2013

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Programs are tested with compiler and respective IDEs Bloodshed-DevC++, Visual Studio 2008, Qt 4.2. These are running successfully with console in windows platform. So just enjoy coding. For Visual Studio 2008 and Qt 4.2, please notice the note at the end.

1. Write a C++ program WAP to print:

```
a) 0
1 1
2 3 5
8 13 21 34
```

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
class Fibonacci Ladder
      public:
             Fibonacci Ladder();
             virtual ~Fibonacci Ladder();
             int cal sumation(int i val);
             void calc fibonacci no(int i count);
             int disp ladder(int i nam);
             int *iptr fib buffer;
};
Fibonacci Ladder::Fibonacci Ladder()
Fibonacci Ladder::~Fibonacci Ladder()
}
int Fibonacci Ladder::cal sumation(int i val)
    int i count = 0;
    for (int i count 1 = 0; i count 1 <= i val;
    ++i count 1)
        for (int i count 2 = 0; i count 2 < i count 1;
    ++i count 2)
            ++i count;
    return i count;
void Fibonacci Ladder::calc fibonacci no(int i count)
     int i count fib = cal sumation(i count);
     iptr fib buffer = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int) *
    i count fib);
     int i nam 0, i nam 1, i nam 2;
     i nam 0 = 0;
```

```
i nam 1 = 1;
     iptr fib buffer[0] = i nam 0;
     iptr fib buffer[1] = i nam 1;
     for (int i lp count = 2; i lp count < i count fib;
    ++i lp count)
         i nam 2 = i nam 1 + i nam 0;
         i nam 0 = i nam 1;
         i nam 1 = i nam 2;
         iptr fib buffer[i lp count] = i nam 2;
     }
     std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
int Fibonacci Ladder::disp ladder(int i nam)
    calc fibonacci no(i nam);
    int i size = 0;
    for (int i r count = 0; i r count <= i nam;</pre>
    ++i r count)
        std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
        for (int i c count = 0; i c count < i r count;</pre>
    ++i c count)
        {
            std::cout<<iptr fib buffer[i size]<<"\t";</pre>
            ++i size;
    }
    std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
int main()
    int i choice = 0;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter number of Rows to</pre>
    calculate Fibbonacci Ladder: ";
    std::cin>>i choice;
    Fibonacci Ladder cl fib;
    cl fib.disp ladder(i choice);
```

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```
std::cout<<"\n\n\n";
std::system("pause");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

- 2. Write a C++ program by using functions
 - a) Sum of Digits of a number (recursive)
 - b) Maximum digit of a number.
 - c) Deletion of a specific digit from a number.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
class Digit
      public:
              Digit();
              virtual ~Digit();
              void set num(void);
              int get num(void);
              void sum of digit(int i val = 0);
              void maximum digit(int \bar{i} val = 0);
              void delete digit(int i val = 0);
              int i num;
};
Digit::Digit():
i num(0)
{
}
Digit::~Digit()
void Digit::set num(void)
{
     int i val = 0;
     std::cout<<"\n\tEnter a number: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i val;
     i_num = i_val;
}
```

```
int Digit::get num(void)
{
    return i num;
}
void Digit::sum_of_digit(int i_val)
     static int i rem = 0;
     i rem += i num%10;
     i num = i num/10;
     if (i num > 0)
        sum of digit(i num);
     else
         std::cout<<"\n\tThe sum of Digit:</pre>
"<<i rem<<std::endl;
     }
void Digit::maximum digit(int i val)
    static int i max = 0;
    int i rem = i num%10;
    i num = i num/10;
    if (i max < i rem)</pre>
       i max = i rem;
    if (i num > 0)
          maximum digit(i num);
    }
    else
        std::cout<<"The Maximum Digit: "<<i max;</pre>
}
void Digit::delete digit(int i val)
     int i_rem, i_num_1;
     i rem = i num 1 = 0;
     while (i num > 0)
           i rem = i num%10;
           i num = i num/10;
```

```
if (i rem == i val)
               std::cout<<"\n\tDigit to delete:
"<<i rem<<std::endl;
           else
                i num 1 = i num 1 * 10 + i rem;
            }
     }
     while (i num 1 > 0)
           i rem = i num 1%10;
           i num 1 = i num 1/10;
           i num = i num * 10 + i rem;
     std::cout<<"\n\tThe number obtained: "<<i num<<std::endl;</pre>
}
int create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Digit Analizer***"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\tTo find sum of digits (Press - 1):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\tTo find maximum digit (Press - 2):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\tTo delete a digit (Press - 3): "<<std::endl;</pre>
    int i choice = 0;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter your choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>i choice;
    return i choice;
}
int main()
    int i switch = create menu();
    Digit digit instance;
    digit instance.set num();
    switch (i switch)
           case 1:
                 digit instance.sum of digit();
           case 2:
                 digit instance.maximum digit();
                 break;
           case 3:
```

