

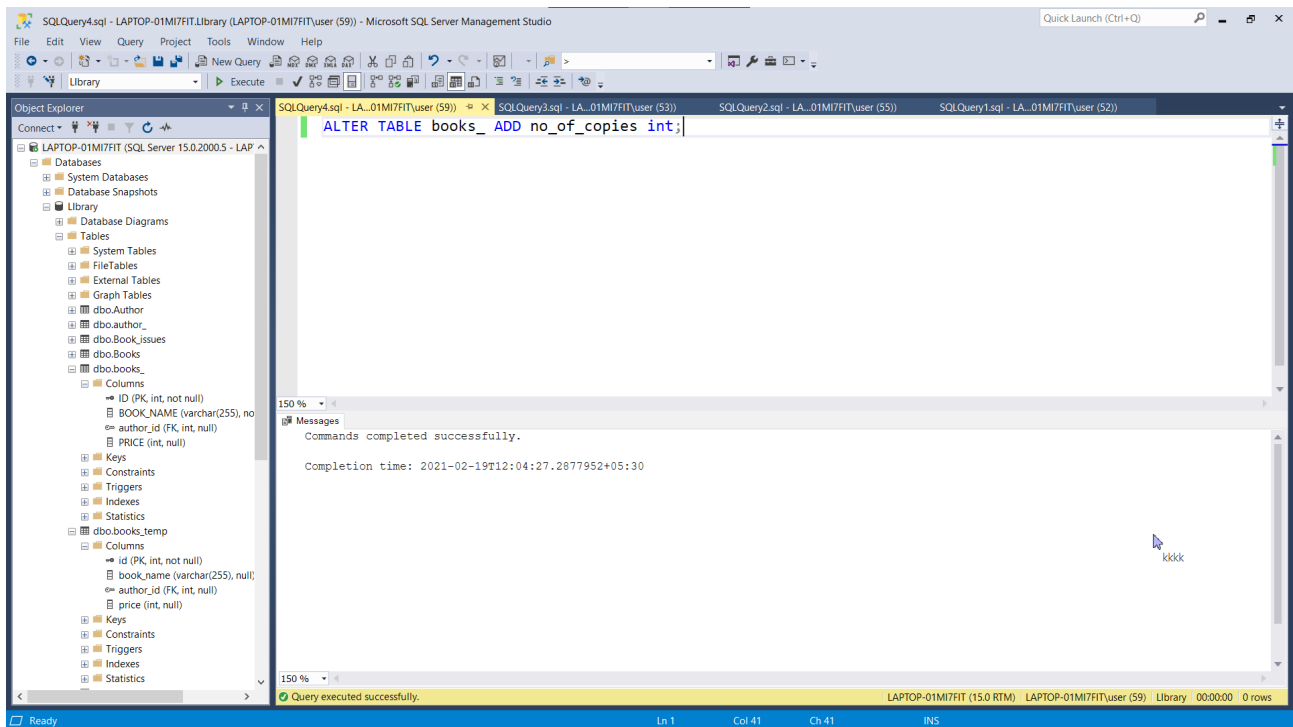
Group - 7

1) Add, Modify and Delete Column using Alter Command

i) ADD

Command ; - ALTER TABLE books_ ADD no.of_copies int;

