

CNS_1.cpp

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <ctype.h>
3
4 void caesarCipher(char *text, int k) {
5     char ch;
6     for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
7         ch = text[i];
8
9         if (isalpha(ch)) {
10             char base = islower(ch) ? 'a' : 'A';
11             text[i] = (ch - base + k) % 26 + base;
12         }
13     }
14 }
15
16 int main() {
17     char text[100];
18     int k;
19
20     printf("Enter a message: ");
21     fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);
22
23     printf("Enter key (1-25): ");
24     scanf("%d", &k);
25
26     if (k < 1 || k > 25) {
27         printf("Invalid key. Key must be between 1 and 25.\n");
28         return 1;
29     }
30
31     caesarCipher(text, k);
32
33     printf("Encrypted message: %s\n", text);
34     return 0;
35 }
```

Compilation results...

- Errors: 0
- Warnings: 0
- Output Filename: C:\Users\chani\OneDrive\Documents\CNS_1.exe
- Output Size: 130.3212890625 KiB
- Compilation Time: 1.58s

C:\Users\chani\OneDrive\Doc X + ▾

Enter a message: I am Chanikya
 Enter key (1-25): 2
 Encrypted message: K co Ejcpkmac

 Process exited after 32.41 seconds with return value 0
 Press any key to continue . . . |

CNS_1.cpp CNS_2.cpp

```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <ctype.h>
3 #include <string.h>
4
5 // Example substitution key (cipher alphabet)
6 char cipherMap[26] = {
7     'Q', 'W', 'E', 'R', 'T', 'Y', 'U', 'I', 'O', 'P', 'A', 'S', 'D',
8     'F', 'G', 'H', 'J', 'K', 'L', 'Z', 'X', 'C', 'V', 'B', 'N', 'M'
9 };
10
11 void monoalphabeticEncrypt(char *text) {
12     for (int i = 0; text[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
13         if (isalpha(text[i])) {
14             char base = islower(text[i]) ? 'a' : 'A';
15             int index = text[i] - base;
16             char newChar = cipherMap[index];
17             text[i] = islower(text[i]) ? tolower(newChar) : newChar;
18         }
19     }
20 }
21
22 int main() {
23     char text[100];
24
25     printf("Enter a message: ");
26     fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);
27
28     monoalphabeticEncrypt(text);
29
30     printf("Encrypted message: %s\n", text);
31     return 0;
32 }
```

Compilation results...

- Errors: 0
- Warnings: 0
- Output Filename: C:\Users\chani\OneDrive\Documents\CNS_2.exe
- Output Size: 129.689453125 KiB
- Compilation Time: 0.22s

C:\Users\chani\OneDrive\Doc X + ▾

Enter a message: I am Chanikya
 Encrypted message: O qd Eiqfoanq

 Process exited after 28.04 seconds with return value 0
 Press any key to continue . . . |

