add(3,7));
                                                   2.37
      3.4
                                                   4. Error
14. What type of value does the following function return?
      double getDiscount() {
        return 0.2;
      1. int
                                                   2.float
     3 double
                                                   4. void
15. Which line will produce a compilation error?
      1. void greet() {}
                                                   2. int x = 5;
                                                   4. System.out.println(return);
      3_return x+1;
16. What is the output of:
      String message = "Local";
      System.out.println(message);
   T. Local
                                                   2. Error
      3. "Local"
                                                   4. Null
17. In Java, where are functions defined?
      1. Outside class
                                                   2. Inside loops
      3. Hiside class
                                                   4. Anywhere
```

1. Using too many parameters
2. Same method name, different signatures
3. Calling one method from another
4. Exceeding memory

19. Which is a valid return type?

18. What is method overloading?

- Which is a valid return type?
 1. word
 3. string
- 20. A function with the same name but different parameters is:

 1. Overridden

 2. Overloaded

3. Recursive

4. Invalid

2. nothing

4 boolean

21. Debug the code:

void greet(String name) {
 System.out.println("Hello" + name)
}

3. Wrong method name

2. Wrong parameter

4. Extra braces

22. What will happen if you try to access a local variable outside its function?

1. It works fine=

2. Compile-time error

3. Runtime error

4. Prints null

- 23. Which is true for recursive functions?
 - 1. They must end with a semicolon
 - 3. They call themselves

- 2. They call other functions
- 4. They cannot return values
- 24. How to make functions more readable?

1. Use single-letter names

3. Avoid comments

- Use camelCase and verbs
- 4. Use long names only
- 25. What does 'modularity' mean in functions?

1. One function does everything

3 Gode is broken into parts

- 2. Code is reused without logic
- 4. Using only built-in methods
- 26. A train travels 360 km at a uniform speed. If the speed had been 5 km/h more, it would have taken 48 minutes less. What is the original speed?

1.35 km/h

2.40 km/h

 $345 \,\mathrm{km/h}$

4.50 km/h

27. A and B together can complete a piece of work in 20 days. B alone can complete it in 30 days. How many days will A alone take?

1.60	2.40
7.45	4.50

28. The average of 5 consecutive odd numbers is 35. What is the smallest of these numbers?

129	2.31
3.33	4.35

29. A can do a job in 16 days, and B in 12 days. They work together for 4 days. How much work is left?

1.1/3	2.1/4
3.5/12	/-7/1 2

30. The average age of a group of 8 students is 22 years. If one more student joins the group, the average becomes 21. What is the age of the new student?

1.13	2.	14
3.15	4.	16