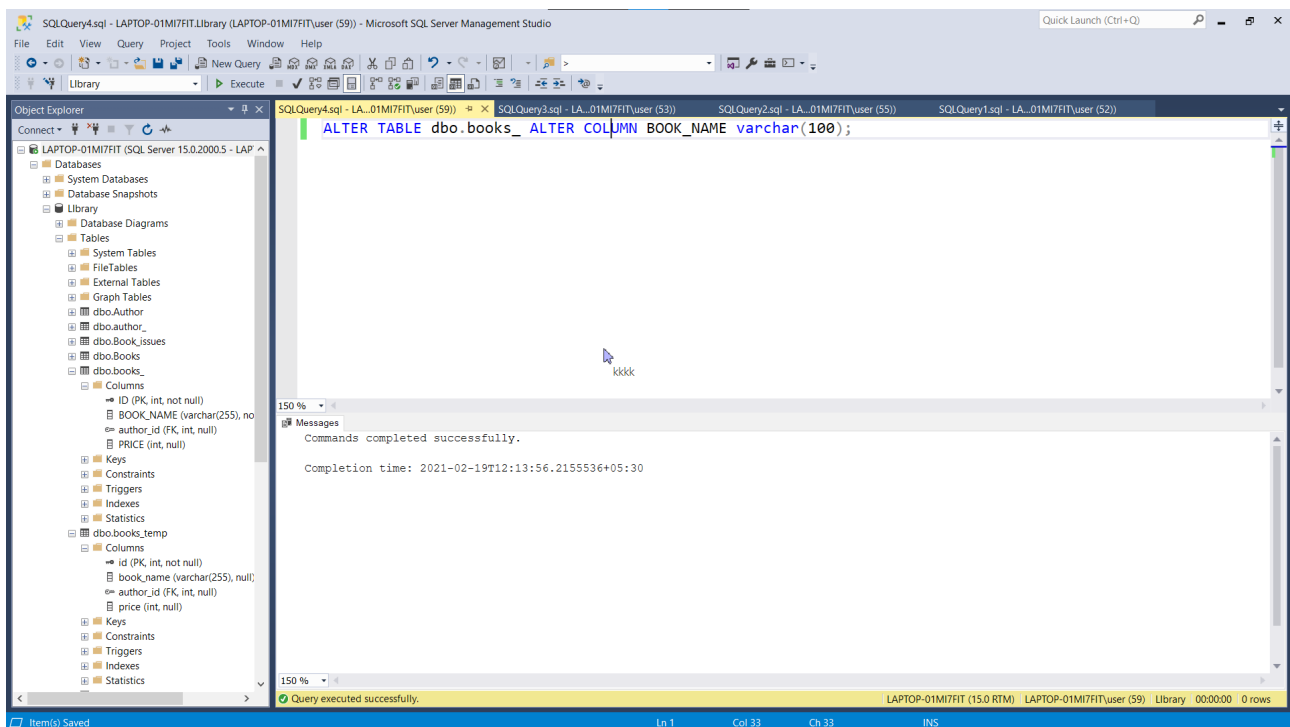
Output:-



ii) MODIFY

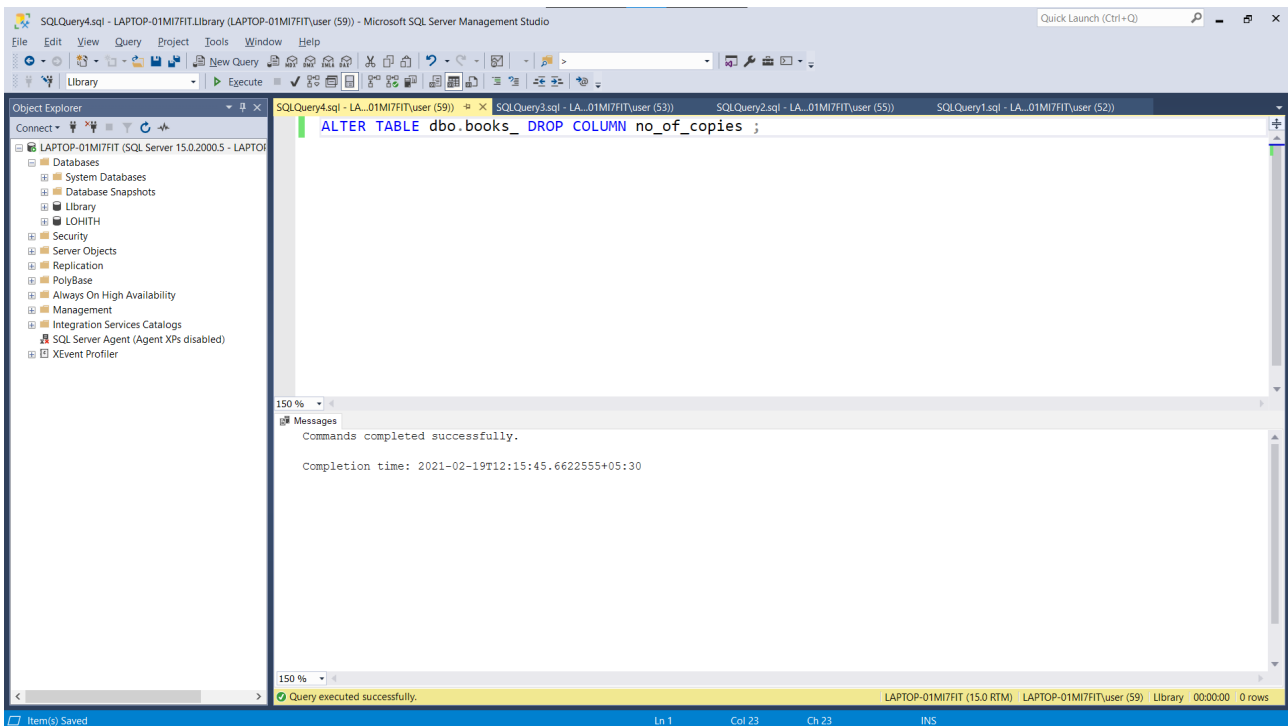
Command :- ALTER TABLE dbo.books_ ALTER COLUMN BOOK_NAME varchar(100);

OUTPUT:-



iii) DELETE

COMMAND :- ALTER TABLE dbo.books DROP COLUMN no_of_copies;



OUTPUT : -

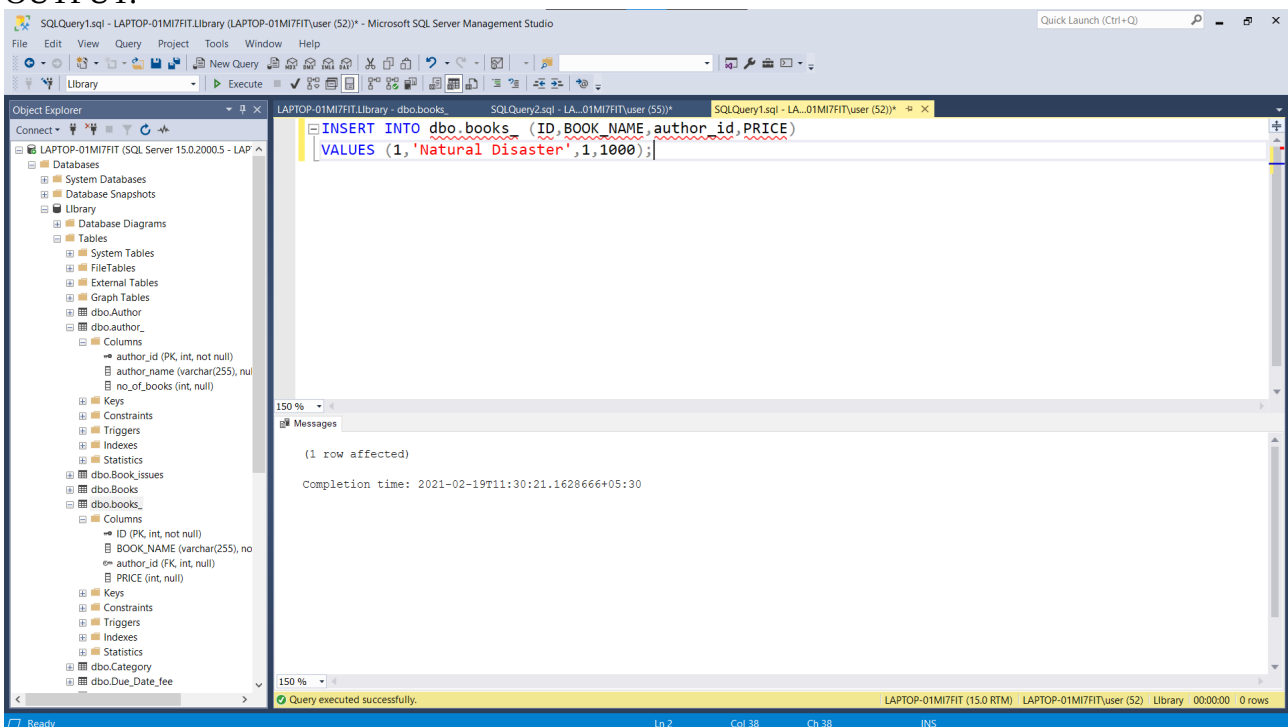
2)