3. Write a C++ program to implement function overloading by implementing the power() in the following different forms . power() to raise a number a^b. The function takes a DOUBLE value for a and INT value for b. Use a default value of 2 for b to make the function to calculate squares when this argument is omitted. And also implements another power function that performs same operations but takes INT for both a and b.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
class Power Calculator
{
      public:
             Power Calculator();
             virtual ~Power Calculator();
             double power(double d base, int i exponent = 2);
             int power(int i base, int i exponent);
};
Power Calculator::Power_Calculator()
}
Power Calculator::~Power Calculator()
{
}
double Power Calculator::power(double d base, int i exponent)
    int i count = 0;
    double d res = 1.0;
    for (i count = 0; i count < i exponent; ++i count)</pre>
```

```
d res *= d base;
    return d res;
}
int Power Calculator::power(int i base, int i exponent)
    int i count, i res;
    i count = i res = 1;
    for (i count = 0; i count < i exponent; ++i count)</pre>
        i res *= i base;
    return i res;
}
int create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Power Calculator***"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\tTo calculate square of any number
'(double)a' (Press - 1): "<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\tTo calculate power of any number 'in form</pre>
(int) a raise to (int)b' (Press - 2): "<<std::endl;
    int i choice = 0;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter your choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>i choice;
    return i choice;
}
int main()
    double d base, d res;
    d base = d res = 0.0;
    int i res, i base, i_exponent;
    i base = i exponent = i res = 0;
    int i switch = create menu();
    Power Calculator pow calc;
    switch (i switch)
           case 1:
                 std::cout<<"\n\tPlease enter base value</pre>
(double): ";
                 std::cin>>d base;
                 d res = pow calc.power(d base);
                 std::cout<<"\n\tThe result: "<<d res;</pre>
                 break;
```

4. Create a class called Employee that contains Employee number, employee name, designation, basic pay, deductions (LIC, PF). Include a member function to get data from user for 'n' employees. Write a C++ program to prepare the payslips for 'n' number of employees using the following details:

```
D.A = 40% of basic pay
H.R.A = 25% of basic pay
Gpay = basic pay + D.A. + H.R.A.
Npay = Gpay - deductions
The result of problems is in given format:
Emp. no Emp. name Basic D.A. H.R.A. L.I.C. P.F. Gpay Npay
```

Program:

