

1. For the SQL query given,

There only exists 2 columns

but for the given

Select zpername from Zooemp Table

order by zasc

3 column doesn't exist

Hence,

the output shown is error.

2) Select \* from employee

where

Select Em1name from employee

Select Em1name from employees Em1,  
employees Em2

where

Em1.policy = Em2.policy.

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3. Select \* From Employee Where Sal = volume

Select max (sal - volume) From  
Employee

Where sal - volume IN (

Select Distinct top N

Sal - from Employee  
volume

Order by Sal - volume

DESC

N → N<sup>th</sup> highest salary

4. false

All related objects are dropped in the SQL, which exists inside a table like columns, index, constraints. AS sorted procedures and drop views are will exist outside of the table.

5. for alternate records we have two cases for even number records

select \*

from ( select std-ID, Std-Dep, std-course  
std-course-name from Std-Info  
- Details

Where MOD (rownum, 2) = 0

for odd number records

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Select \*

From ( Select rownum, std-ID, std-Dep,  
std-course std-course  
- name

from std-Intro-  
Details

where MOD ( rownum, 2 )  
= 1

)

6.) Select Top 0 \* Into

Emp - Empty-table form

Uni-table.

we here. Copy Top 0 from Uni-table to empty-table as we did this the Top 0 remains empty.

7. To delete the duplicate record with SQL Server we can use the Set Rowcount command to limit the no of rows affected by a query

Select \* From Employee table.

Declare @id int = 1

If Exist (Select count(\*) From Emp table  
where ID = @ having  
count(\*) > 1)

Begin

Set Rowcount 1

Delete from Employee table where  
ID = @Id

Set Row count .

End

8)