Insert 20 Employees Data into all the tables. Use all the 3 methods that I have showcased

i)

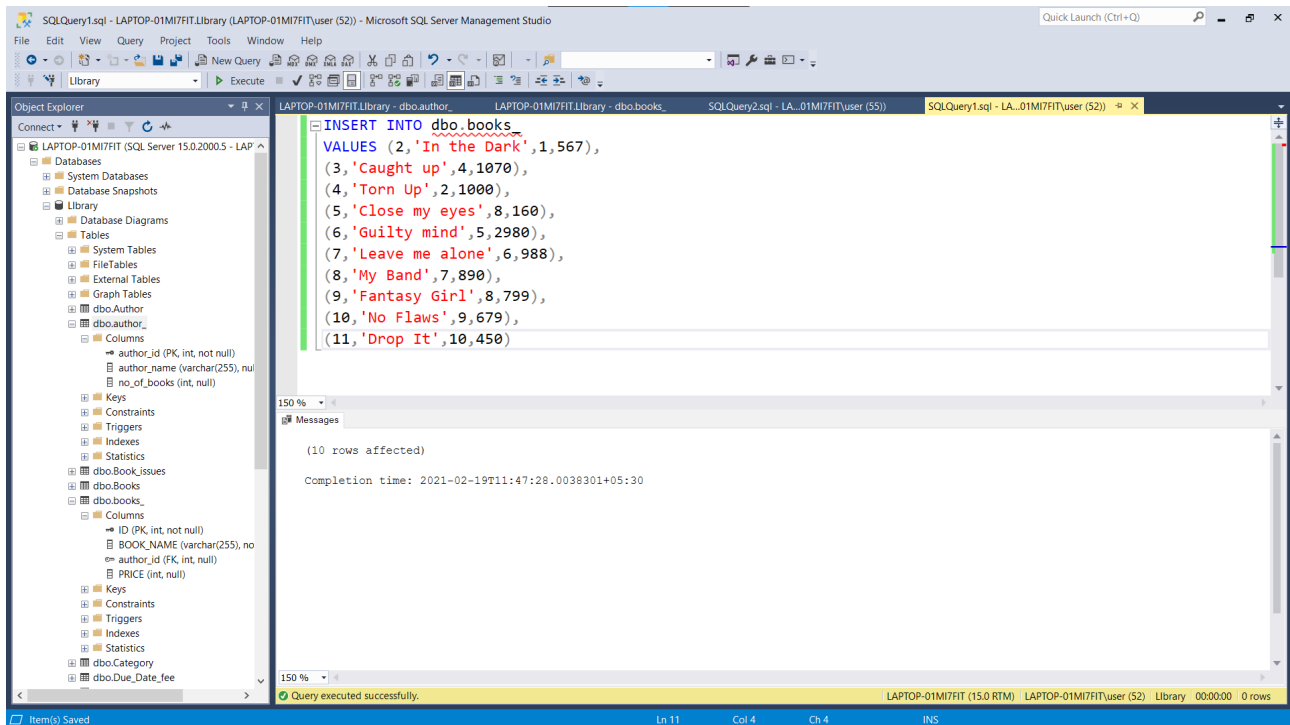
command :- `INSERT INTO dbo.books_ (ID,BOOK_NAME,author_id,PRICE)`
`VALUES (1,'Natural Disaster',1,1000)`

OUTPUT:-



ii)

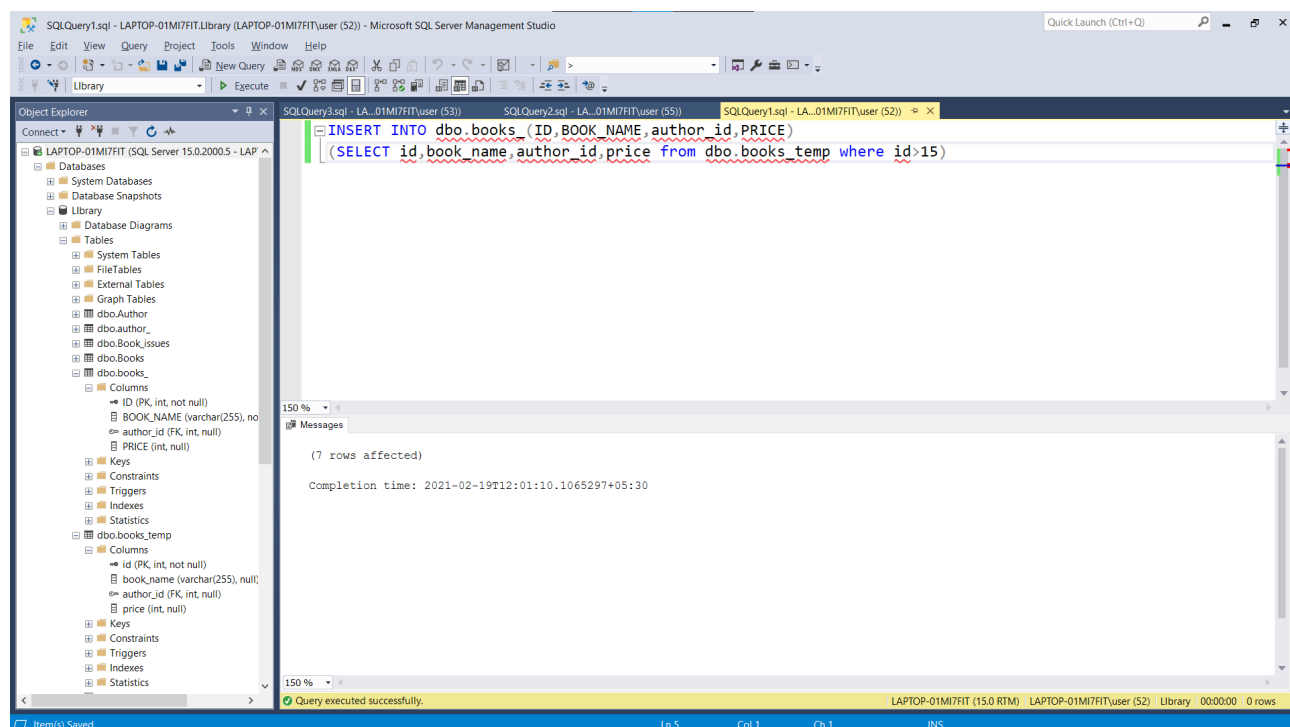
command :- `INSERT INTO dbo.books_
VALUES (2,'In the Dark',1,567),
(3,'Caught up',4,1070),(4,'Torn Up',2,1000),etc,`