```
int i deductions pf;
              int i da;
              int i hra;
              int i gpay;
              int i npay;
};
Employee::Employee() :
str employee name(""),
str designation(""),
i employee number(0),
i basic pay(0),
i deductions lic(0),
i deductions pf(0)
Employee::~Employee()
}
void Employee::get user data()
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tEmployee Name: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str employee name;
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Number: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i employee number;
     std::cout<<"\n\tBasic Pay: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i basic pay;
     std::cout<<"\n\tLIC: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i deductions lic;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPF: ";
     std::cin>>i deductions pf;
     std::cout<<"\n\tDesignation: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str designation;
     calc salary details();
}
void Employee::calc salary details()
{
     i da = 0.4f * i basic pay;
     i hra = 0.25f * i basic pay;
     i gpay = i basic pay + i da + i hra;
     i npay = i gpay - (i deductions lic + i deductions pf);
}
void Employee::display details()
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tEmployee Name: "<<str employee name;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tDesignation: "<<str designation;</pre>
```

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```
std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Number: "<<i employee number;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tBasic Pay: "<<i basic pay;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tLIC: "<<i deductions lic;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tPF: "<<i deductions pf;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tDA: "<<i da;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tHRA: "<<i hra;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tGPay: "<< i gpay;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tNPay: "<<i npay;</pre>
}
int create menu(void)
{
    int i choice;
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Pay Slip Calculator***"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter number of employees: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>i choice;
    return i choice;
}
int main()
    int i num = create menu();
    Employee *emp = (Employee*) malloc(sizeof(Employee) *
i num);
    for (int i count = 0; i count < i num; ++i count)</pre>
         emp[i count].get user data();
    for (int i count = 0; i count < i num; ++i count)</pre>
         emp[i count].display details();
    std::cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

- 5. Create a class ElectricityBill that contains Customer _number, Customer_name, Customer_age, Customer_address, unit_consumed, Customer_bill. Write a Menu driven C++ program to display the Customer _number, Customer_name and Customer_address of the Customer for the following conditions:
 - (i) if Unit_Consumed is less than equal to 200 then rate is 4 Rs/Unit.
 - (ii) if Unit_Consumed is greater than 200 and less than equal to 500 then rate is 5 Rs/Units for units exceeding units 200.

(iii) if Unit_Consumed is greater than 500 then rate is 6 Rs/Units, first 200 Units rate

will be again 4 Rs/Unit and 200 to 500 units will be charged by 5 Rs/Units.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
class ElectricityBill Generator
      public:
             ElectricityBill Generator();
             virtual ~ElectricityBill Generator();
             void set unit consumed(int il units consumed);
             void set details(int il units consumed);
             void display details();
             int i customer number;
             int i customer age;
             int i units consumed;
             std::string str customer address;
             std::string str customer name;
             double d customer bill;
};
ElectricityBill Generator::ElectricityBill Generator()
     i customer number = 0;
     i customer age = 0;
     i units consumed = 0;
     str customer address = "";
     str customer name = "";
     d customer bill = 0.0;
}
ElectricityBill Generator::~ElectricityBill Generator()
{
}
void ElectricityBill Generator::set unit consumed(int
il units consumed)
     i units consumed = il units consumed;
     set details(i units consumed);
}
void ElectricityBill Generator::set details(int
il units consumed)
```

```
double d rate = 0.0;
     std::string str temp = "";
     if (il units consumed < 200)
        d rate = 4.0;
        d customer bill = il units consumed * d rate;
        i customer number = rand() * 1000;
        i customer age = (rand() * 100) - 30;
        for (int i count = 0; i count < 4; ++i count)</pre>
            str temp += ((rand() * 10) + 'a');
        str customer name = str_temp;
        str temp = "";
        for (int i count = 0; i count < 13; ++i count)</pre>
            str temp += ((rand() * 10) + 'a');
        str customer address = str temp;
     else if ((il units consumed > 200) && (il units consumed <
500))
     {
          d rate = 5.0;
          int i temp units = 0;
          i temp units = (il units consumed - 200);
          d customer bill = i temp units * (d rate);
          d customer bill += (il units consumed -
i temp units) * (d rate - 1);
          i customer number = rand() % 1000;
          i customer age = (rand() % 100) - 30;
          for (int i count = 0; i count < 4; ++i count)</pre>
              str temp += ((rand() % 10) + 'a');
          str customer name = str temp;
          str temp = "";
          for (int i_count = 0; i_count < 13; ++i_count)</pre>
              str temp += ((rand() % 10) + 'a');
          str customer address = str temp;
     else if (il units consumed > 500)
          d rate = 6.0;
          int i temp units = 0;
          d customer bill += 200 * (d rate - 2);
          i temp units = (il units consumed - 200);
          d customer bill += 300 * (d rate - 1);
```

```
i temp units = (il units consumed - 300);
           d customer bill += i temp units * (d rate);
          i customer number = rand() % 1000;
           i customer age = (rand() % 100) - 30;
          for (int i count = 0; i count < 4; ++i count)</pre>
               str temp += ((rand() % 10) + 'a');
           str customer name = str temp;
          str temp = "";
           for (int i count = 0; i count < 13; ++i count)</pre>
               str temp += ((rand() % 10) + 'a');
          str customer address = str temp;
     display details();
}
void ElectricityBill Generator::display details()
     std::cout<<"\tCustomer Number:</pre>
"<<i customer number<<std::endl;
     std::cout<<"\tAge: "<<i customer age<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\tUnits Consumed:</pre>
"<<i units consumed<<std::endl;
     std::cout<<"\tBill: "<<d customer bill<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\tName of Customer:</pre>
"<<str customer name<<std::endl;
     std::cout<<"\tAddress:
"<<str customer address<<std::endl;
     std::cout<<"Sorry it's your Address ;)";</pre>
}
int get units(void)
    int i choice = 0;
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Electricity Bill</pre>
Generator***"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease Enter units consumed: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>i choice;
    std::cout<<std::endl;</pre>
    return i choice;
}
int main()
    int i units = get units();
```

