Accessing system services is how the application requests that the operating system perform some specific operation i.e.,

- Display strings and numbers on screen
- Read keyboard input
- Read/write to file system
- Terminate execution of program

When calling system services, arguments are placed in the standard argument registers.

System services can be called using the following steps:

- 1. Determine the service function and number to use
- 2. Put service number in RAX register
- 3. Put all required parameters in specified registers, if any
- 4. Issue system call using **syscall** instruction

### **Console Output**

The system service to output characters to the console is the system write (SYS write).

Register	SYS_write
rax	Call code = SYS_write (1)
rdi	Output location, STDOUT (1)
rsi	Address of characters to output.
rdx	Number of characters to output.

```
STDOUT equ 1 ; standard output
SYS_write equ 1 ; call code for write
msg db "Hello World"
msgLen dq 11

mov rax, SYS_write
mov rdi, STDOUT
mov rsi, msg ; msg address
mov rdx, qword [msgLen] ; length value
syscall
```

### **Example: Console Output**

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgramming/code
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
qlobal start
section .text
                                   ;code section
start:
                                   ;start label
                                   ; call stdout
                 rax,1
        mov
                 rdi,1
        mov
                 rsi,msg
                                   ;pointer to starting address of message
        mov
                 rdx,msglen
                                   ;length of message
        mov
                                   ;execute system routine
        syscall
                                   ;exit
        mov
                 rax,60
                 rdi,0
        mov
        syscall
section .data
                 "Hello, world!"
msq
        db
msglen equ
                 $-msq
                                                            1,1
```

#### **Example: Console Output**

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguag... - + X
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
qlobal start
section .data
LF.
        eau
NULL
        equ
EXIT SUCCESS equ 0; success code
STDIN
        equ
STDOUT equ
STDERR eau
SYS write equ
SYS exit equ
                 "Hello, World!", LF, NULL
msq1
                 "Enter answer: ",NULL
msq2
newLine db
                 LF, NULL
section .text
start:
                 rdi. msal
        mov
        call
                 printString
                 rdi, msg2
        mov
                 printString
        call
                 rdi, newLine
        mov
        call
                 printString
                 rax, SYS exit
                                           ;exit
        mov
                 rdi, EXIT SUCCESS
        mov
        syscall
                                1,1
                                               aoT
```

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguag...
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
global printString
printString:
        push
                 rbx
                 rbx, rdi
        mov
        mov
                 rdx, 0
strCountLoop:
                 byte [rbx], NULL
                                            ;calcula
         cmp
te string length
                 strCountDone
        ie
        inc
                 rdx
        inc
                 rbx
        jmp
                 strCountLoop
strCountDone:
                 rdx, 0
         cmp
                 prtDone
        je
                 rax, SYS write
                                            ;write t
        mov
o console
                 rsi, rdi
        mov
                 rdi, STDOUT
        mov
        syscall
prtDone:
                 rbx
        pop
       ret
                                48,1-8
                                                Bot
```

### **Console Input**

The system service to read characters from the console is the system read (SYS read).

Register	SYS_read	
rax	Call code = SYS_read (0)	
rdi	Input location, STDIN (0)	
rsi	Address of where to store characters read.	
rdx	Number of characters to read.	

```
STDIN equ 0 ; standard input SYS_read equ 0 ; call code for read inChar db 0
```

```
mov rax, SYS_read
mov rdi, STDIN
mov rsi, inChar ; msg address
mov rdx, 1 ; read count
syscall
```

#### **Example: Console Input**

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgramming/code - + X
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
global start
section .data
        equ
NULL
        equ
EXIT SUCCESS equ 0 ; success code
STDIN
STDOUT equ
STDERR equ
SYS_read equ
SYS write equ
SYS exit equ
                "Enter name: ", NULL
msg
        db
newLine db
                LF, NULL
section .bss
buffer resb
                         ;input buffer
section .text
start:
                                 ;display message
                rdi, msq
        mov
        call
                printString
                rdi, STDIN
                                 ;read from keyboard
        mov
                rsi, buffer
                                 ;save keyboard input to buffer
        mov
                rax, SYS_read
                                 ;call system read routine
        mov
        mov
                rdx, 10
                                 ;read 10 characters
        syscall
                rsi, buffer
                                 ;display buffer
        mov
        mov
                rax, SYS write
                rdi, STDOUT
        mov
                rdx, 10
                                 ;print 10 characters
        mov
        syscall
                rdi, newLine
        mov
                printString
        call
                rax, SYS_exit ;exit
        mov
                rdi, EXIT SUCCESS
        mov
        syscall
                                                 27,1-8
                                                                Top
```

