

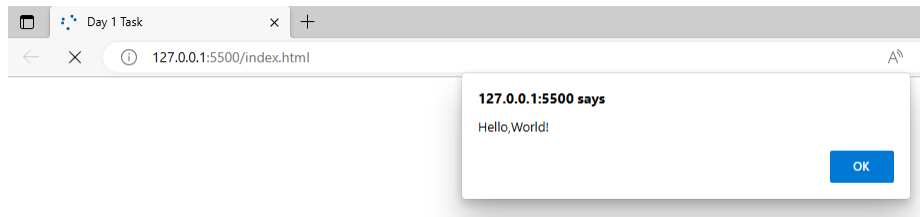
MERN STACK DAY 1 : TASKS

Task 1:

Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Day 1 Task</title>
</head>
<body>
  <script>
alert('Hello,World!');
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:



Task 2:

Datatypes → (INT,STRING,BOOLEAN,BIGINT,OBJECT)

```
> let a=10
a
10
a="hi";
a
'hi'
a=true;
a
true
a=34465576;
a
34465576
a={fruit:'apple',vegetable:'onion'};
a.vegetable;
< 'onion'
```

Task 3:

Arithmetic operations →

MERN STACK DAY 1 : TASKS

```
> let a=2;
    let b=3;
    a+b;
< 5
> a-b;
< -1
> a/b;
< 0.6666666666666666
> a%b;
< 2
> a**b;
< 8
>
```

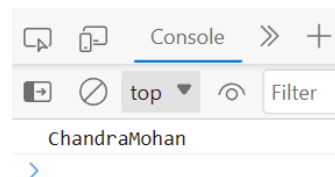
Task -4

String concatenate →

Code:

```
<body>
  <script>
let   str1="Chandra";
let   str2="Mohan";
console.log(str1+str2);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a web browser's developer console. The 'Console' tab is selected, displaying the output 'ChandraMohan' in green text. The console interface includes standard icons for opening, saving, and clearing the console, as well as a 'Filter' button and a 'top' dropdown menu.

Task 5:

Using typeof() →

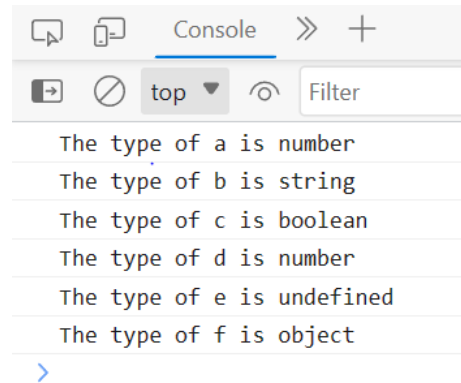
Code:

```
<body>
  <script>
let a=10;
let b="HI";
let c=true;
let d=545676788;
let e;
let f={Fruit:"Mango",Vegetable:"cabbage"};
console.log("The type of a is "+typeof(a));
console.log("The type of b is "+typeof(b));
```

MERN STACK DAY 1 : TASKS

```
console.log("The type of c is "+typeof(c));
console.log("The type of d is "+typeof(d));
console.log("The type of e is "+typeof(e));
console.log("The type of f is "+typeof(f));
</script>
```

Output:



Task 6:

Single line comment → mentioned using // → (When you comment only single line)

Multi line comment → mentioned using /* */ → (When you comment multiple lines)

```
//Welcome to JavaScript.It is a kind of Scripting language -----> Single line
Comment (Using // );

/*
JavaScript (JS) is a lightweight interpreted (or just-in-time compiled)
programming language with
first-class functions. While it is most well-known as the scripting language
for Web pages,
many non-browser environments also use it, such as Node.js, Apache CouchDB and
Adobe Acrobat
-----> Multiline comment    */
```

Task 7:

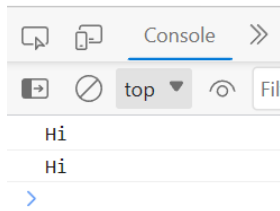
Diff between semicolon-separated and not separated lines

Code:

```
<body>
  <script>
console.log("Hi");
console.log("Hi")
  </script>
</body>
```

MERN STACK DAY 1 : TASKS

Output: There is no change in behavior



Task 8:

Code: Format nested loops using array(unique or not)→

```
let arr=[10,30,20,40];
let count=0;
for(let i=0;i<arr.length;i++){

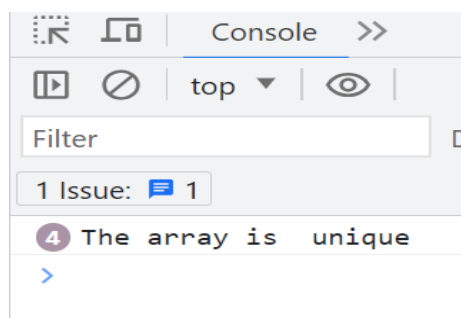
    for(let j=i+1;j<arr.length;j++){

        if(arr[i] == arr[j] ){
console.log("The array is not unique");
break;
count++;
        }

    }
    if(count>1){

        break;
    }
else{
    console.log("The array is unique");
}
}
```

Output:



MERN STACK DAY 1 : TASKS

Task-9

Multiple variables in single line→

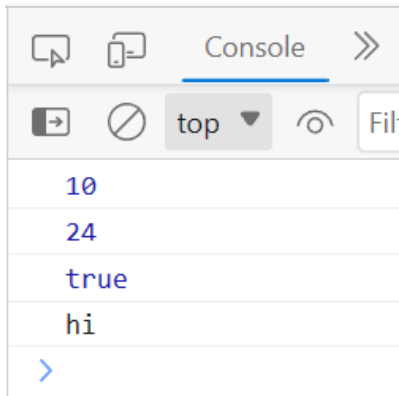
Code:

```
<script>

    let a=10, b=24 , c=true, d="hi";
    console.log(a);
    console.log(b);
    console.log(c);
    console.log(d);
</script>
```

Output:

MERN STACK DAY 1 : TASKS



Task-10

Script tag at the top and bottom of an HTML document→

Code:

```
<script>
  console.log("Welcome to JavaScript");
</script>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Day 1 Task</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
<script>
  console.log("Welcome to Js");
</script>
```

Output:

There is no changes in behavior. We can give internal JS in both Top and bottom tags.