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```
ElectricityBill_Generator bill_gen;
bill_gen.set_unit_consumed(i_units);

std::cout<<"\n\n\n";
system("PAUSE");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

6. Declare a class called time having hours, minutes and seconds as member variables. Define a member function called add_time that accepts two objects of type time class, performs addition of time in hours, minutes and seconds format and returns an object of type time class. Write appropriate functions for initialization and display of member functions.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
class Time
      public:
              Time();
              virtual ~Time();
              void set time(void);
              void get time(void);
              int i hours;
              int i mins;
              int i secs;
};
Time::Time():
i hours(0),
i mins(0),
i secs(0)
{
Time::~Time()
}
void Time::set time()
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tHours: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i hours;
     std::cout<<"\n\tMinutes: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i mins;
     std::cout<<"\n\tSeconds: ";</pre>
```

```
std::cin>>i secs;
}
void Time::get time()
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tHours: "<<i hours;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tMinutes: "<<i mins;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tSeconds: "<<i secs;</pre>
}
Time& add time(Time& t ob 1, Time& t ob 2)
      static Time t res;
      int i temp;
      if (t ob 1.i hours > 24)
         t ob 1.i hours /= 24;
      if (t ob 1.i mins \geq 60)
         i_temp = t_ob_1.i_mins / 60;
         t ob 1.i hours += i temp;
         t ob 1.i mins = t ob 1.i mins % 60;
      }
      if (t ob 1.i secs \geq 60)
         i temp = t ob 1.i secs / 60;
         t ob 1.i mins += i temp;
         t_ob_1.i_secs = t_ob_1.i_secs % 60;
      }
      if (t ob 2.i hours > 24)
         t ob 2.i hours /= 24;
      if (t ob 2.i mins \geq 60)
         i_temp = t_ob_2.i_mins / 60;
         t ob 2.i hours += i temp;
         t ob 2.i mins = t ob 2.i mins % 60;
      }
      if (t ob 2.i secs \geq 60)
         i temp = t ob 2.i secs / 60;
         t ob 2.i mins += i temp;
         t ob 2.i secs = t ob 2.i secs % 60;
```

```
}
      t res.i hours = t ob 1.i hours + t ob 2.i hours;
      t res.i mins = t ob 1.i mins + t ob 2.i mins;
      t res.i secs = t ob 1.i secs + t ob 2.i secs;
      return t res;
}
int create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Time Calculator***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
}
int main()
    create menu();
    Time t obj 1;
    t obj 1.set time();
    Time t obj 2;
    t obj \overline{2}.set time();
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tAdded Result of Time: "<<std::endl;</pre>
    Time time = add time(t obj 1, t obj 2);
    time.get time();
    std::cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

