PROJECT REPORT

OF

DATA STRUCTURES

ON

DICTIONARY WHICH STORES KEYWORDS AND MEANINGS

(USING BINARY SEARCH TREE)

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INTRODUCTION

A Dictionary stores keywords & its meanings, provides facility for adding new keywords, deleting keywords, updating values of any entry. It also provides facility to display whole data sorted in ascending/ Descending order. It can be used to find how many maximum comparisons may be required for finding any keyword.

APPLICATIONS

<u>Class dictionary</u> () is our main function

Class node () is used to pass arguments of meaning and word

We have used pointers root, left and right

Create () is function used to take input from user

<u>Post order</u> () is function used to print values in descending order

<u>In order</u> () is function used to print values in ascending order

 \underline{Search} () is function used to search the values inputted by the user

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Online C++ compiler

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

Laptop

CODE

```
string word, meaning;
node *left,*right;
public:
node()
 left=NULL;
 right=NULL;
node(string word, string meaning)
    ->word=word;
    ->meaning=meaning;
 left=NULL;
 right=NULL;
};
node *root;
public:
dictionary()
 root=NULL;
void create();
void inorder_rec(node *rnode);
void postorder_rec(node *rnode);
void inorder()
 inorder_rec(root);
void postorder();
bool insert(string word,string meaning);
int search(string key);
int dictionary::search(string key)
node *tmp=root;
int count;
  (tmp==NULL)
```

```
(root->word==key)
     (tmp!=NULL)
  ((tmp->word)>key)
 tmp=tmp->left;
 count++;
      ((tmp->word)<key)
 tmp=tmp->right;
 count++;
      (tmp->word==key)
       ++count;
void dictionary::postorder()
postorder_rec(root);
void dictionary::postorder_rec(node *rnode)
 (rnode)
postorder_rec(rnode->right);
cout<<" "<<rnode->word<<" : "<<rnode->meaning<<endl;
postorder_rec(rnode->left);
void dictionary::create()
int n;
string wordI,meaningI;
cout<<"\nHow many Word to insert?:\n";</pre>
cin>>n;
  (int i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
cout<<"\nENter Word: ";</pre>
cin>>wordI;
cout<<"\nEnter Meaning: ";</pre>
cin>>meaningI;
insert(wordI,meaningI);
void dictionary::inorder_rec(node *rnode)
 (rnode)
inorder_rec(rnode->left);
cout<<" "<<rnode->word<<" : "<<rnode->meaning<<endl;
inorder_rec(rnode->right);
bool dictionary::insert(string word, string meaning)
node *p=
             node(word, meaning);
 (root==NULL)
root=p;
node *cur=root;
node *par=root;
     (cur!=NULL) //traversal
  (word>cur->word)
{par=cur;
cur=cur->right;
      (word<cur->word)
 par=cur;
 cur=cur->left;
 cout<< "\nWord is already in the dictionary.";</pre>
 (word>par->word) //insertion of node
par->right=p;
```

```
par->left=p;
int main() {
string word;
dictionary months;
months.create();
cout<<"Ascending order\n";</pre>
months.inorder();
cout<<"\nDescending order:\n";</pre>
months.postorder();
cout<<"\nEnter word to search: ";</pre>
cin>>word;
int comparisons=months.search(word);
 (comparisons==-1)
cout<<"\nNot found word";</pre>
cout<<"'m"<<word<<" found in "<<comparisons<<" comparisons";
```

OUTPUT

```
How many Word to insert?:

Enter Word: jan

Enter Meaning: january

Enter Word: feb

Enter Meaning: february
Ascending order
feb: february
jan: january

Descending order:
jan: january
feb: february
Enter word to search: jan
jan found in 1 comparisons

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```