```

CNS_1.cpp CNS_2.cpp CNS_3.cpp
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 #include <ctype.h>
4
5 #define SIZE 5
6
7 char matrix[SIZE][SIZE];
8
9 void prepareMatrix(char key[1]) {
10     int used[26] = {0};
11     used['J' - 'A'] = 1; // Treat J as I
12     int k = e;
13
14     // Fill matrix with key
15     for (int i = 0; key[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
16         char c = toupper(key[i]);
17         if (isalpha(c) && !used[c - 'A']) {
18             matrix[k / SIZE][k % SIZE] = c;
19             used[c - 'A'] = 1;
20             ++k;
21         }
22     }
23
24     // Fill remaining letters
25     for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; ++c) {
26         if (!used[c - 'A']) {
27             matrix[k / SIZE][k % SIZE] = c;
28             ++k;
29         }
30     }
31 }
32
33 void findPosition(char c, int *row, int *col) {
34     if (c == 'J') c = 'I'; // Treat J as I
35     for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; ++i) {
36         for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; ++j) {
37             if (matrix[i][j] == c) {
38                 *row = i;
39                 *col = j;
40                 return;
41             }
42         }
43     }
44 }
45
46 void main() {
47     char key[100];
48     printf("Enter keyword: ");
49     fgets(key, sizeof(key), stdin);
50     key[strcspn(key, "\n")] = '\0';
51
52     char plaintext[100];
53     printf("Enter plaintext: ");
54     fgets(plaintext, sizeof(plaintext), stdin);
55     plaintext[strcspn(plaintext, "\n")] = '\0';
56
57     printf("Encrypted text: ");
58     CNS_1();
59 }

```

Enter keyword: Challenge
Enter plaintext (no spaces or special characters): Iamthekingofmyownkingdom
Encrypted text: MCOSACMKGBPDOXKYGIQIBFPO

Process exited after 40.8 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

CNS_1.cpp CNS_2.cpp CNS_3.cpp CNS_4.cpp
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 #include <ctype.h>
4
5 void vigenereEncrypt(char *plaintext, char *key) {
6     int textlen = strlen(plaintext);
7     int keylen = strlen(key);
8     char ch;
9     int j = 0;
10
11    for (int i = 0; i < textlen; i++) {
12        ch = toupper(plaintext[i]);
13
14        if (isalpha(ch)) {
15            char k = toupper(key[j % keyLen]) - 'A';
16            char encrypted = ((ch - 'A') + k) % 26 + 'A';
17            printf("%c", encrypted);
18            j++;
19        } else {
20            printf("%c", ch); // preserve non-letters
21        }
22    }
23    printf("\n");
24 }
25
26 int main() {
27     char plaintext[100], key[100];
28
29     printf("Enter plaintext: ");
30     fgets(plaintext, sizeof(plaintext), stdin);
31     plaintext[strcspn(plaintext, "\n")] = '\0';
32
33     printf("Enter key: ");
34     fgets(key, sizeof(key), stdin);
35     key[strcspn(key, "\n")] = '\0';
36
37     printf("Encrypted text: ");
38     vigenereEncrypt(plaintext, key);
39
40     return 0;
41 }

```

Enter plaintext: Chanikya is my name
Enter key: Chani
Encrypted text: EOAAQMFA VA OF NNUG

Process exited after 23.44 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

The screenshot shows a Windows-based IDE interface. On the left, the code editor displays CNS_5.cpp with syntax highlighting for C++ code. The code includes functions for calculating the greatest common divisor (gcd), performing affine encryption, and a main function that reads input from the user. On the right, a terminal window shows the execution of the program. It prompts for plaintext ('Enter plaintext: Chanikya is my name'), key 'a' (must be coprime with 26) (input: 7), and key 'b' (any number) (input: 9). The encrypted output is 'XGJWNBVJ NF PV WJPL'. The terminal also shows the compilation results at the bottom.

```

CNS_1.cpp CNS_2.cpp CNS_3.cpp CNS_4.cpp CNS_5.cpp
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 #include <ctype.h>
4
5 int gcd(int a, int b) {
6     while (b != 0) {
7         int temp = b;
8         b = a % b;
9         a = temp;
10    }
11    return a;
12}
13
14 void affineEncrypt(char *plaintext, int a, int b) {
15     if (gcd(a, 26) != 1) {
16         printf("Invalid key 'a'. It must be coprime with 26.\n");
17         return;
18    }
19
20    for (int i = 0; plaintext[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
21        char ch = toupper(plaintext[i]);
22        if (isalpha(ch)) {
23            int p = ch - 'A';
24            int c = (a * p + b) % 26;
25            printf("%c", c + 'A');
26        } else {
27            printf("%c", ch); // keep spaces/punctuation
28        }
29    }
30    printf("\n");
31}
32
33 int main() {
34     char plaintext[100];
35     int a, b;
36
37     printf("Enter plaintext: ");
38     fgets(plaintext, sizeof(plaintext), stdin);
39     plaintext[strcspn(plaintext, "\n")] = '\0';
40

```

Compilation results...

```

-----
- Errors: 0
- Warnings: 0
- Output Filename: C:\Users\chani\OneDrive\Documents\CNS_5.exe
- Output Size: 131.1845703125 KiB
- Compilation Time: 0.22s

