CS 340 Fall 2014

Assignment 2

Due Friday October 3

Expression Tree

- Implement and test the ExpressionTree class shown on the following slides.
- The constructor and the methods buildPostfix and buildInfix can assume the expression passed as a parameter is syntactically correct.
- Tokens (operands and operators) are separated by blanks
- evaluate returns the integer value of the expression tree
- All calculations will be done with integer arithmetic
- Use the Java library class Stack in the implementation of buildPostfix and buildInfix

Expression operators

The operators in precedence order are

```
! (unary minus)^ (exponentiation)*,/+.-
```

- Exponentiation and unary minus are right associative
- All other operators are left associative
- Precedence and associativity only matter for infix expressions
- Infix expressions can use parentheses to change the order of expression evaluation

```
public class ExpressionTree {
     private class Node {
          Node left;
          String data;
          Node right;
          Node(Node I, String d, Node r) {
               left = I;
               data = d;
               right = r;
     public static final int INFIX = 1;
     public static final int POSTFIX = 2;
     Node root;
```

```
public ExpressionTree(String exp, int format) {
//PRE: exp is a legal postfix expression && (format == INFIX || format == POSTFIX)
//Build an expression tree from the expression exp
     if (format == INFIX)
          buildInfix(exp);
     else
          buildPostfix(exp);
private void buildPostfix(String exp) {
//PRE: exp is a legal postfix expression
//Build an expressions tree from the postfix expression exp
private void buildInfix(String exp) {
//PRE: exp is a legal infix expression
//Build an expressions tree from the infix expression exp
```

```
public int evaluate() {
//return the int value of the expression tree
        return evaluate(root);
}

private int evaluate(Node r) {
//return the int value of the expression tree with root r
}
```

```
public String toPostfix() {
//return the postfix representation of the expression tree
     return toPostfix(root);
private String toPostfix(Node r) {
//return the postfix representation of the tree with root r
public String toInfix() {
//return the fully parenthesized infix representation of the expression tree
     return toInfix(root);
private String toInfix(Node r) {
//return the fully parenthesized infix representation of the tree with root r
```

```
public static void main(String args[]) throws IOException {
    BufferedReader b1 = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(args[0]));
    ExpressionTree e;
    String exp = b1.readLine();
    while (!exp.equals("")) {
        e = new ExpressionTree(exp,ExpressionTree.POSTFIX);
        System.out.println("Infix format: " + e.toInfix());
        System.out.println("Postfix format: " + e.toPostfix());

        System.out.println("Expression value: "+e.evaluate());
        System.out.println();
        exp = b1.readLine();
    }
}
```

```
exp = b1.readLine();
while (exp != null) {
    e = new ExpressionTree(exp,ExpressionTree.INFIX);
    System.out.println("Infix format: " + e.toInfix());
    System.out.println("Postfix format: " + e.toPostfix());

    System.out.println("Expression value: "+e.evaluate());
    System.out.println();
    exp = b1.readLine();
}
```

Input File Format

- One or more lines where each line contains a syntactically correct postfix expression
- One blank line
- One or more lines where each line contains a syntactically correct infix expression
- Remember in expressions all tokens are separated by blanks

Example Input File

```
23+
23+53-*
23^89010/*+
2+3
(2+3)*(5-3)
2^3+8*(90/10)
((2^3)+(8*(90/10)))
```

Example Output

```
Infix format: (2 + 3)
Postfix format: 23+
Expression value: 5
Infix format: ((2+3)*(5-3))
Postfix format: 2 3 + 5 3 - *
Expression value: 10
Infix format: ((2^3) + (8^*(90/10)))
Postfix format: 2 3 ^ 8 90 10 / * +
Expression value: 80
Infix format: (2+3)
Postfix format: 23+
Expression value: 5
Infix format: ((2+3)*(5-3))
Postfix format: 23 + 53 - *
Expression value: 10
Infix format: ((2^3) + (8^*(90/10)))
Postfix format: 2 3 ^ 8 90 10 / * +
Expression value: 80
Infix format: ((2^3) + (8^*(90/10)))
Postfix format: 2 3 ^ 8 90 10 / * +
Expression value: 80
```

Assignment Submission

- You must email me the following files
 - ExpressionTree.java
 - Make sure the file includes a comment with you name at the top of the file
 - One test file (your program must work correctly with this test file)