7. Write C++ programs that illustrate various types of constructors.

Program:

```
int i salary;
};
Employee::Employee()
    str emp name = " blank ";
    str_emp_code = "__blank__";
    i salary = 0;
}
Employee::~Employee()
}
void Employee::display()
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tEmployee Name: "<<str emp name;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Code: "<<str emp code;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Salary: "<<i salary;</pre>
}
class Manager : public Employee
      public:
             Manager();
             virtual ~Manager();
              void set value(void);
              void display(void);
              int i num assignments;
};
Manager::Manager()
Manager::~Manager()
{
}
void Manager::set value(void)
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease enter name: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str emp name;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease enter code: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str emp code;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease eneter salary: ";
     std::cin>>i salary;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease eneter numnber of assignment: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i num assignments;
```

```
void Manager::display(void)
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tEmployee (Manager) Details you Entered</pre>
"<<std::endl;
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Name: "<<str emp name;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Code: "<<str emp code;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Salary: "<<i salary;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tNumber of Assignment:</pre>
"<<i num assignments;
class Clerk: public Employee
      public:
              Clerk();
              virtual ~Clerk();
              void set value(void);
              void display(void);
              int i allowance;
};
Clerk::Clerk()
Clerk::~Clerk()
{
void Clerk::set value(void)
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease enter name: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str emp name;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease enter code: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str emp code;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease eneter salary: ";
     std::cin>>i salary;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease eneter allowance: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>i allowance;
}
void Clerk::display(void)
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tEmployee (Clerk) Details you Entered</pre>
"<<std::endl;
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Name: "<<str emp name;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Code: "<<str emp code;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tEmployee Salary: "<<i salary;</pre>
```

```
std::cout<<"\n\tAllowance: "<<i allowance;</pre>
}
int create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Employee (Inheritance</pre>
Relation) ***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\tTo enter details for Manager (Press - 1):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\tTo enter details for Clerk (Press - 2):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    int i choice = 0;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter your choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>i choice;
    return i choice;
}
int main()
    int i switch = create menu();
    switch (i switch)
            case 1:
                    Manager obj manager;
                    obj manager.set value();
                    obj manager.display();
                    break;
            case 2:
                    Clerk obj clerk;
                    obj clerk.set value();
                    obj_clerk.display();
                    break;
    }
    std::cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

8. Write C++ programs that illustrate how the following forms of inheritance are supported:

a) Single inheritance

- b) Multiple inheritance
- c) Multi level inheritance
- d) Hierarchical inheritance

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
class Human Being
      public:
             Human Being();
             virtual ~Human Being();
             virtual void human(int i age, std::string
str gender) = 0;
             int i age;
             std::string str gender;
};
Human Being::Human Being()
}
Human Being::~Human Being()
}
class Girl : public Human Being
      public:
             Girl();
             virtual ~Girl();
             void human(int il age, std::string strl gender);
             int i age;
             std::string str gender;
};
Girl::Girl()
{
Girl::~Girl()
}
void Girl::human(int il_age, std::string strl_gender)
```

```
i age = il age;
     str gender = strl gender;
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tYou Entered "<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tAge: "<<i age;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tGender: "<<str gender;</pre>
}
class Boy : public Human Being
      public:
              Boy();
              virtual ~Boy();
              void human(int il age, std::string strl gender);
              int i age;
              std::string str gender;
};
Boy::Boy()
{
Boy::~Boy()
{
}
void Boy::human(int il age, std::string strl gender)
{
     i age = il age;
     str gender = strl gender;
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tYou Entered "<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tAge: "<<i age;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tGender: "<<str gender;</pre>
}
int create menu(void)
{
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Humanity Test***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\tTo enter details for Boy (Press - b):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\tTo enter details for Girl (Press - g):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    char ch choice;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter your choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>ch choice;
```

```
return ch choice;
}
int main()
    int i switch = create menu();
    int i age;
    std::string str_gender;
    switch (i switch)
            case 'b':
                 {
                    std::cout<<"\n\tPlease Age: ";</pre>
                    std::cin>>i age;
                   Boy obj b;
                   obj b.human(i age, "Boy");
                   break;
            case 'q':
                    std::cout<<"\n\tPlease Age: ";</pre>
                    std::cin>>i age;
                   Girl obj g;
                    obj g.human(i age, "Girl");
                   break;
    }
    std::cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

9. Write a C++ program that illustrates the role of pure virtual function.

Program:

