

# Tuples & Sets

## Agenda

- Tuples basics
- Tuple methods
- Sets basics
- Set methods

def abc():  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

def abc():  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

# Tuples

immutable data structure

No modifications whatsoever

- Cannot append / insert
- Cannot remove
- Cannot update

$t = ( \underline{1}, 2, \underline{[5, 6, 10]} )$

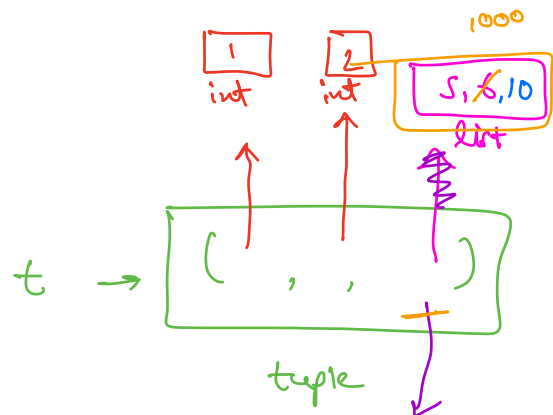
↑  
 $t[2]$

✓  $t[2].append(10)$  ✓

$t[2][1] = 1000$

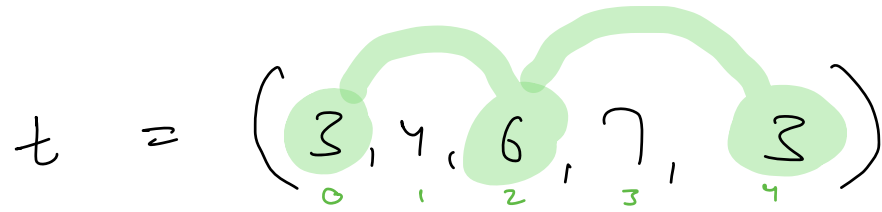
$t[2] = [10, 20, 30]$  ✗

↑  
Not work



$[10, 20, 30]$   
list

Quiz



$t[::2]$

○ start → default  
end → default  
step = 2

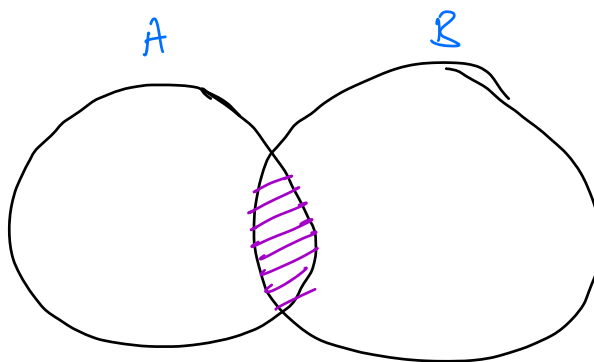
$(3, 6, 3)$

# Sets

Exactly like mathematical sets

## Set Theory

### Intersection



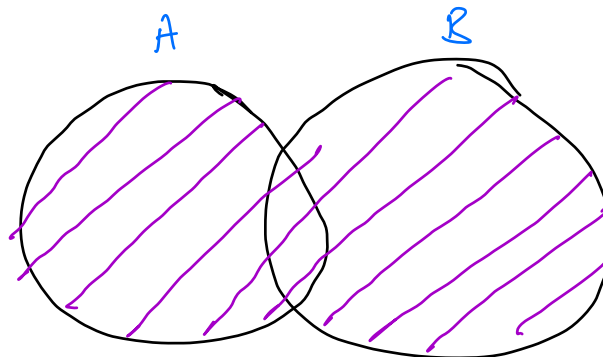
$$A \cap B$$

$$A \subseteq B$$

A. intersection (B)

B. intersection (A)

### Union



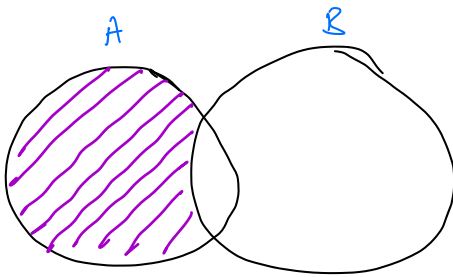
$$A \cup B$$

$$A \mid B$$

A. union (B)

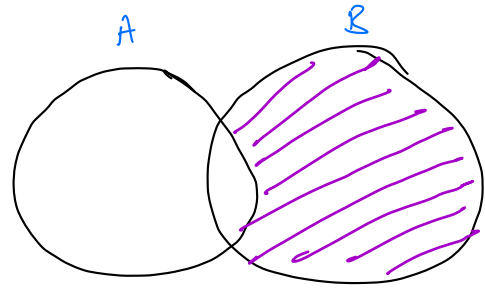
B. union (A)

## Difference



$$A - B$$

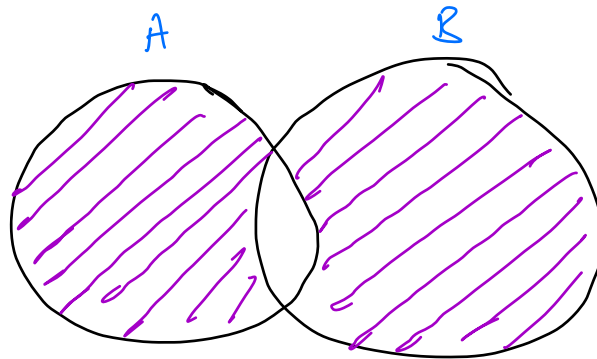
