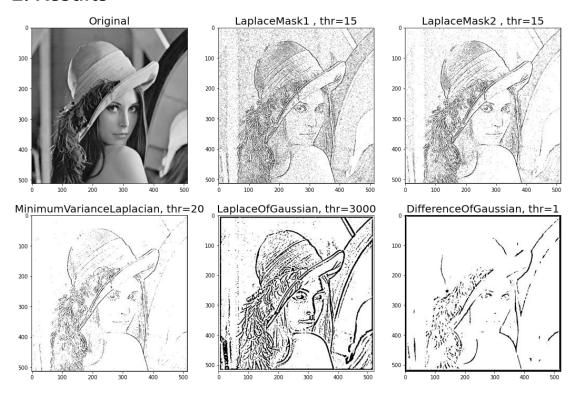
Computer Vision HW10

R08922a27 資工系 人工智慧碩士班 李吉昌

I use python 3.7 to implement all image processing requirements. Reading .bmp file by **PIL**, and then processing through **NumPy** array.

• 1. Results



• 2. Code fragment

```
[1, -4, 1],
            [0, 1, 0]
    1)
    return signal.convolve2d(img, k)
def laplace mask2(img):
    k = np.array([
            [1., 1, 1],
            [1, -8, 1],
            [1, 1, 1]
    1) / 3
    return signal.convolve2d(img, k)
def minimum_variance_laplacian(img):
    k = np.array([
            [2., -1, 2],
            [-1, -4, -1],
            [2, -1, 2]
    1) / 3
    return signal.convolve2d(img, k)
def laplace_of_gaussian(img):
    k = np.array([
            [0, 0, 0, -1, -1, -2, -1, -1, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, -2, -4, -8, -9, -8, -4, -2, 0, 0],
            [0, -2, -7, -15, -22, -23, -22, -15, -7, -2, 0],
            [-1, -4, -15, -24, -14, -1, -14, -24, -15, -4, -1],
            [-1, -8, -22, -14, 52, 103, 52, -14, -22, -8, -1]
            [-2, -9, -23, -1, 103, 178, 103, -1, -23, -9, -2],
            [-1, -8, -22, -14, 52, 103, 52, -14, -22, -8, -1],
            [-1, -4, -15, -24, -14, -1, -14, -24, -15, -4, -1]
            [0, -2, -7, -15, -22, -23, -22, -15, -7, -2, 0],
            [0, 0, -2, -4, -8, -9, -8, -4, -2, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, -1, -1, -2, -1, -1, 0, 0, 0]
    ])
    return signal.convolve2d(img, k)
def difference_of_gaussian(img):
    k = np.array([
            [-1, -3, -4, -6, -7, -8, -7, -6, -4, -3, -1]
            [-3, -5, -8, -11, -13, -13, -13, -11, -8, -5, -3]
            [-4, -8, -12, -16, -17, -17, -17, -16, -12, -8, -4]
            [-6, -11, -16, -16, 0, 15, 0, -16, -16, -11, -6],
            [-7, -13, -17, 0, 85, 160, 85, 0, -17, -13, -7],
            [-8, -13, -17, 15, 160, 283, 160, 15, -17, -13, -8],
            [-7, -13, -17, 0, 85, 160, 85, 0, -17, -13, -7],
            [-6, -11, -16, -16, 0, 15, 0, -16, -16, -11, -6],
            [-4, -8, -12, -16, -17, -17, -17, -16, -12, -8, -4],
            [-3, -5, -8, -11, -13, -13, -13, -11, -8, -5, -3]
            [-1, -3, -4, -6, -7, -8, -7, -6, -4, -3, -1],
    ])
    return signal.convolve2d(img, k)
```

• 3. Brief Description

All the assigned operators' implementation details follow the course's lecture slides. The binarize function are shared for all the assigned operators and the 2d convolution operation is called from the **scipy.signal** package.