CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

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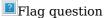
Time taken 40 mins 14 secs **Marks** 10.00/10.00

Grade 100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00



Question text

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then return the p^{th} element of the list, sorted ascending. If there is no p^{th} element, return 0.

Example

n = 20

p = 3

The factors of 20 in ascending order are $\{1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20\}$. Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned.

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 10^{15}$

 $1 \le p \le 10^9$

The first line contains an integer n, the number to factor.

The second line contains an integer p, the 1-based index of the factor to return.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

10

Sample Output 0

5

Explanation 0

Factoring n = 10 results in $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. Return the $p = 3^{rd}$ factor, 5, as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

10

_

Sample Output 1

0

Explanation 1

Factoring n = 10 results in $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$. There are only 4 factors and p = 5, therefore 0 is returned as the answer.

Sample Case 2

Sample Input 2

1

Sample Output 2

1

Explanation 2

Factoring n=1 results in $\{1\}$. The p=1st factor of 1 is returned as the answer.

For example:

Input Result

```
10
3
5
0
5
0
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
10 5 5

10 0 0

1 1 1 1
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Flag question

Question text

Program to print all the distinct elements in an array. Distinct elements are nothing but the unique (non-duplicate) elements present in the given array.

Input Format:

First line take an Integer input from stdin which is array length \boldsymbol{n} .

Second line take n Integers which is inputs of array.

Output Format:

Print the Distinct Elements in Array in single line which is space Separated

Example Input:

5

1

2

3

4

Output:

1234

Example Input:

6

1

1

2

2

3

Output:

123

For example:

Input Result

```
h=int(ipput())
array=int(ipput()) for i in range(n)]
e=set(array)
print(" ".join(map(str,e)))
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
5
1
2
2
1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
3 4
6
1
1
2
1 2 3 1 2 3
3
3
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[i] - A[j] = k, i! = j.

Input Format

- 1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
- 2. N, followed by N integers of the array
- $3. \hspace{0.5cm} \text{The non-negative integer } k$

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input

```
3
1
3
5
4
Output:
1
Input
1
1
3
5
99
Output
0
For example:
Input Result
1
3
1
      1
5
4
```

```
res=0
      res=1
```

Input Expected Got 1 1 3 0 0 Passed all tests! Correct Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00. **Question 4** Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag question **Question text** An array is monotonic if it is either monotone increasing or monotone decreasing. An array A is monotone increasing if for all $i \le j$, $A[i] \le A[j]$. An array A is monotone decreasing if for all $i \le j$, A[i]>= A[j].Write a program if n array is monotonic or not. Print "True" if is monotonic or "False" if it is not. Array can be monotone increasing or decreasing. Input Format: First line n-get number of elements Next n Lines is the array of elements **Output Format:** True ,if array is monotone increasing or decreasing. otherwise False is printed Sample Input1 5 Sample Output1 True Sample Input2

Sample Output2

```
True
Sample Input 3
6
8
7
Sample Output3
```

False

For example:

Input Result

6 5 True 4 3

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
n=int(input())
10 ¬
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
6
5
       True
                  True
3
3
5
7
       False
                  False
4
1
       False
                  False
6
2
       True
                  True
```



Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

The program must accept N integers and an integer K as the input. The program must print every K integers in descending order as the output.

<u>Note</u>: If N % K != 0, then sort the final N%K integers in descending order.

Boundary Condition(s):

```
1 <= N <= 10^4
-99999 <= Array Element Value <= 99999
```

Input Format:

The first line contains the values of N and K separated by a space. The second line contains N integers separated by space(s).

Output Format:

The first line contains N integers.

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

7 3 48 541 23 68 13 41 6

Output:

541 48 23 68 41 13 6

Explanation:

The first three integers are 48 541 23, after sorting in descending order the integers are **541 48 23**. The second three integers are 68 13 41, after sorting in descending order the integers are **68 41 13**.

The last integer is 6. The integers are 541 48 23 68 41 13 6 Hence the output is 541 48 23 68 41 13 6.

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

1  n,k=map(int,input().split())
   3 + \text{for i in range}(0,n,k):
            chunk=arr[i:i+k]
             chunk.sort(reverse=True)
             print(*chunk,end=' ')
```

Feedback

Input **Expected** Got , s 48 541 23 68 13 41 6 ⁵⁴¹ 48 23 68 41 13 6 541 48 23 68 41 13 6

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 6

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag question

Question text

Given a matrix mat where every row is sorted in **strictly increasing** order, return the **smallest common element** in all rows.

If there is no common element, return -1.

Example 1:

Input:

4 5 12345 2 4 5 8 10

357911

Output:

5

Constraints:

- 1 <= mat.length, mat[i].length <= 500
- $1 \le mat[i][j] \le 10^4$
- mat[i] is sorted in strictly increasing order.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
rows,col=map(int,input().split())

antrix=[list(map(int,input().split())) for i in range(rows)]

count={}

for e in matrix[0]:

count[e]=1

for for i in range(1,rows):

for e in matrix[i]:

 if e in count and count[e]==i+1-1:

count[e]+=1

smallestcommonelement=1

ror e in matrix[0]:

if count.get(e)==rows:

smallestcommonelement=e

break

print(smallestcommonelement)
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
4 5
1 2 3 4 5
2 4 5 8 10 5
3 5 7 9 11
1 3 5 7 9
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given two arrays of positive integers, for each element in the second array, find the total number of elements in the first array which are *less than or equal to* that element. Store the values determined in an array.