#### **Example: Console Input**

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgramming/code - + X
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
global start
section .data
        equ
NULL
        equ
EXIT SUCCESS equ 0 ; success code
STDIN
STDOUT equ
STDERR equ
SYS_read equ
SYS write equ
SYS exit equ
                "Enter name: ", NULL
msg
        db
newLine db
                LF, NULL
section .bss
buffer resb
                         ;input buffer
section .text
start:
                                 ;display message
                rdi, msq
        mov
        call
                printString
                rdi, STDIN
                                 ;read from keyboard
        mov
                rsi, buffer
                                 ;save keyboard input to buffer
        mov
                rax, SYS_read
                                 ;call system read routine
        mov
        mov
                rdx, 10
                                 ;read 10 characters
        syscall
                rsi, buffer
                                 ;display buffer
        mov
        mov
                rax, SYS write
                rdi, STDOUT
        mov
                rdx, 10
                                 ;print 10 characters
        mov
        syscall
                rdi, newLine
        mov
                printString
        call
                rax, SYS_exit ;exit
        mov
                rdi, EXIT SUCCESS
        mov
        syscall
                                                 27,1-8
                                                                Top
```

#### **File Open Operations**

- To use file, it must be opened
- There are two file operations: open and open/create
- If the file open operation fails, an error code will be returned.
- If the file open operation succeeds, a file descriptor is returned

### File Open

Open the existing file. This operation requires the parameter to specify the access mode.

- Read-Only Access → O\_RDONLY (0)
- Write-Only Access → O\_WRONLY (1)
- Read/Write Access → O\_RDWR (2)

Register	SYS_open	
rax	Call code = SYS_open (2)	
rdi	Address of NULL terminated file name string	
rsi	File access mode flag	

After system call, if there is any error, RAX will contain negative value

### File Open/Create

A file open/create operation will create a file. If the file does not exist, a new file will be created. If the file already exists, it will be erased and a new file created

Register	SYS_creat
rax	Call code = SYS_creat (85)
rdi	Address of NULL terminated file name string
rsi	File access mode flag

u 85 ;	file open
u 0x40 ;	mode
u 0x200 ;	mode
u 0x400 ;	mode
u 00400q ;	owner, read permission
u 00200q ;	owner, write permission
u 00100q ;	owner, execute permission
	u 0x40 ; u 0x200 ; u 0x400 ; u 00400q ; u 00200q ;

#### File Read

Register	SYS_read
rax	Call code = SYS_read (0)
rdi	File descriptor (of open file)
rsi	Address of where to place characters read
rdx	Count of characters to read

#### **File Write**

Register	SYS_write	
rax	Call code = SYS_write (1)	
rdi	File descriptor (of open file)	
rsi	Address of where to place characters to write	
rdx	Count of characters to write	

\*\*\* File descriptor is an abstract unique number assigned to a file to keep track of file. The number is assigned by operating system

#### **Close File**

After operation with files are done, files must be closed (write buffer to physical storage)

Registers	SYS_close
rax	Call code = SYS_close (3)
rdi	File descripter

### **Example: Open file for writing**

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgram... - + ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
s<mark>ection</mark> .data
 Define standard constants.
       equ 10 ; line feed
       equ 0 ; end of string
NULL
TRUE
      eau 1
FALSE equ 0
EXIT SUCCESS equ 0 ; success code
STDIN equ 0 ; standard input
STDOUT equ 1 ; standard output
STDERR equ 2 ; standard error
SYS_read equ 0 ; read
SYS_write equ 1 ; write
SYS open equ 2 ; file open
SYS close equ 3 ; file close
SYS fork equ 57 ; fork
SYS exit equ 60 ; terminate
SYS creat equ 85 ; file open/create
SYS time equ 201 ; get time
O CREAT equ 0x40
O_TRUNC equ 0x200
O APPEND equ 0x400
O RDONLY equ 000000q ; read only
O WRONLY equ 000001q; write only
O RDWR equ 000002q ; read and write
S_IRUSR equ 00400q
S IWUSR equ 00200q
S IXUSR eau 00100a
 Variables for main.
newLine db LF, NULL
header db LF, "File Write Example."
        db LF, LF, NULL
fileName db "url.txt", NULL
url
        db "http://www.google.com"
        db LF, NULL
        dq $-url-1
len
writeDone
                db "Write Completed.", LF, NULL
fileDescrip
errMsgOpen
                db "Error opening file.", LF, NULL
                db "Error writing to file.", LF, NULL
errMsgWrite
```