```
int i age;
             std::string str gender;
};
Human Being::Human Being()
Human Being::~Human Being()
}
class Girl : public Human Being
      public:
             Girl();
             virtual ~Girl();
             void human(int il age, std::string strl gender);
             int i age;
             std::string str gender;
};
Girl::Girl()
{
Girl::~Girl()
}
void Girl::human(int il age, std::string strl gender)
{
     i age = il age;
     str gender = strl gender;
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tYou Entered "<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tAge: "<<i_age;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tGender: "<<str gender;</pre>
}
class Boy : public Human Being
      public:
             Boy();
             virtual ~Boy();
             void human(int il age, std::string strl gender);
```

```
int i age;
              std::string str gender;
};
Boy::Boy()
}
Boy::~Boy()
{
}
void Boy::human(int il age, std::string strl gender)
     i age = il age;
     str gender = strl gender;
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tYou Entered "<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tAge: "<<i_age;</pre>
     std::cout<<"\n\tGender: "<<str gender;</pre>
}
int create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\t\t***Humanity Test***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\tTo enter details for Boy (Press - b):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\tTo enter details for Girl (Press - g):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    char ch choice;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter your choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>ch choice;
    return ch choice;
}
int main()
    int i switch = create menu();
    int i age;
    std::string str gender;
    switch (i switch)
            case 'b':
                    std::cout<<"\n\tPlease Age: ";</pre>
                    std::cin>>i age;
```

```
Boy obj_b;
    obj_b.human(i_age, "Boy");
    break;
}
case 'g':
    {
    std::cout<<"\n\tPlease Age: ";
    std::cin>>i_age;
    Girl obj_g;
    obj_g.human(i_age, "Girl");
    break;
}
}
std::cout<<"\n\n\n";
system("PAUSE");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

10. Create a class employee which has name, employee code and salary as its data members. Derive two classes called manager and clerk from employee. Manager has number of assistance as its data members and clerk has allowance as its data members. Override the function display() in both the derived classes which display information related to it. Use constructor and show how to achieve run time polymorphism.

Program:

```
Constructor Types::~Constructor Types()
Constructor Types::Constructor Types(int il data mem)
   i data mem = il data mem;
   std::cout<<"\n\tParametrized Constructor"<<std::endl;</pre>
   std::cout<<"\tStored value: "<<i data mem<<std::endl;</pre>
}
Constructor Types::Constructor Types (const Constructor Types
&obj ctor)
   i data mem = obj ctor.i data mem;
   std::cout<<"\n\tCopy Constructor"<<std::endl;</pre>
   std::cout<<"\n\tStored value: "<<i data mem<<std::endl;</pre>
}
int create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\n\t***Employee (Inheritance</pre>
Relation) ***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout<<"\n\tFor Default C-tor (Press - 1):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\n\tFor Parametrized C-tor (Press - 2):</pre>
"<<std::endl;
    std::cout<<"\n\tFor Copy C-tor (Press - 3): "<<std::endl;</pre>
    int i choice = 0;
    std::cout<<"\n\n\tPlease enter your choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin>>i choice;
    return i choice;
}
int main()
    int i switch = create menu();
    switch (i switch)
            case 1:
                   std::cout<<"\n\tDefault C-tor"<<std::endl;</pre>
                   Constructor Types obj ctor;
```

```
std::cout<<"\n\t-----
\n"<<std::endl;
                  break;
           case 2:
                  std::cout<<"\n\tParameterized C-</pre>
tor"<<std::endl;</pre>
                  Constructor Types obj ctor(10);
                  std::cout<<"\n\t-----
\n"<<std::endl;
                  break;
           case 3:
                  std::cout<<"\n\tCopy C-tor"<<std::endl;</pre>
                  Constructor Types obj ctor(10);
                  Constructor Types obj cpy ctor(obj ctor);
                  std::cout<<"\n\t-----
\n"<<std::endl;
                  break;
                }
    }
    std::cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

11. Write a C++ program to that counts the characters, lines and words in the text file.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>

template <class hi>hi gap(hi frnd_1, hi frnd_2)
{
         return (frnd_1 < frnd_2 ? frnd_2 : frnd_1);
}

template <class hi, class bye>hi long_gap(hi temp_1, bye temp_2)
{
         return (temp_1 < temp_2 ? temp_2 : temp_1);
}</pre>
```

```
int main()
          int inam 1, inam 2, iresult;
          long lnam 1, lnam 2, lresult;
          inam 1 = 3;
          inam 2 = inam 1++;
          iresult = gap<int>(inam 1, inam 2);
          printf("Greater Number(int): %d\n", iresult);
         lnam 1 = 1020304050;
          lnam 2 = lnam 1++;
          lresult = long gap<long>(lnam 1, lnam 2);
          printf("Greater Number(long): %ld\n", lresult);
          lresult = long gap<int,long>(inam 1, lnam 2);
          printf("Greater Number(long): %ld", lresult);
          getchar();
          return 0;
}
```

