Ex.No.: 8		WORKINGWITHMULTIPLETABLES
Date:	3/9/24	

1. Write a query to display the last name, department number, and department name for all employees.

SELECT e.last_name, e.department_id, d.department_name FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department id = d.department id;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
Miller	10	Admin
Andrea	10	Admin
Davis	20	ST_CLERK
Taylor	20	ST_CLERK
Matos	50	IT
Johnson	50	IT
Austin	50	IT
Thomas	60	ST_CLERK
Smith	70	Customer Service
Wilson	80	ST_CLERK

2. Create a unique listing of all jobs that are in department 80. Include the location of the department in the output.

SELECT DISTINCT e.job_id, d.location_id FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department_id = d.department_id WHERE e.department_id = 80;

JOB_ID	LOCATION_ID
SA_REP	1007

3. Write a query to display the employee last name, department name, location ID, and city of all employees who earn a commission

SELECT e.last_name, d.department_name, d.location_id, l.city FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department_id = d.department_id JOIN locations l ON d.location_id = l.location_id WHERE e.commission_pct IS NOT NULL;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_NAME	LOCATION_ID	CITY
Johnson	IT	1004	London
Thomas	ST_CLERK	1005	Sydney
Wilson	ST_CLERK	1007	Dubai

4. Display the employee last name and department name for all employees who have an a(lowercase) in their last names. P

SELECT e.last_name, d.department_name FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department id = d.department id WHERE e.last_name LIKE '%a%';

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_NAME
Matos	IT
Davis	ST_CLERK
Andrea	Admin
Taylor	ST_CLERK
Thomas	ST_CLERK

5. Write a query to display the last name, job, department number, and department name for all employees who work in Toronto.

SELECT e.last_name, e.job_id, e.department_id, d.department_name FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department_id = d.department_id JOIN locations l ON d.location_id = l.location id WHERE l.city = 'Toronto';

LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
Andrea	IT_PROG	10	Admin
Miller	ST_CLERK	10	Admin

6. Display the employee last name and employee number along with their manager's last name and manager number. Label the columns Employee, Emp#, Manager, and Mgr#, Respectively

SELECT e.last_name AS Employee, e.employee_id AS Emp#, m.last_name AS Manager, m.employee_id AS Mgr# FROM employees e LEFT JOIN employees m ON e.manager_id = m.employee id;

EMPLOYEE	EMP#	MANAGER	MGR#
Andrea	107	Matos	101
Davis	104	Matos	101
Smith	176	Matos	101
Wilson	106	Johnson	103
Thomas	110	Miller	105
Silva	210	_	2
Wei	209	-	2
Tanaka	208	_	22
Wilson	207	-	2
Miller	206	•	<u>2</u>

7. Modify lab4_6.sql to display all employees including King, who has no manager. Order the results by the employee number.

SELECT e.last_name, e.employee_id, m.last_name AS Manager FROM employees e LEFT JOIN employees m ON e.manager id = m.employee id ORDER BY e.employee id;

LAST_NAME	EMPLOYEE_ID	MANAGER
Matos	101	8
Johnson	103	\$
Davis	104	Matos
Miller	105	8
Wilson	106	Johnson
Andrea	107	Matos
Taylor	108	ě
Austin	109	÷
Thomas	110	Miller
Smith	176	Matos

8. Create a query that displays employee last names, department numbers, and all the employees who work in the same department as a given employee. Give each column an appropriate label

SELECT e1.last_name AS Employee, e2.last_name AS Colleague FROM employees e1 JOIN employees e2 ON e1.department_id = e2.department_id WHERE e1.employee_id = :employee_id;

EMPLOYEE	COLLEAGUE
Matos	Matos
Matos	Johnson
Matos	Austin

9. Show the structure of the JOB_GRADES table. Create a query that displays the name, job, department name, salary, and grade for all employees

DESC job_grades;

Table	Column	Data Type	Length	Precision	Scale	Primary Key	Nullable	Default	Comment
JOB_GRADES	GRADE_LEVEL	VARCHAR2	2	_	-	<u>=</u>	/	-	-
	LOWEST_SAL	NUMBER	22	-	-	-	/	-	-
	HIGHEST_SAL	NUMBER	22	-	-	-	/	-	-
	DEPTNO	NUMBER	22	-	-		/	-	-

SELECT e.last_name, e.job_id, d.department_name, e.salary, j.grade_level FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department_id = d.department_id JOIN job_grades j ON e.salary BETWEEN j.lowest sal AND j.highest sal;

Davis AC_ACCOUNT ST_CLERK 15000 G2 Wilson SA_REP ST_CLERK 13500 G1 Smith HR_REP Customer Service 12500 F2 Johnson SA_MAN IT 7200 D1 Austin AC_MGR IT 7100 D1 Miller ST_CLERK Admin 6200 C2 Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1					
Wilson SA_REP ST_CLERK 13500 G1 Smith HR_REP Customer Service 12500 F2 Johnson SA_MAN IT 7200 D1 Austin AC_MGR IT 7100 D1 Miller ST_CLERK Admin 6200 C2 Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	SALARY	GRADE_LEVEL
Smith HR_REP Customer Service 12500 F2 Johnson SA_MAN IT 7200 D1 Austin AC_MGR IT 7100 D1 Miller ST_CLERK Admin 6200 C2 Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	Davis	AC_ACCOUNT	ST_CLERK	15000	G2
Johnson SA_MAN IT 7200 D1 Austin AC_MGR IT 7100 D1 Miller ST_CLERK Admin 6200 C2 Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	Wilson	SA_REP	ST_CLERK	13500	G1
Austin AC_MGR IT 7100 D1 Miller ST_CLERK Admin 6200 C2 Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	Smith	HR_REP	Customer Service	12500	F2
Miller ST_CLERK Admin 6200 C2 Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	Johnson	SA_MAN	IT	7200	D1
Matos IT_PROG IT 6000 C1 Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	Austin	AC_MGR	IT	7100	D1
Thomas ST_CLERK ST_CLERK 5300 C1	Miller	ST_CLERK	Admin	6200	C2
	Matos	IT_PROG	IT	6000	C1
Taylor HR REP ST CLERK 4600 B2	Thomas	ST_CLERK	ST_CLERK	5300	C1
	Taylor	HR_REP	ST_CLERK	4600	B2

^{10.} Create a query to display the name and hire date of any employee hired after employee Davies.

SELECT last_name, hire_date FROM employees WHERE hire_date > (SELECT hire_date FROM employees WHERE last_name = 'Davies');

LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE
Smith	02/20/2019
Johnson	03/01/1998
Davis	01/01/1998
Miller	07/25/2018
Wilson	03/12/2022
Andrea	11/05/2017
Taylor	12/15/2019
Austin	08/22/2021
Thomas	04/01/2020
Doe	10/10/2015

11. Display the names and hire dates for all employees who were hired before their managers, along with their manager's names and hire dates. Label the columns Employee, Emp Hired, Manager, and Mgr Hired, respectively.

SELECT e.last_name AS Employee, e.hire_date AS Emp_Hired, m.last_name AS Manager, m.hire_date AS Mgr_Hired FROM employees e JOIN employees m ON e.manager_id = m.employee_id WHERE e.hire_date < m.hire_date;

EMPLOYEE	EMP_HIRED	MANAGER	MGR_HIRED
Smith	02/20/2019	Matos	01/01/1994
Davis	01/01/1998	Matos	01/01/1994
Andrea	11/05/2017	Matos	01/01/1994
Wilson	03/12/2022	Johnson	03/01/1998
Thomas	04/01/2020	Miller	07/25/2018