iii)

command :- `INSERT INTO dbo.books (ID,BOOK_NAME,author_id,PRICE)
(select id,book_name,author_id,price from dbo.books_temp where id>15)`

OUTPUT:-

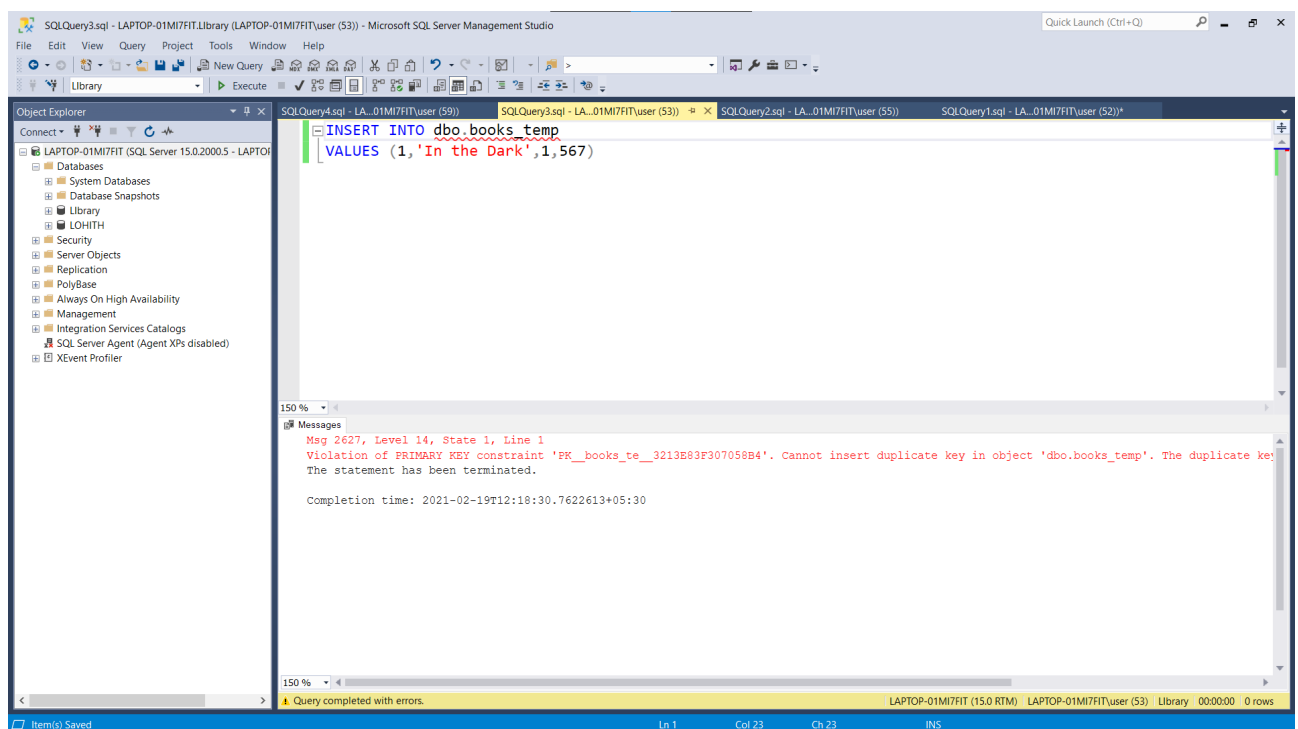


3)
Show Violation of Primary Key, Unique Not Null and default key constraints through insertion.

i)
command :-

```
INSERT INTO dbo.books_temp  
VALUES (1, 'In the Dark', 1, 567)
```

