```
In [1]: ▶ # Import required modules
            import cv2
            import numpy as np
            import os
            import glob
            # stop the iteration when specified
            # accuracy, epsilon (desired Accuracy), is reached or
            # specified number of iterations are completed.
            criteria = (cv2.TERM CRITERIA EPS +
                        cv2.TERM CRITERIA MAX ITER, 30, 0.001)
            # Vector for 3D points
            threedpoints = []
            # Vector for 2D points
            twodpoints = []
            # 3D points real world coordinates
            objectp3d = np.zeros((6*9,3), np.float32)
            objectp3d[:,:2] = np.mgrid[0:6,0:9].T.reshape(-1, 2)
            prev img shape = None
            # Extracting path of individual image stored
            # in a given directory. Since no path is
            # specified, it will take current directory
            # jpg files alone
            images = glob.glob('*.jpg')
            for filename in images:
                image = cv2.imread(filename)
                grayColor = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
                # Find the chess board corners
                # If desired number of corners are
                # found in the image then ret = true
                #retval, corners=cv.findChessboardCorners(image, patternSize[, corners[, flags]]
```

```
ret, corners = cv2.findChessboardCorners(
                    grayColor, (6,9),
                    cv2.CALIB CB ADAPTIVE THRESH
                    + cv2.CALIB CB FAST CHECK +
                    cv2.CALIB CB NORMALIZE IMAGE)
    # If desired number of corners can be detected then,
    # refine the pixel coordinates and display
    # them on the images of checker board
    if ret == True:
        threedpoints.append(objectp3d)
        # Refining pixel coordinates
        # for given 2d points. corners=cv.cornerSubPix(image, corners, winSize, zeroZone, criteria
        corners2 = cv2.cornerSubPix(
            grayColor, corners, (11, 11), (-1, -1), criteria)
        twodpoints.append(corners2)
        # Draw and display the corners
        image = cv2.drawChessboardCorners(image,
                                           (6,9),
                                          corners2, ret)
    cv2.imshow('img', image)
    cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
# Perform camera calibration by
# passing the value of above found out 3D points (threedpoints)
# and its corresponding pixel coordinates of the
# detected corners (twodpoints)
ret, matrix, distortion, r vecs, t vecs = cv2.calibrateCamera(
    threedpoints, twodpoints, grayColor.shape[::-1], None, None)
# Displayig required output
print(" Camera matrix:")
print(matrix)
print("\n Distortion coefficient:")
```

```
print(distortion)
print("\n Rotation Vectors:")
print(r vecs)
print("\n Translation Vectors:")
print(t vecs)
 Camera matrix:
                          84.16362263]
[[20.10654304 0.
 [ 0.
              20.34239482 95.42267081]
 [ 0.
               0.
                           1.
                                     11
 Distortion coefficient:
[[-9.40501496e-04 3.73198946e-05 -2.32754445e-03 3.95213785e-04
  -6.01340412e-07]]
 Rotation Vectors:
[array([[-0.04742568],
       [ 0.02932197],
       [ 1.50950267]]), array([[-0.07882398],
       [-0.00961833],
       [ 3.07805624]]), array([[-0.01784273],
       [ 0.04617962],
       [-0.07272072]])]
 Translation Vectors:
[array([[ 4.63365547],
       [-3.7646618],
       [ 1.35562517]]), array([[2.32806935],
       [3.99318851],
       [1.36446905]]), array([[-3.16534453],
       [-3.45998477]
```

[ 1.38547247]])]