```

The screenshot shows a terminal window with the command PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_7.py". The output shows the symbol frequencies (top 10) and the decrypted text.

```

C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_7.py > ...
1   from collections import Counter
2
3   # Step 1: Ciphertext input
4   ciphertext = '''53;#f305)6*;4826)4#.)4#);806*;48+8#60))85;;]8*;:#*8+83
5   (88)5*t;46(;88*96*?;8)*t(;485);5*t2:#*(;4956*2(5*-4)8#8*
6   ;4069285);)6#8)4#t;1;(9;48081;8:8#1;48+85;4)485+528806*81
7   (#9;48;(88;4(#?34;48)4#;161;:188;#?;''''
8
9   # Step 2: Frequency analysis
10  symbols = [c for c in ciphertext if not c.isspace()]
11  frequency = Counter(symbols)
12
13  print("Symbol frequencies (top 10):")
14  for symbol, count in frequency.most_common(10):
15      print(f"{symbol}: {count}")
16
17  # Step 3: Manual substitution map (based on known decryption)

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```

PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_7.py"
Symbol frequencies (top 10):
8: 34
;: 27
4: 19
): 16
#: 15
*: 14
5: 12
6: 11
(: 9
#: 8

Decrypted text:
hteehtrheeandousaeoeceoedurandouhuiaareeuhddlundbenuhut
lueuhnhdoaIduumangdueneloudhehdnhsbe1domhanslhnpoeuiun
doramsuhedeahueoedylemdouruydubueydouhdoeouhhhsuuranuy
lemdoudluudolegtdodoueoedaydybuudeg
PS C:\Users\chani> []

```

```
C:\> Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_8.py > ...
1 def generate_cipher_alphabet(keyword):
2     keyword = keyword.upper()
3     seen = set()
4     cipher_alpha = []
5
6     # Add keyword letters (no duplicates)
7     for char in keyword:
8         if char not in seen and char.isalpha():
9             seen.add(char)
10            cipher_alpha.append(char)
11
12     # Add remaining letters
13     for char in 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ':
14         if char not in seen:
15             cipher_alpha.append(char)
16
17     return cipher_alpha
18
19 def encrypt(plaintext, cipher_alpha):
20     plaintext = plaintext.upper()
21     encrypted = ''
22     for char in plaintext:
23         if char.isalpha():
24             encrypted += cipher_alpha[ord(char) - ord('A')]
25         else:
26
PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    TERMINAL    PORTS
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_8.py"
Cipher Alphabet Mapping:
Plain : A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
Cipher: C I P H E R A B D F G J K L M N O Q S T U V W X Y Z

Sample Encryption:
Plaintext : ATTACK AT DAWN
Ciphertext: CTTCPG CT HCWL

Decryption:
Decrypted : ATTACK AT DAWN
PS C:\Users\chani> 
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_9.py > ...
1 def create_playfair_matrix(keyword):
2     keyword = keyword.upper().replace("J", "I")
3     matrix = []
4     used = set()
5
6     for char in keyword:
7         if char not in used and char.isalpha():
8             matrix.append(char)
9             used.add(char)
10
11    for char in "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPQRSTUVWXYZ":
12        if char not in used:
13            matrix.append(char)
14            used.add(char)
15
16    return [matrix[i*5:(i+1)*5] for i in range(5)]
17
18 def find_position(matrix, char):
19     for row in range(5):
20         for col in range(5):
21             if matrix[row][col] == char:
22                 return row, col
23     return None, None
24
25 def decrypt_pair(matrix, a, b):
26     row1, col1 = find_position(matrix, a)
27     row2, col2 = find_position(matrix, b)

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy /images/CNS_9.py"
Decrypted Message:
IZGKC WMKCI XVFCG UNDLZ CFHGT IMKCF FNHGG XSSLZ MPITH DXBFV HALKK XMOSZ YHYAQ KMOGC MLXVN KBTMO ISHAW CZNCF AXOBC WLIYT
PS C:\Users\chani> 
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_10.py > ...
1  def create_fixed_matrix():
2      return [
3          ['M', 'F', 'H', 'I', 'K'],
4          ['U', 'N', 'O', 'P', 'Q'],
5          ['Z', 'V', 'W', 'X', 'Y'],
6          ['E', 'L', 'A', 'R', 'G'],
7          ['D', 'S', 'T', 'B', 'C']
8      ]
9
10 def find_position(matrix, char):
11     for row in range(5):
12         for col in range(5):
13             if matrix[row][col] == char:
14                 return row, col
15     return None, None
16
17 def prepare_text(text):
18     text = text.upper().replace("J", "I")
19     text = ''.join(filter(str.isalpha, text))
20     result = ''
21     i = 0
22     while i < len(text):
23         a = text[i]
24         b = text[i+1] if (i+1) < len(text) else 'X'
25         if a == b:
26             result += a + 'X'
27             i += 1
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
/images/CNS_10.py"
Playfair Cipher Encryption
=====
Plaintext : Must see you over Cadogan West. Coming at once.
Ciphertext: UZTBDLGZPNNWLTGTUEROVLDBDUHFPERHWQSRZ
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_11.py > ...
1 import math
2
3 def factorial_log2(n):
4     return math.log2(math.factorial(n))
5
6 def estimate_effective_keys(total_keys_log2, reduction_factor=10):
7     return total_keys_log2 - math.log2(reduction_factor)
8
9 # Step 1: Total keys (25!)
10 total_keys_log2 = factorial_log2(25)
11
12 # Step 2: Approximate effectively unique keys (~10x fewer)
13 effective_keys_log2 = estimate_effective_keys(total_keys_log2)
14
15 # Display results
16 print("Playfair Cipher Key Analysis")
17 print("====")
18 print(f"Total number of possible keys (25!): ≈ 2^{total_keys_log2:.2f}")
19 print(f"Effectively unique keys (considering equivalence): ≈ 2^{effective_keys_log2:.2f}")
20
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
/images/CNS_11.py"
Playfair Cipher Key Analysis
=====
Total number of possible keys (25!): ≈ 2^83.68
Effectively unique keys (considering equivalence): ≈ 2^80.36
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C:\> Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_12.py > letter_to_number
 1 import numpy as np
 2
 3 def letter_to_number(char):
 4     return ord(char) - ord('a')
 5
 6 def number_to_letter(num):
 7     return chr((num % 26) + ord('a'))
 8
 9 def clean_text(text):
10     return ''.join([c for c in text.lower() if c.isalpha()])
11
12 def process_text(text):
13     text = clean_text(text)
14     if len(text) % 2 != 0:
15         text += 'x'
16     return text
17
18 def hill_encrypt(plaintext, key_matrix):
19     text = process_text(plaintext)
20     encrypted = ''
21     for i in range(0, len(text), 2):
22         vector = np.array([[letter_to_number(text[i])], [letter_to_number(text[i+1])]])
23         cipher_vector = np.dot(key_matrix, vector) % 26
24         encrypted += number_to_letter(cipher_vector[0][0])
25         encrypted += number_to_letter(cipher_vector[1][0])
26
```

