## **SQL Server Managed Instance IO Performance**

thedatacrew.com/articles/sql-server-managed-instance-io-performance

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SQL Server Managed Instance IO Performance is dependant on a few settings.

- 1. Service Tier
- 2. vCore Count
- 3. File Sizes!!

Yes, File Sizes. A quick explanation, if you have a small database < 128GB your not going to get much data throughput. Only around the 500 IOPS or 100 MB/s. It's all explained here. <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-">https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure-sql/managed-</a> instance/resource-limits

You will need to make your data file bigger, how to do that and measure the impact – that's here <a href="https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql-database/increase-">https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql-database/increase-</a> data-file-size-to-improve-hammerdb-workload-performance/ba-p/823337

You can find the Azure Managed Disks and their performance profiles – https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/managed-disks/

I wrote a small proc in SQL to show you your current file sizes, IOPS, Throughput and Disk Tier your data files would be on in your SQL Server Managed Instance.

If your moving big sets of data around then increasing your file sizes will have a big performance boost. As always you have to measure it against your current workload, and of course bigger files cost more money in Azure Storage costs.

```
1
USE master;
2
G0
3
4
DROP PROCEDURE IF EXISTS dbo.sp_tdc_get_sql_managed_instance_iops_performance;
5
G0
```

```
6
```

```
7
SET ANSI_NULLS ON;
8
GO
9
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON;
10
G0
11
12
{\tt CREATE\ PROCEDURE\ dbo.sp\_tdc\_get\_sql\_managed\_instance\_iops\_performance}
13
AS
14
BEGIN;
15
16
17
    WITH DatabaseFiles AS (
18
                           SELECT DB_NAME(database_id)
      AS [Database Name],
19
```

```
type_desc
    AS [File Type],
20
                                 name
     AS [File Name],
21
                                 CAST(( size * 8.0 ) / 1024 AS DECIMAL(38, 1))
    AS [Size MB],
22
                                 CAST(( size * 8.0 ) / 1024 / 1024 AS
DECIMAL(38, 1)) AS [Size GB]
23
                          FROM sys.master_files
24
                          WHERE type IN ( 0 ) AND
25
                                 database_id >= 5
26
                          )
27
    SELECT DF.[Database Name],
28
             DF.[File Type],
29
             DF.[File Name],
30
             DF.[Size MB],
31
             DF.[Size GB],
32
             CASE WHEN DF.[Size GB] >= 0 AND
```

33	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 128 THEN 'P10'
34	
54	WHEN DE [Ci-c OD] > 400 AND
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 128 AND
35	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 256 THEN 'P15'
36	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 256 AND
0.7	
37	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 512 THEN 'P20'
38	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 512 AND
39	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 1024 THEN 'P30'
40	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 1024 AND
41	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 2048 THEN 'P40'
42	
•	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 2048 AND
	WILK DI.[GIZC OD] > ZO40 AND
43	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 4096 THEN 'P40'
44	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 4096 AND
45	
10	DF.[Size GB] <= 8192 THEN 'P50'
	PL.[2TSE OB] /- OTAS ILLEM LOA
46	
	ELSE 'P60'

47	
	END AS [Azure Disk],
48	
	CASE WHEN DF.[Size GB] >= 0 AND
49	
.,	DF.[Size GB] <= 128 THEN 500
50	
50	WHEN DE [Cizo CD] > 120 AND
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 128 AND
51	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 256 THEN 1100
52	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 256 AND
53	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 512 THEN 2300
54	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 512 AND
55	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 1024 THEN 5000
56	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 1024 AND
57	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 2048 THEN 7500
58	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 2048 AND
59	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 4096 THEN 7500
60	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 4096 AND

61	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 8192 THEN 12500
62	
	ELSE 12500
63	
	END AS [Max IOPS Per FILE],
64	
	CASE WHEN DF.[Size GB] >= 0 AND
65	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 128 THEN 100
66	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 128 AND
67	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 256 THEN 125
68	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 256 AND
69	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 512 THEN 150
70	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 512 AND
71	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 1024 THEN 200
72	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 1024 AND
73	
	DF.[Size GB] <= 2048 THEN 250
74	
	WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 2048 AND

```
75
                      DF.[Size GB] <= 4096 THEN 250
76
                 WHEN DF.[Size GB] > 4096 AND
77
                      DF.[Size GB] <= 8192 THEN 500
78
                 ELSE 500
79
             END AS [Max T/P Per File MiB/s]
80
             DatabaseFiles AS DF
    FROM
81
    ORDER BY DF.[Database Name],
82
             DF.[File Type];
83
END;
84
GO
85
86
```

## Follow me

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I love pushing Business Intelligence in unexpected directions. I apply software development principles to Data Engineering, Business Intelligence & Analytics. Where possible we automate everything with CI & CD.

You always find me translating between programmers, data engineers, system administrator, project managers and business leaders.

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