

# CLOUD COMPUTING CONCEPTS with Indranil Gupta (Indy)

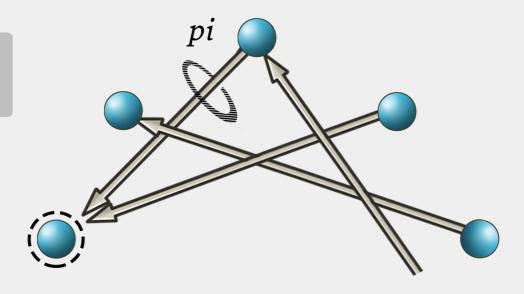
## MEMBERSHIP

Lecture C

GOSSIP-STYLE MEMBERSHIP

#### **GOSSIP-STYLE HEARTBEATING**

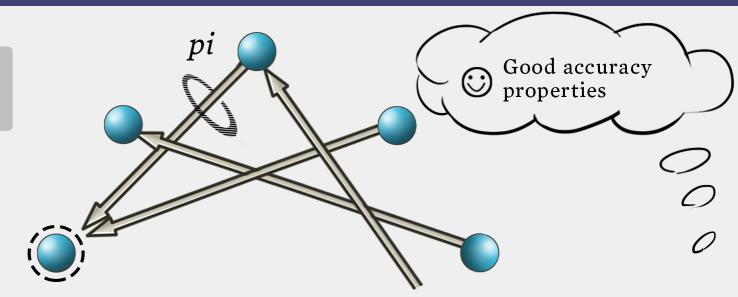
Array of Heartbeat seq. / for member subset





## **GOSSIP-STYLE HEARTBEATING**

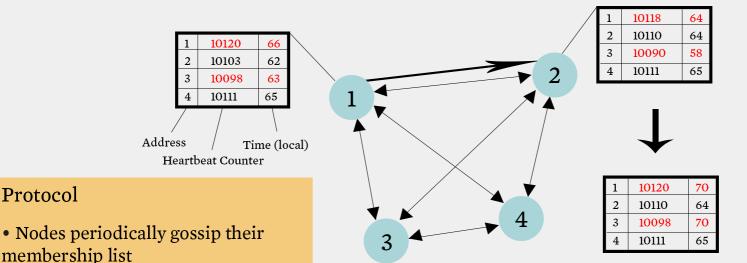
Array of Heartbeat seq. / for member subset



Protocol

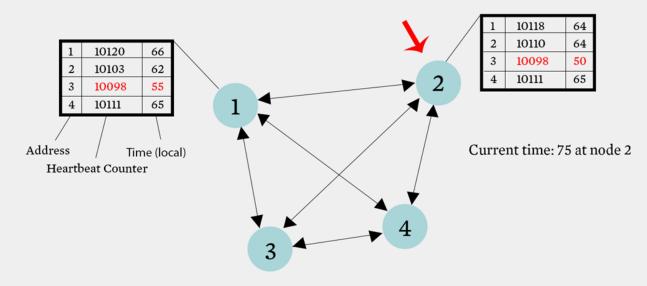
list is updated

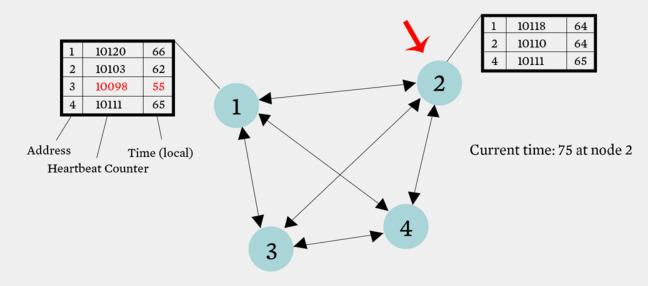
• On receipt, the local membership

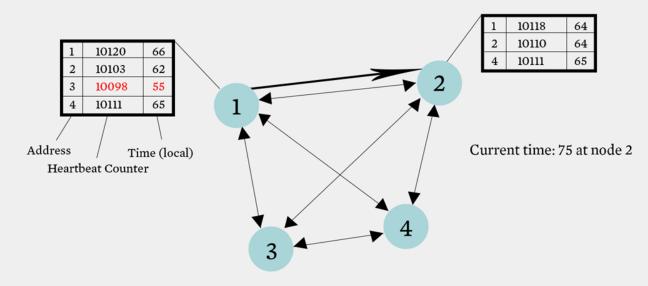


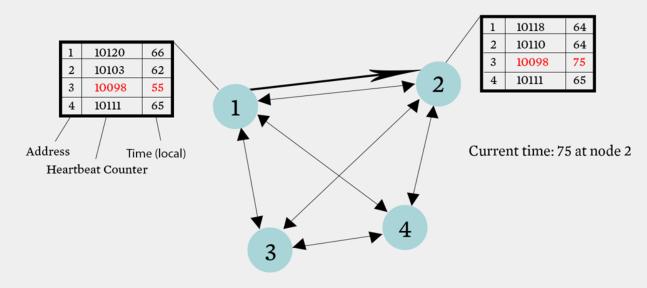
Current time: 70 at node 2 (asynchronous clocks)

- If the heartbeat has not increased for more than  $T_{fail}$  seconds, the member is considered failed
- And after T<sub>cleanup</sub> seconds, it will delete the member from the list
- Why two different timeouts?

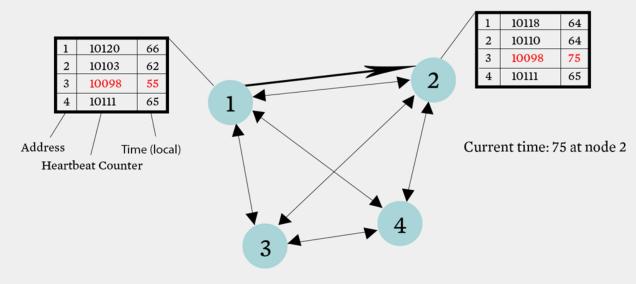








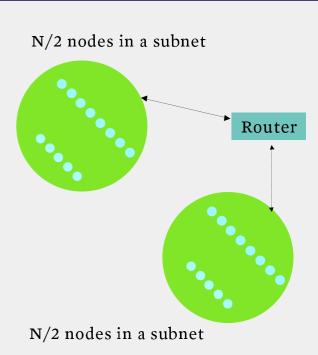
•What if an entry pointed to a failed node is deleted right after  $T_{fail}$  (=24) seconds?



ullet Fix: remember for another  $T_{fail}$ 

#### **MULTI-LEVEL GOSSIPING**

- Network topology is hierarchical
- Random gossip target selection => core routers face
   O(N) load (Why?)
- Fix: Select gossip target in subnet i, which contains  $n_i$  nodes, with probability  $1/n_i$
- Router load=O(1)
- Dissemination time=O(log(N))
  - Why?
- What about latency for multi-level topologies? [Gupta et al, TPDS 06]



## ANALYSIS/DISCUSSION

- What happens if gossip period T<sub>gossip</sub> is decreased?
- A single heartbeat takes O(log(N)) time to propagate.

#### So: N heartbeats take:

- O(log(N)) time to propagate, if bandwidth allowed per node is allowed to be O(N)
- O(N.log(N)) time to propagate, if bandwidth allowed per node is only O(1)
- What about O(k) bandwidth?
- What happens to Pmistake (false positive rate) as Tfail, Tcleanup is increased?
- Tradeoff: False positive rate vs. detection time vs. bandwidth

#### **NEXT**

• So, is this the best we can do? What is the best we can do?