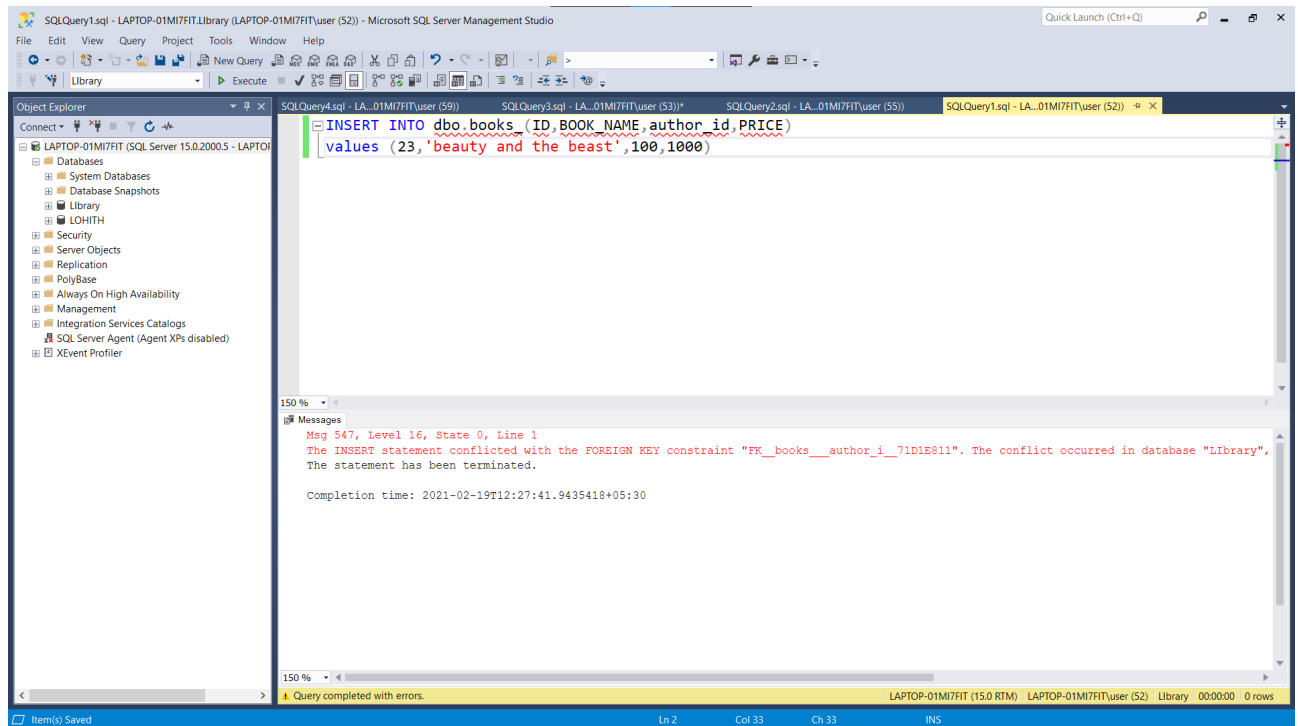
OUTPUT:-



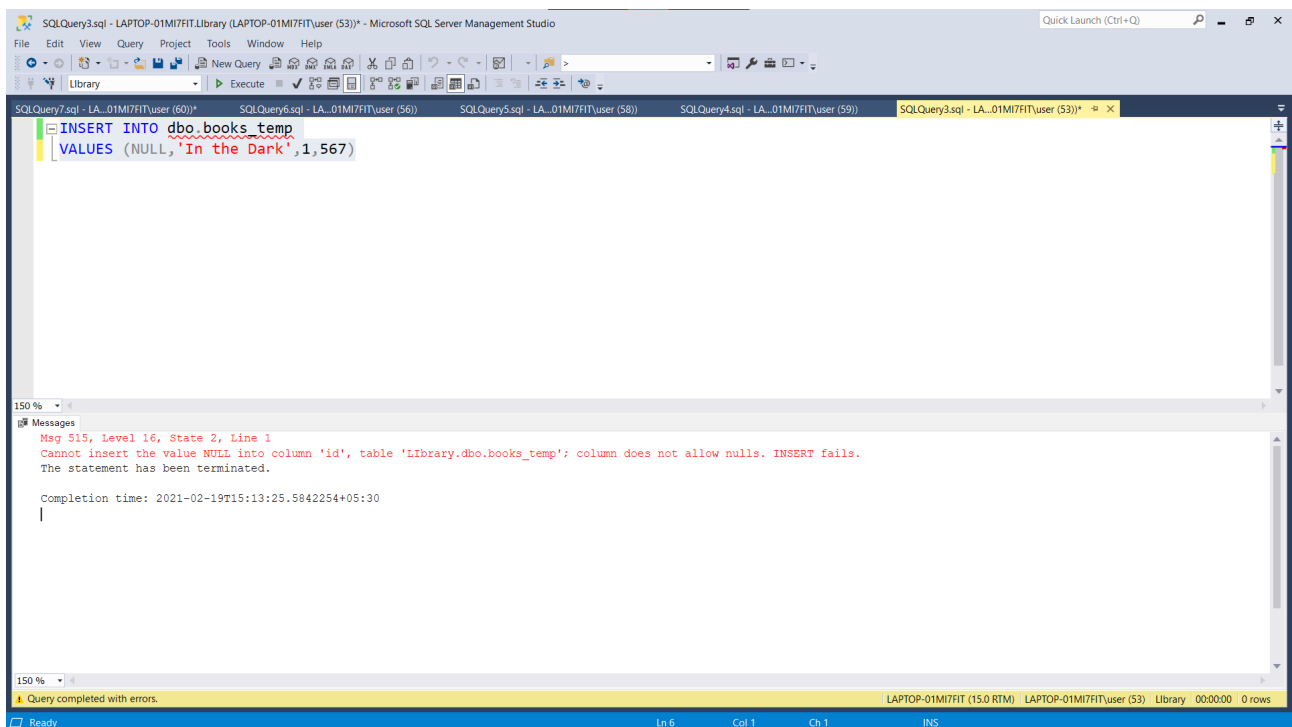
ii)
command: -

```
INSERT INTO dbo.boosKs (ID,BOOK_NAME,author_id,PRICE)  
values(23,'beauty and the beast')
```

OUTPUT:-



iii) command :- `INSERT INTO dbo.books_temp
VALUES (NULL, 'In the Dark', 1, 567)`
OUTPUT :-