12. Write a C++ program which copies one file to another.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>

class File_Copy
{
    public:
        File_Copy();
        virtual ~File_Copy();

        void create_file(void);
        void read_write_data(void);
};

File_Copy::File_Copy()
{
}
```

```
File Copy::~File Copy()
}
void File Copy::create file()
   std::fstream l txt file;
   l txt file.open("hi file.txt", std::ios::out);
   l txt file<<"This is Saket. \nI like C++.\nThat's it</pre>
...;)\n";
   1 txt file.close();
void File Copy::read write data()
     std::fstream read txt file;
     read txt file.open("hi file.txt", std::ios::in);
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tReading From File:</pre>
hi file.txt"<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::fstream write txt file;
     write txt file.open("bye file.txt", std::ios::out);
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tWriting To File:</pre>
bye file.txt"<<std::endl;</pre>
     while (!read txt file.eof())
     {
            char temp char = read txt file.get();
            write txt file<<temp char;</pre>
     }
     write txt file.close();
     read txt file.close();
}
void create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\n\t***File Copy***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
int main()
```

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```
create_menu();

File_Copy obj_file;
obj_file.create_file();

obj_file.read_write_data();

std::cout<<"\n\n\n";
system("PAUSE");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

13. Write a C++ program to find a word in the text file.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
class File Search
      public:
             File Search();
             virtual ~File Search();
             void create file(void);
             void search word(void);
};
File Search::File Search()
}
File_Search::~File_Search()
{
void File Search::create file(void)
   std::fstream l txt file;
   1 txt file.open("search file.txt", std::ios::out);
   l txt file<<"This is Saket. \nI like C++.\nThat's it</pre>
...;)\n";
```

```
l txt file.close();
}
void File Search::search word(void)
     std::fstream read txt file;
     read txt file.open("search file.txt", std::ios::in);
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tSearching From File:</pre>
search file.txt"<<std::endl;</pre>
     std::string str word;
     std::cout<<"\n\tPlease enter word to search: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str_word;
     int i check = 0;
     while (!read txt file.eof())
            std::string str temp = "";
            char ch temp = 'a';
            if ((ch temp = read txt file.get()) != ' ')
               str temp += ch temp;
            else
                str temp += ' \setminus 0';
                if (str word.compare(str temp))
                   std::cout<<"\n\tWord Found";</pre>
                   i check = 1;
                   break;
                }
            }
     }
     if (i check == 0)
        std::cout<<"\n\tWord Not Found";</pre>
}
void create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\n\t***File Search***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
}
int main()
```

```
create_menu();

File_Search obj_file;
obj_file.create_file();

obj_file.search_word();

std::cout<<"\n\n\n";
system("PAUSE");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

14. Write a C++ program to implement Stack using Template.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
class STL Stack
      public:
             STL Stack();
             virtual ~STL Stack();
             void fill stack(void);
             void disp stack(void);
             std::stack<std::string> oops stack;
};
STL Stack::STL Stack()
}
STL Stack::~STL Stack()
void STL Stack::fill stack()
{
```

```
std::cout<<"\n\n\tEnter 000 to terminate:</pre>
"<<std::endl;
     std::string str temp;
     std::cout<<"\n\tEnter Name: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str temp;
     oops stack.push(str temp);
     while (str temp.compare("000") != 0)
     {
            std::cout<<"\n\tEnter Name: ";</pre>
            std::cin>>str temp;
            oops stack.push(str temp);
     }
     if (str temp.compare("000") == 0)
        std::cout<<"\n\tProcess terminated."<<std::endl;</pre>
}
void STL Stack::disp stack()
     std::cout<<"\n\tStack Content: "<<std::endl;</pre>
     while (!oops stack.empty())
            std::cout<<"\n\t"<<
oops stack.top() << std::endl;</pre>
            oops stack.pop();
     }
     std::cout<<"\n\tStack Empty."<<std::endl;</pre>
void create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\n\t***Stack***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
int main()
    create menu();
    STL Stack obj stack;
    obj stack.fill stack();
    obj stack.disp stack();
```

```
std::cout<<"\n\n\n";
system("PAUSE");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

15. Write a C++ program to implement Queue using Template.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
#include <string>
class STL Queue
      public:
             STL Queue();
             virtual ~STL Queue();
             void fill queue(void);
             void disp queue(void);
             std::queue<std::string> oops queue;
};
STL Queue::STL Queue()
}
STL Queue::~STL Queue()
void STL Queue::fill queue()
     std::cout<<"\n\n\tEnter 000 to terminate:</pre>
"<<std::endl;
     std::string str temp;
     std::cout<<"\n\tEnter Name: ";</pre>
     std::cin>>str temp;
     oops queue.push(str temp);
```

