

- 1) Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers & an empty method named printArea(). provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle & Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contain the method printArea() that prints the area of the given shape.

package sample;

```
abstract class Shape {  
    protected int dimension1;  
    protected int dimension2;  
    public Shape(int dimension1, int dimension2) {  
        this.dimension1 = dimension1;  
        this.dimension2 = dimension2; }  
    public abstract void printArea(); }
```

```
class Rectangle extends Shape {  
    public Rectangle(int length, int width) {  
        super(length, width); }  
    public void printArea() {  
        int area = dimension1 * dimension2;  
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle: " + area); } }
```

```
class Triangle extends Shape {  
    public Triangle(int base, int height) {  
        super(base, height); }  
    public void printArea() {  
        double area = 0.5 * dimension1 * dimension2;  
        S.O.P ("Area of triangle: " + area); } }
```

```
class Circle extends Shape {  
    public Circle(int radius) {
```

```
super (radius, 0);  
public void printArea () {  
    double area = Math.PI * dimension1 * dimension1;  
    S.O.P ("Area of circle:" + area);  
}
```

```
public class mainShape { public static void main (String args[]) {  
    Rectangle rectangle = new Rectangle (4, 5);  
    rectangle.printArea();  
    Triangle triangle = new Triangle (3, 6);  
    triangle.printArea();  
    Circle circle = new Circle (7);  
    circle.printArea(); } }
```

Output:

Area of Rectangle : 20

Area of Triangle : 9.0

Area of Circle : 153.938040025

AREA CALCULATION - ABSTRACT CLASS

```
import java.util.Scanner;

abstract class Shape{
    int a,b;
    Shape(int a,int b){
        this.a=a;
        this.b=b;
    }
    public abstract void printArea();
}

class Rectangle extends Shape{
    Rectangle(int length,int breadth){
        super(length,breadth);
    }
    public void printArea(){
        System.out.println("Area of Rectangle = "+(a*b));
    }
}

class Triangle extends Shape{
    Triangle(int base,int height){
        super(base,height);
    }
    public void printArea(){
        System.out.println("Area of Triangle = "+(0.5*a*b));
    }
}

class Circle extends Shape{
    Circle(int radius){
        super(radius,0);
    }
    public void printArea(){
        System.out.println("Area of Circle = "+(Math.PI*a*a));
    }
}

public class Area {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter length and breadth of Rectangle");
        int length=sc.nextInt();
        int breadth=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter base and height of Triangle");
        int base=sc.nextInt();
    }
}
```

AREA CALCULATION - ABSTRACT CLASS

```
        int height=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter radius of a Circle");
        int radius=sc.nextInt();

        Rectangle rectangle=new Rectangle(length, breadth);
        Triangle triangle=new Triangle(base, height);
        Circle circle=new Circle(radius);

        rectangle.printArea();
        triangle.printArea();
        circle.printArea();

    }
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
Enter length and breadth of Rectangle
10 20
Enter base and height of Triangle
2 5
Enter radius of a Circle
8
Area of Rectangle = 200
Area of Triangle = 5.0
Area of Circle = 201.06192982974676
```