$$A \setminus B$$



$$B - A$$

$$B \setminus A$$

## Symmetric Difference



Union

$$A \cup B$$

$$A \vee B$$

-

-

-

Intersection

$$A \cap B$$

$$A \wedge B$$

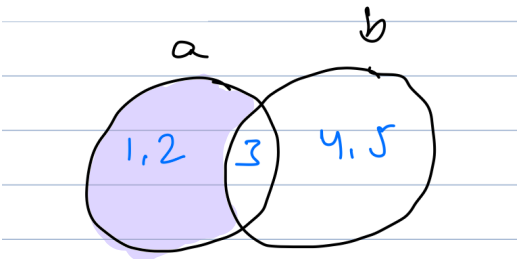
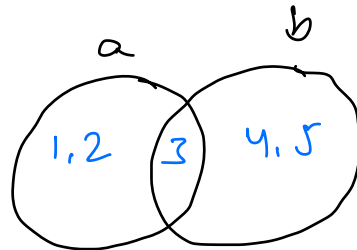
$$A \oplus B$$

## Quiz 7

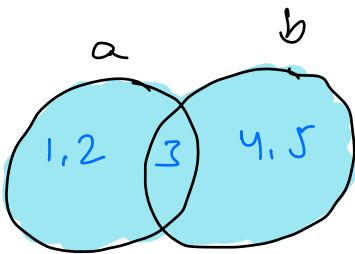
What is the output of the following?

```
a = {1, 2, 3}
b = {3, 4, 5}
print(a-b) - {1, 2}
print(a.union(b)) - {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
print(a.intersection(b)) - {3}
```

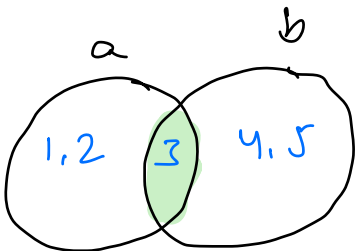
Option B



$$a - b = \{1, 2\}$$



$$a \cup b = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$



$$a \cap b = \{3\}$$

## Quiz 8

What is the value of x in the code snippet below?

```
set1 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}  
set2 = {2, 4, 5, 6, 7}  
x = set1 | set2
```

Union

{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}

# Doubts

Intermediate

—

Time & Space Complexity

Arrays — Algorithm

Searching & Sorting  
Algorithms

Hashing

Strings

Maths

and more

---

Good  
Night

Thank  
You

Wednesday