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```
while (str temp.compare("000") != 0)
     {
            std::cout<<"\n\tEnter Name: ";</pre>
            std::cin>>str temp;
            oops queue.push(str temp);
     }
     if (str_temp.compare("000") == 0)
        std::cout<<"\n\tProcess terminated."<<std::endl;</pre>
}
void STL Queue::disp queue()
     std::cout<<"\n\tStack Content: "<<std::endl;</pre>
     while (!oops queue.empty())
            std::cout<<"\n\t"<<
oops queue.front() << std::endl;</pre>
            oops queue.pop();
     }
     std::cout<<"\n\tStack Empty."<<std::endl;</pre>
void create menu(void)
    std::cout<<"\n\t***Stack***\n\n"<<std::endl;</pre>
int main()
    create menu();
    STL Queue obj queue;
    obj queue.fill queue();
    obj queue.disp queue();
    std::cout<<"\n\n\n";</pre>
    system("PAUSE");
    return 0;
}
```

16. Write a C++ program to create generic function using Template.

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
template <class hi>hi gap(hi frnd 1, hi frnd 2)
         return (frnd 1 < frnd 2 ? frnd 2 : frnd 1);</pre>
}
template <class hi, class bye>hi long gap(hi temp 1, bye
temp 2)
         return (temp 1 < temp 2 ? temp 2 : temp 1);</pre>
}
int main()
     int inam 1, inam 2, iresult;
     long lnam 1, lnam 2, lresult;
     inam 1 = 3;
     inam 2 = inam 1++;
     iresult = gap<int>(inam 1, inam 2);
     printf("Greater Number(int): %d\n", iresult);
     lnam 1 = 1020304050;
     lnam 2 = lnam 1++;
     lresult = long gap<long>(lnam 1, lnam 2);
     printf("Greater Number(long): %ld\n", lresult);
     lresult = long gap<int,long>(inam 1, lnam 2);
     printf("Greater Number(long): %ld", lresult);
     getchar();
     return 0;
}
```

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Note:

> For Visual Studio 2008 and Qt (version- 4.2) you need to format the code as, make all the initialization throughout the function to very initial steps after opening braces.