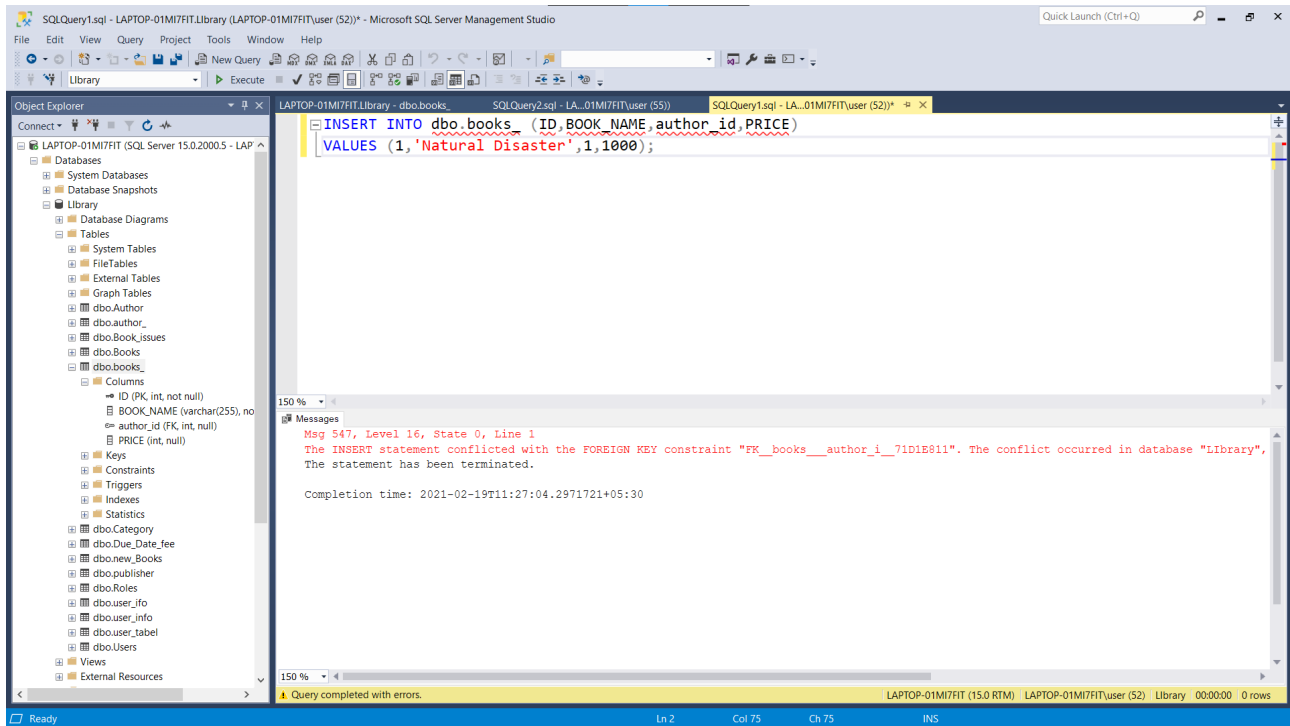
4)
Insert tuples into the table and see how foreign key constraint works if you try to

insert into dependent table first.

Command :-

```
INSERT INTO dbo.books_ (ID,BOOK_NAME,author_id,PRICE)
values(1,'Natural Disaster',1,1000);
```

OUTPUT:-



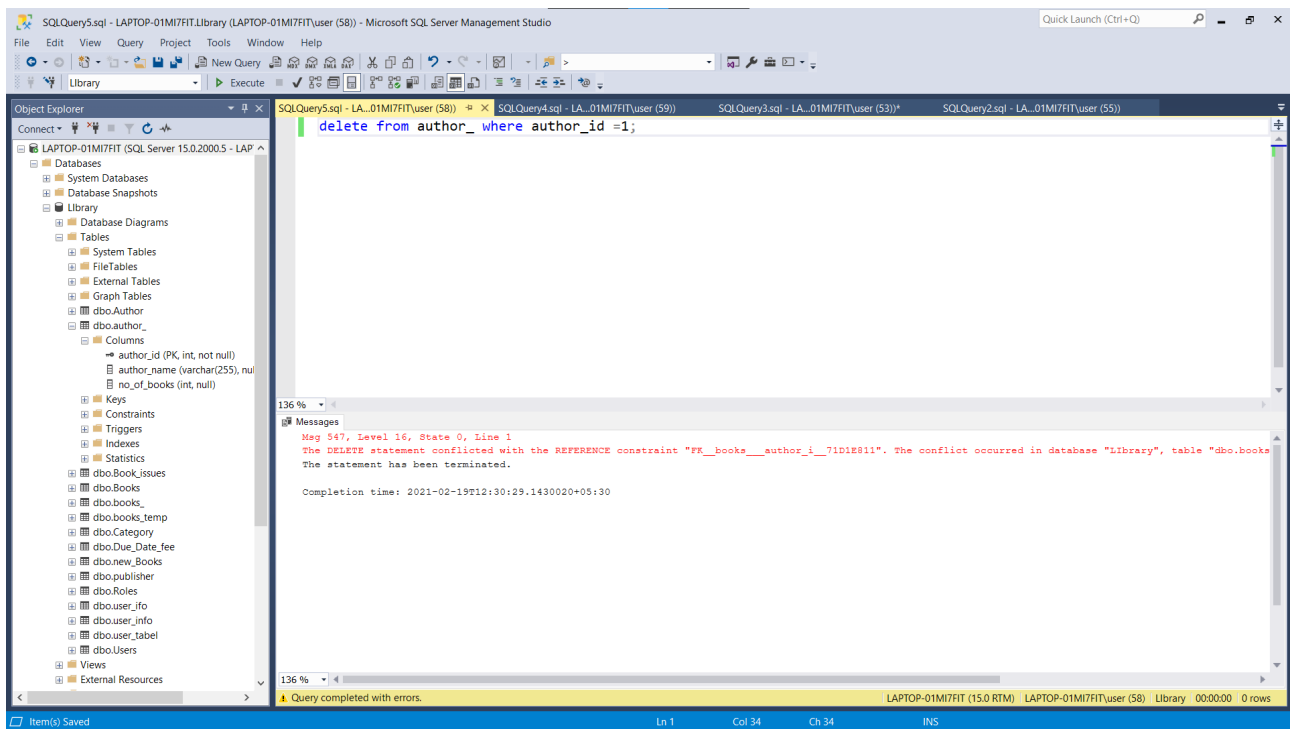
5)