For example, if the first array is [1, 2, 3] and the second array is [2, 4], then there are 2 elements in the first array less than or equal to 2. There are 3 elements in the first array which are less than or equal to 4. We can store these answers in an array, answer = [2, 3].

Program Description

The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each maxes[i] representing the total number of elements nums[j] satisfying $nums[j] \le maxes[i]$ where $0 \le j < n$ and $0 \le i < m$, in the given order.

The program has the following:

nums[nums[0],...nums[n-1]]: first array of positive integers
maxes[maxes[0],...maxes[n-1]]: second array of positive integers

Constraints

- $\cdot \quad 2 \le n, \, m \le 10^5$
- · $1 \le nums[j] \le 10^9$, where $0 \le j < n$.
- · $1 \le maxes[i] \le 10^9$, where $0 \le i < m$.

Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the program.

The first line contains an integer n, the number of elements in nums. The next n lines each contain an integer describing nums[j] where $0 \le j < n$. The next line contains an integer m, the number of elements in maxes. The next m lines each contain an integer describing maxes[i] where $0 \le i < m$.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

Sample Output 0

2 1

Explanation 0

We are given n = 4, nums = [1, 4, 2, 4], m = 2, and maxes = [3, 5].

- 1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 2 elements in nums(nums[0] = 1 and nums[2] = 2) that are $\leq maxes[0]$.
- 2. For maxes[1] = 5, we have 4 elements in nums(nums[0] = 1, nums[1] = 4, nums[2] = 2, and nums[3] = 4) that are $\leq maxes[1]$.

Thus, the program returns the array [2, 4] as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

Sample Output 1

Explanation 1

We are given, n = 5, nums = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8], m = 4, and maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8].

- 1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 1 element in nums(nums[0] = 2) that is $\leq maxes[0]$.
- 2. For maxes[1] = 1, there are 0 elements in nums that are $\leq maxes[1]$.
- 3. For maxes[2] = 7, we have 3 elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, and nums[3] = 4) that are $\leq maxes[2]$.
- 4. For maxes[3] = 8, we have 4 elements in nums(nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, nums[3] = 4, and nums[4] = 8) that are $\leq maxes[3]$.

Thus, the program returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
4
1
4
2
       2
                    2
4
2
3
5
5
2
10
5
       1
                    1
4
       0
                    0
8
       3
                    3
4
3
1
7
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Flag question
```

Question text

Given an integer n, return an list of length n + 1 such that for each i (0 <= i <= n), ans[i] is the number of 1's in the binary representation of i.

Example:

Input: n = 2**Output:** [0,1,1] **Explanation:** 0 --> 0 1 --> 1 2 --> 10 Example2:

Input: n = 5Output: [0,1,1,2,1,2] **Explanation:** 0 --> 0 1 --> 1 2 --> 10 3 --> 11 4 --> 100

Note: Complete the given function alone

For example:

Test Result

print(CountingBits(5)) [0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2]

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
def CountingBits(n):
    ans=[0]*(n+1)
    for i in range(1,n+1):
        ans[i]=ans[i>>1]+(i&1)
```

Feedback

Test Expected Got print(CountingBits(2)) [0, 1, 1] [0, 1, 1] print(CountingBits(5)) [0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2] [0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2]

Passed all tests!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 9

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Assume you have an array of length n initialized with all 0's and are given k update operations.

Each operation is represented as a triplet: **[startIndex, endIndex, inc]** which increments each element of subarray **A[startIndex ... endIndex]** (startIndex and endIndex inclusive) with **inc**.

Return the modified array after all k operations were executed.

Example:

Input:

5

3

1 3 2

2 4 3

0 2 -2

Output:

-2 0 3 5 3

Explanation:

```
Initial state:
```

```
length = 5, updates = [[1,3,2],[2,4,3],[0,2,-2]]
```

[0,0,0,0,0]

After applying operation [1,3,2]:

[0,2,2,2,0]

After applying operation [2,4,3]:

[0,2,5,5,3]

After applying operation [0,2,-2]:

[-2,0,3,5,3]

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)



Feedback

Input Expected Got

```
5
3
1 3 2 -2 0 3 5 3 -2 0 3 5 3
2 4 3
0 2 -2
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Complete the program to count frequency of each element of an array. Frequency of a particular element will be printed once.

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

7

23

45

23

56

45

23

40

Output

23 occurs 3 times

45 occurs 2 times

56 occurs 1 times

40 occurs 1 times

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

Feedback

Input		Expected			Got			
	7							
	23							
	45	23	occurs	3	times 23	occurs	3	times
	23	45	occurs	2	times 45	occurs	2	times
	56	56	occurs	1	times 56	occurs	1	times
	45	40	occurs	1	times 40	occurs	1	times
	23							
	40							

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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