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgramming/code - + ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
section .text
global start
start:
        mov rdi, header
        call printString
 Attempt to open file.
openInputFile:
        mov rax, SYS_creat ; file open/create
        mov rdi, fileName ; file name string
        mov rsi, S_IRUSR | S IWUSR ; allow read/write
        syscall ; call the kernel
        cmp rax, 0 ; check for success
        il errorOnOpen
        mov qword [fileDescrip], rax ; save descriptor
 Write to file.
 if success -> rax = count of characters actually read
        mov rax, SYS write
        mov rdi, qword [fileDescrip]
        mov rsi, url
        mov rdx, qword [len]
        syscall
        cmp rax, 0
        jl errorOnWrite
        mov rdi, writeDone
        call printString
        jmp exampleDone
        mov rax, SYS close
        mov rdi, qword [fileDescrip]
        syscall
        jmp exampleDone
 Error on open.
errorOnOpen:
        mov rdi, errMsgOpen
        call printString
        jmp exampleDone
 Error on write.
errorOnWrite:
        mov rdi, errMsgWrite
        call printString
        jmp exampleDone
 Example program done.
exampleDone:
        mov rax, SYS_exit
        mov rdi, EXIT SUCCESS
        syscall
```

### **Example: Open file for reading**

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgram... - + ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
s<mark>ection</mark> .data
 Define standard constants.
       equ 10 ; line feed
       equ 0 ; end of string
NULL
TRUE
      eau 1
FALSE equ 0
EXIT SUCCESS equ 0 ; success code
STDIN equ 0 ; standard input
STDOUT equ 1 ; standard output
STDERR equ 2 ; standard error
SYS_read equ 0 ; read
SYS write equ 1 ; write
SYS open equ 2 ; file open
SYS close equ 3 ; file close
SYS fork equ 57 ; fork
SYS exit equ 60 ; terminate
SYS creat equ 85 ; file open/create
SYS time equ 201 ; get time
O CREAT equ 0x40
O TRUNC equ 0x200
O APPEND equ 0x400
O RDONLY equ 000000q ; read only
O WRONLY equ 000001q; write only
O RDWR equ 000002q ; read and write
S_IRUSR equ 00400q
S IWUSR equ 00200q
S IXUSR eau 00100a
 Variables for main.
newLine db LF, NULL
header db LF, "File Write Example."
        db LF, LF, NULL
fileName db "url.txt", NULL
url
        db "http://www.google.com"
        db LF, NULL
        dq $-url-1
len
                db "Write Completed.", LF, NULL
writeDone
fileDescrip
errMsq0pen
                db "Error opening file.", LF, NULL
                db "Error writing to file.", LF, NULL
errMsgWrite
```

```
watis@ThinkPad-E570 ~/Desktop/EN812700AssemblyLanguageProgramming/code - + X
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
dlobal start
start:
 Display header line...
        mov rdi, header
        call printString
 Attempt to open file - Use system service for file open
openInputFile:
        mov rax, SYS open ; file open
        mov rdi, fileName; file name string
        mov rsi, O RDONLY; read only access
        syscall ; call the kernel
        cmp rax, 0 ; check for success
        il errorOnOpen
        mov qword [fileDescrip], rax ; save descriptor
 Read from file.
        mov rax, SYS read
        mov rdi, qword [fileDescrip]
        mov rsi, readBuffer
        mov rdx, BUFF SIZE
        syscall
        cmp rax, 0
        il errorOnRead
        mov rsi, readBuffer
        mov byte [rsi+rax], NULL
        mov rdi, readBuffer
        call printString
        printNewLine
        mov rax, SYS close
        mov rdi, qword [fileDescrip]
        syscall
        jmp exampleDone
 Error on open.
errorOnOpen:
        mov rdi, errMsgOpen
        call printString
        jmp exampleDone
        mov rdi, errMsgRead
        call printString
        jmp exampleDone
 Example program done.
exampleDone:
        mov rax, SYS exit
        mov rdi, EXIT SUCCESS
        syscall
                                                 44,1
                                                               51%
```