Show Violation of Foreign Key Constraint when you try to delete from a base table. If you get an error explain why deletion gives an error

command :-

```
delete from author_ where author_id = 1;
```

OUTPUT :-

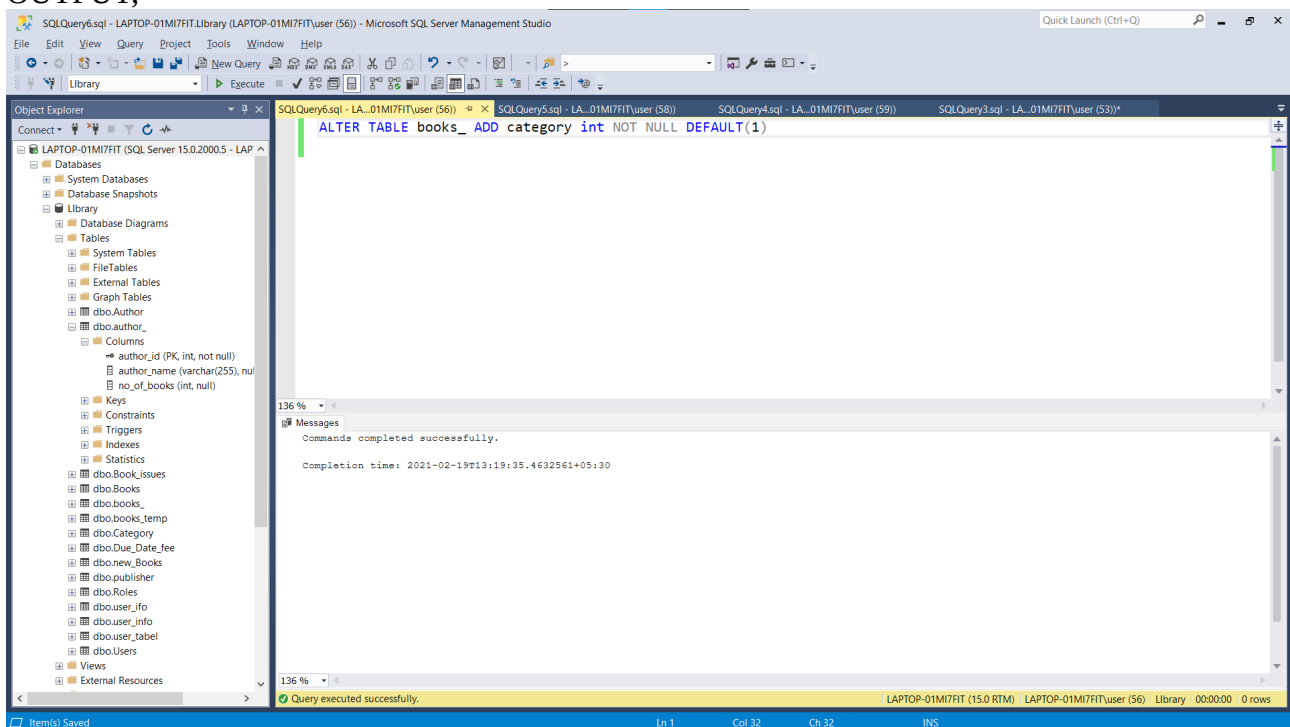


7)Add a column which has default value.

command:-

ALTER TABLE books_ ADD category int NOT NULL DEFAULT(1)

OUTPUT:-

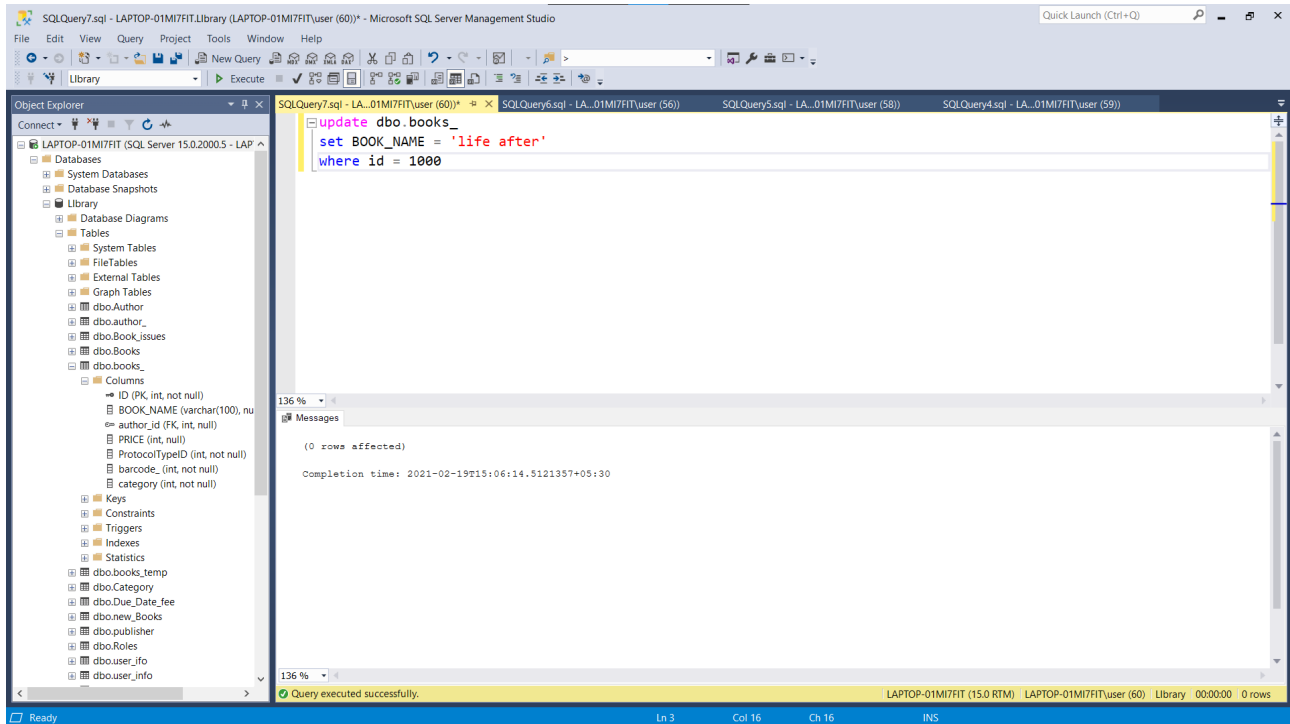


6)Try to update a non-existing entity data and check for error.

command ;-

```
update dbo.books_  
set BOOK_NAME = 'life after'  
where id = 1000
```

OUTPUT:-



8)

