

<b>Ex.No.: 16</b>		<b>CONTROLLING USER ACCESS</b>
<b>Date:</b>	<b>01.11.2024</b>	

1. What privilege should a user be given to log on to the Oracle Server? Is this a system or an object privilege?

~ The privilege is CREATE SESSION. This privilege allows a user to log on to the Oracle Server. It is a system privilege, not an object privilege.

2. What privilege should a user be given to create tables?

~ The privilege is CREATE TABLE . This is a system privilege that allows a user to create tables in their own schema.

3. If you create a table, who can pass along privileges to other users on your table?

~ The owner of the table (the user who created it) can pass along privileges to other users. This is done using the GRANT command.

For example:

GRANT SELECT ON my\_table TO other\_user;

4. You are the DBA. You are creating many users who require the same system privileges. What should you use to make your job easier?

~ Use a role to bundle common system privileges.  
Assign this role to users instead of granting privileges individually.

5. What command do you use to change your password?

~ ALTER USER username IDENTIFIED BY new\_password;

6. Grant another user access to your DEPARTMENTS table. Have the user grant you query Access to his or her DEPARTMENTS table.

~ GRANT SELECT ON DEPARTMENTS TO other\_user;

~ GRANT SELECT ON DEPARTMENTS TO your\_username;

7. Query all the rows in your DEPARTMENTS table.

~ SELECT \* FROM DEPARTMENTS;

8. Add a new row to your DEPARTMENTS table. Team 1 should add Education as department number 500. Team 2 should add Human Resources department number 510. Query the other team's table.

~ Team 1 should execute:

```
INSERT INTO DEPARTMENTS (DEPARTMENT_ID, DEPARTMENT_NAME) VALUES  
(500, 'Education');  
COMMIT;
```

~ Team 2 should execute:

```
INSERT INTO DEPARTMENTS (DEPARTMENT_ID, DEPARTMENT_NAME) VALUES  
(510, 'Human Resources');  
COMMIT;
```

~ To query the other team's table:

```
SELECT * FROM other_user.DEPARTMENTS;
```

9. Query the USER\_TABLES data dictionary to see information about the tables that you own.

~ SELECT \* FROM USER\_TABLES;

10. Revoke the SELECT privilege on your table from the other team.

~ To revoke the SELECT privilege on your table from the other team:

```
REVOKE SELECT ON DEPARTMENTS FROM other_user;
```

11. Remove the row you inserted into the DEPARTMENTS table in step 8 and save the changes.

~ To remove the row you inserted into the DEPARTMENTS table and save the changes:

For Team 1 (removing the Education department with ID 500):

```
DELETE FROM DEPARTMENTS WHERE DEPARTMENT_ID = 500;  
COMMIT;
```

For Team 2 (removing the Human Resources department with ID 510):

```
DELETE FROM DEPARTMENTS WHERE DEPARTMENT_ID = 510;  
COMMIT;
```