Java CardLayout

javatpoint.com/CardLayout

The CardLayout class manages the components in such a manner that only one component is visible at a time. It treats each component as a card that is why it is known as CardLayout.

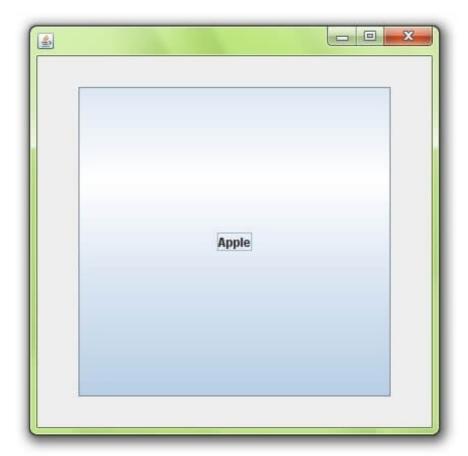
Constructors of CardLayout class

- 1. CardLayout(): creates a card layout with zero horizontal and vertical gap.
- 2. **CardLayout(int hgap, int vgap):** creates a card layout with the given horizontal and vertical gap.

Commonly used methods of CardLayout class

- public void next(Container parent): is used to flip to the next card of the given container.
- public void previous(Container parent): is used to flip to the previous card of the given container.
- public void first(Container parent): is used to flip to the first card of the given container.
- public void last(Container parent): is used to flip to the last card of the given container.
- public void show(Container parent, String name): is used to flip to the specified card with the given name.

Example of CardLayout class



- import java.awt.*;
- 2. import java.awt.event.*;
- import javax.swing.*;
- 4. publicclass CardLayoutExample extends JFrame implements ActionListener{
- 5. CardLayout card;
- 6. JButton b1,b2,b3;

```
7. Container c;
 8.
      CardLayoutExample(){
 9.
         c=getContentPane();
10.
         card=new CardLayout(40,30);
         c.setLayout(card);
11.
         b1=new JButton("Apple");
12.
13.
         b2=new JButton("Boy");
         b3=new JButton("Cat");
14.
15.
         b1.addActionListener(this);
         b2.addActionListener(this);
16.
17.
         b3.addActionListener(this);
18.
         c.add("a",b1);c.add("b",b2);c.add("c",b3);
19.
      publicvoid actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
20.
21.
      card.next(c);
22.
      }
23.
      publicstaticvoid main(String[] args) {
         CardLayoutExample cl=new CardLayoutExample();
24.
25.
         cl.setSize(400,400);
26.
         cl.setVisible(true);
         cl.setDefaultCloseOperation(EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
27.
28.
      }
29. }
```