5 Simple Select queries to retrieve data from your database.

i)

command ;- **SELECT * FROM books_;**

OUTPUT:-

SQLQuery4.sql - LAPTOP-01M17FIT.Library (LAPTOP-01M17FIT\user (59)) - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio

Object Explorer: LAPTOP-01M17FIT (SQL Server 15.0.2000.5 - LAP ^

- Databases
 - System Databases
 - Database Snapshots
 - Library
 - Database Diagrams
 - Tables
 - System Tables
 - FileTables
 - External Tables
 - Graph Tables
 - dbo.Author
 - dbo.author_
 - dbo.Book_Issues
 - dbo.Books
 - dbo.books_
 - Columns
 - ID (PK, int, not null)
 - BOOK_NAME (varchar(100), nu
 - author_id (FK, int, null)
 - PRICE (int, null)
 - ProtocolTypeID (int, not null)
 - barcode_ (int, not null)
 - category (int, not null)

Query: `SELECT * FROM books_;`

Results:

ID	BOOK_NAME	author_id	PRICE	ProtocolTypeID	barcode_	category
1	Natural Disaster	1	1000	1	1	1
2	In the Dark	1	567	1	1	1
3	Caught up	4	1070	1	1	1
4	Tom Up	2	1000	1	1	1
5	Close my eyes	8	160	1	1	1
6	Guilty mind	5	2980	1	1	1
7	Leave me alone	6	988	1	1	1
8	My Band	7	890	1	1	1
9	Fantasy Girl	8	799	1	1	1
10	No Flaws	9	679	1	1	1
11	Drop It	10	450	1	1	1
12	Caught up	4	1070	1	1	1
13	Close my eyes	8	160	1	1	1
14	Guilty mind	5	2980	1	1	1
15	Leave me alone	6	988	1	1	1
16	My Band	7	890	1	1	1
17	Fantasy Girl	8	799	1	1	1
18	No Flaws	9	679	1	1	1
19						

Query executed successfully. LAPTOP-01M17FIT (15.0 RTM) LAPTOP-01M17FIT\user (59) Library 00:00:00 19 rows

ii)
command ;-

`SELECT * FROM books_ where PRICE>1000;`

OUTPUT:-

SQLQuery4.sql - LAPTOP-01M17FIT.Library (LAPTOP-01M17FIT\user (59)) - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio

Object Explorer: LAPTOP-01M17FIT (SQL Server 15.0.2000.5 - LAP ^

- Databases
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 - dbo.books_
 - Columns
 - ID (PK, int, not null)
 - BOOK_NAME (varchar(100), nu
 - author_id (FK, int, null)
 - PRICE (int, null)
 - ProtocolTypeID (int, not null)
 - barcode_ (int, not null)
 - category (int, not null)

Query: `SELECT * FROM books_ where PRICE>1000;`

Results:

ID	BOOK_NAME	author_id	PRICE	ProtocolTypeID	barcode_	category
3	Caught up	4	1070	1	1	1
6	Guilty mind	5	2980	1	1	1
14	Caught up	4	1070	1	1	1
17	Guilty mind	5	2980	1	1	1

Query executed successfully. LAPTOP-01M17FIT (15.0 RTM) LAPTOP-01M17FIT\user (59) Library 00:00:00 4 rows

iii)
commmand ;-

`SELECT * FROM books_ where author_id>3;`

OUTPUT:-

The screenshot shows the Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The Object Explorer on the left displays the database structure for 'LAPTOP-01MI7FIT'. The central query window contains the SQL query: `SELECT * FROM books_ where author_id > 3;`. The Results pane at the bottom shows 16 rows of data from the 'books_' table, filtered by author_id > 3. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Query executed successfully' and '16 rows'.

ID	BOOK_NAME	author_id	PRICE	ProtocolTypeID	barcode_	category
1	3	4	1070	1	1	1
2	5	8	160	1	1	1
3	6	5	2980	1	1	1
4	7	6	985	1	1	1
5	8	7	890	1	1	1
6	9	8	799	1	1	1
7	10	9	679	1	1	1
8	11	10	450	1	1	1
9	14	4	1070	1	1	1
10	16	8	160	1	1	1
11	17	5	2980	1	1	1
12	18	6	985	1	1	1
13	19	7	890	1	1	1
14	20	8	799	1	1	1
15	21	9	679	1	1	1
16	22	10	450	1	1	1

iv)
command ;-

`SELECT * FROM books_ where author_id < 6;`

OUTPUT:-

The screenshot shows the Microsoft SQL Server Enterprise Manager interface. The Object Explorer on the left displays the database structure for 'LAPTOP-01MI7FIT'. The central query window contains the SQL query: `SELECT * FROM books_ where author_id < 6;`. The Results pane at the bottom shows 7 rows of data from the 'books_' table, filtered by author_id < 6. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Query executed successfully' and '7 rows'.

ID	BOOK_NAME	author_id	PRICE	ProtocolTypeID	barcode_	category
1	1	1	1000	1	1	1
2	2	1	567	1	1	1
3	3	4	1070	1	1	1
4	4	2	1000	1	1	1
5	6	5	2980	1	1	1
6	14	4	1070	1	1	1
7	17	5	2980	1	1	1

v)
command :-

```
SELECT * FROM books_ where BOOK_NAME='Fantasy girl1';
```

OUTPUT:-

The screenshot displays the Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio interface. The 'Object Explorer' on the left shows the database structure for 'LAPTOP-01MI7FIT'. The 'Query Editor' in the center contains the SQL query: `SELECT * FROM books_ where BOOK_NAME='Fantasy girl1';`. The 'Results' pane at the bottom shows the output of the query, which consists of two rows of data. The status bar at the bottom indicates that the query was executed successfully and returned 2 rows.

ID	BOOK_NAME	author_id	PRICE	ProtocolTypeID	barcode_	category
1	Fantasy Girl	8	799	1	1	1
2	Fantasy Girl	8	799	1	1	1

9)

Show how Foreign key constraint effects Updating a dependent table when value is not existing and in Base table where the value is referred and you want to update it.

Command :-

```
update dbo.books_  
set author_id = 150  
where id = 10
```

OUTPUT :-

