SQL Server: DROP LOGIN statement

techonthenet.com/sql_server/users/drop_login.php

This SQL Server tutorial explains how to use the SQL Server **DROP LOGIN statement** with syntax and examples.

Description

The DROP LOGIN statement is used to remove an identity (ie: Login) used to connect to a SQL Server instance.

Syntax

The syntax for the DROP LOGIN statement in SQL Server (Transact-SQL) is:

```
DROP LOGIN login_name;
```

Parameters or Arguments

user_name
The name of the Login to remove.

Note

- You can not drop a Login when it is currently logged into SQL Server.
- If you drop a Login that has database users mapped to it, the users will be orphaned in SQL Server.
- See also the <u>CREATE LOGIN statement</u> and the <u>ALTER LOGIN statement</u>.

Example

Let's look at an example that shows how to use the DROP LOGIN statement in SQL Server (Transact_SQL).

For example:

```
DROP LOGIN techonthenet;
```

This DROP LOGIN example would drop the Login called *techonthenet*. This DROP LOGIN statement will only run if *techonthenet* is not currently logged in. If *techonthenet* is currently logged into SQL Server, the DROP LOGIN statement will raise an error.