# Package 'MIND'

November 12, 2020

Type Package

Title Using Tissue Expression to Estimate Sample-/Subject- And Cell-Type-Specific Gene Expression via Deconvolution
Version 0.3.1
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Description  Methods to glean more insights from bulk gene expression: MIND and bMIND. MIND borrows information across multiple measurements of the same tissue per subject, such as multiple regions of the brain, using an empirical Bayes approach to estimate subject- and cell-type-specific (CTS) gene expression via deconvolution. The bMIND algorithm provides Bayesian estimates of sample-level CTS expression for each bulk sample.
Depends nnls, doParallel, foreach, MCMCglmm
License GPL
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
RoxygenNote 7.1.1
<pre>URL https://github.com/randel/MIND</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/randel/MIND/issues</pre>
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bMIND

**bMIND** 

The bMIND algorithm to estimate sample-level cell-type-specific expression and conduct CTS differential expression (DE) analysis

## **Description**

It calculates the Bayesian estimates of sample- and cell-type-specific (CTS) gene expression, via MCMC. For all input, dim names are recommended if applicable.

## Usage

```
bMIND(
  bulk.
  frac = NULL,
  sample_id = NULL,
  ncore = NULL,
  profile = NULL,
  covariance = NULL,
  y = NULL,
  covariate = NULL,
  nu = 50,
  V_fe = NULL
  nitt = 1300,
  burnin = 300,
  thin = 1,
  frac_method = NULL,
  sc_count = NULL,
  sc_meta = NULL,
  signature = NULL,
  signature_case = NULL,
  case\_bulk = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

bulk	bulk gene expression (gene x sample).	We recommend log2-transformed data
		e

for better performance, except when using Bisque to estimate cell type fractions, raw count is expected for Bisque. If the max(bulk) > 50, bulk will be transformed to log2(count per million + 1) before running hMIND.

transformed to log2(count per million + 1) before running bMIND.

frac sample-specific cell type fraction (sample x cell type). If not specified (NULL),

it will be estimated by non-negative least squares (NNLS) by providing signature

matrix or Bisque by providing single-cell reference.

sample\_id sample/subject ID vector. The default is that sample ID will be automatically

provided for sample-level bMIND analysis, otherwise subject ID should be provided for subject-level bMIND analysis. Note that the subject ID will be sorted in the output and different sample\_id would produce slightly different results in

MCMCglmm.

ncore number of cores to run in parallel for providing sample/subject-level CTS esti-

mates. The default is all available cores.

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profile prior profile matrix (gene by cell type). Gene names should be in the same order

of bulk, and cell type names should be in the same order as frac. If not specified

(NULL), the bulk mean will be supplied.

covariance prior covariance array (gene by cell type by cell type). Gene names should be

in the same order of bulk, and cell type names should be in the same order as frac. If not specified (NULL), bulk variance / sum(colMeans(frac)^2) will be

supplied.

y binary (0-1) outcome/phenotype vector for CTS DE analysis. It can also be a

factor with two levels. Should be the same length and order as sample\_id or

sort(unique(sample\_id)) and row names of covariate.

covariate matrix for covariates to be adjusted in CTS differential testing.

nu hyper-parameter for the prior covariance matrix. The larger the nu, the higher

the certainty about the information in covariance, and the more informative is

the distribution. The default is 50.

V\_fe hyper-parameter for the covariance matrix of fixed-effects. The default is 0.5 \*

Identity matrix.

nitt number of MCMC iterations. burnin burn-in iterations for MCMC. thin thinning interval for MCMC.

frac\_method method to be used for estimating cell type fractions, either 'NNLS' or 'Bisque'.

\*\*All arguments starting from this one will be used to estimate cell-type frac-

tions only, if those fractions are not pre-estimated.\*\*

sc\_count sc/snRNA-seq raw count as reference for Bisque to estimate cell type fractions.

sc\_meta meta data frame for sc/snRNA-seq reference. A binary (0-1) column of 'case'

is expected to indicate case/control status.

signature signature matrix for NNLS to estimate cell type fractions. Log2 transformation

is recommended.

signature\_case signature matrix from case samples for NNLS to estimate cell type fractions.

Log2 transformation is recommended. If this is provided, signature will be

treated as signature matrix for unaffected controls.

case\_bulk case/control status vector for bulk data when using case/control reference to

estimate the cell type fractions for case/control subjects separately.

# Value

A list containing the output of the bMIND algorithm (some genes with error message in MCM-Cglmm will not be outputted, e.g., with constant expression)

A the deconvolved cell-type-specific gene expression (gene x cell type x sample).

SE the standard error of cell-type-specific gene expression (gene x cell type x sam-

ple).

Sigma\_c the covariance matrix for the deconvolved cell-type-specific expression (gene x

cell type x cell type).

mu the estimated profile matrix (gene x cell type).

frac the estimated cell type fractions (sample x cell type).

pval the p-values of CTS-DE testing (cell type x gene).

qval the q-values of CTS-DE testing by MANOVA and BH FDR adjustment (cell

type x gene).

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#### References

Wang, Jiebiao, Kathryn Roeder, and Bernie Devlin. "Bayesian estimation of cell-type-specific gene expression per bulk sample with prior derived from single-cell data." bioRxiv (2020).

## **Examples**

est\_frac

Estimating cell type fractions with a signature matrix using non-negative least squares (NNLS)

## **Description**

It calls the nnls package to estimate cell type fractions of bulk data using a pre-estimated signature matrix. It is recommended to keep the row and column names of the input data.

## Usage

```
est_frac(sig, bulk)
```

## **Arguments**

sig signature matrix (marker gene x cell type).

bulk data that need to be deconvolved (gene x tissue sample).

#### Value

A matrix containing the estimated cell type fractions (tissue sample x cell type). Row sums have been normalized to be 1 per sample.

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example A data example
------------------------

## **Description**

A data list for demonstration.

#### Value

A list containing

X bulk gene expression (gene x subject x measure).

W subject-specific cell type fraction (subject x measure x cell type).

# **Examples**

data(example)

get\_prior get prior CTS profile and covariance matrix from single-cell data

#### **Description**

It calculates prior CTS profile and covariance matrix from single-cell data. The output can serve as hyper-parameters in bMIND.

#### Usage

```
get_prior(sc, meta_sc)
```

# **Arguments**

sc single-cell count matrix, gene x cell.

meta\_sc data.frame for meta of cells (cell x features, including columns 'sample' (sample

ID), 'cell\_type').

## Value

A list containing

profile CTS profile matrix (gene x cell type), in log2(CPM + 1) scale.

covariance CTS covariance matrix (gene x cell type x cell type).

## References

Wang, Jiebiao, Kathryn Roeder, and Bernie Devlin. "Bayesian estimation of cell-type-specific gene expression per bulk sample with prior derived from single-cell data." bioRxiv (2020).

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mind	The Multi-measure INdividual Deconvolution (MIND) algorithm

# **Description**

It calculates the empirical Bayes estimates of subject- and cell-type-specific gene expression, via a computationally efficient EM algorithm.

# Usage

```
mind(X, W, maxIter = 100, tol = 0.001, verbose = F, ncore = 4)
```

# Arguments

Χ	bulk gene expression (gene x subject x measure).
W	subject-specific cell type fraction (subject x measure x cell type).
maxIter	maximum number of iterations for the EM algorithm.
tol	tolerance level of absolute relative change of the log-likelihood to stop the EM algorithm.
verbose	logical, to print the detailed information for each iteration: iter (the iteration number), logLike_change, sigma2_e, mean(diag(Sigma_c))).

# Value

ncore

A list containing the output of the EM deconvolution algorithm

number of cores to run in parallel

Α	the deconvolved cell-type-specific gene expression (gene x cell type x subject).
mu	the estimated profile matrix (gene x cell type).
iter	the number of iterations used in the EM algorithm.
Sigma_c	the covariance matrix for the deconvolved cell-type-specific expression (cell type x cell type).
sigma2_e	the error variance.
loglike	the log-likelihood for each EM iteration.
var_A	the posterior covariance matrix for A (vectorized covariance matrix by subject).

# References

Wang, Jiebiao, Bernie Devlin, and Kathryn Roeder. "Using multiple measurements of tissue to estimate subject-and cell-type-specific gene expression." Bioinformatics 36.3 (2020): 782-788. https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btz619

# **Examples**

```
data(example)
deconv = mind(X = example$X, W = example$W, ncore = 2)
```

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