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
Command Prompt
Hill Cipher (2x2) Encryption and Decryption
=====
Plaintext : meet me at the usual place at ten rather than eight o'clock
Ciphertext : ukixukydrromeiwszxiokunukhxhroajroanqyeblkjegad
Decrypted : meetmeattheusualplaceattenratherthaneightoclockx
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C:\> Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_13.py > ...
1  import numpy as np
2
3  def letter_to_number(char):
4      return ord(char) - ord('a')
5
6  def number_to_letter(num):
7      return chr((num % 26) + ord('a'))
8
9  def mod_inverse(a, m):
10     for x in range(1, m):
11         if (a * x) % m == 1:
12             return x
13     raise ValueError("No modular inverse exists.")
14
15 def matrix_mod_inv(matrix, mod):
16     det = int(round(np.linalg.det(matrix))) % mod
17     det_inv = mod_inverse(det, mod)
18
19     # Adjugate matrix
20     adj = np.array([
21         [ matrix[1][1], -matrix[0][1] ],
22         [-matrix[1][0],  matrix[0][0]] ] ) % mod
```

Command Prompt

```
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_13.py
Known Plaintext Attack on Hill Cipher
=====
Plaintext Matrix:
[[ 7 11]
 [ 4 15]]
Ciphertext Matrix:
[[ 2 12]
 [25 15]]
Recovered Key Matrix K:
[[24  4]
 [ 9 10]]
```

```
C:\> Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_14.py > ...
1 import random
2
3 def clean_text(text):
4     return ''.join([c for c in text.lower() if c.isalpha()])
5
6 def letter_to_number(c):
7     return ord(c) - ord('a')
8
9 def number_to_letter(n):
10    return chr((n % 26) + ord('a'))
11
12 def generate_key(length):
13     return [random.randint(0, 25) for _ in range(length)]
14
15 def encrypt_otp_vigenere(plaintext, key):
16     cipher = ''
17     for i in range(len(plaintext)):
18         shift = (letter_to_number(plaintext[i]) + key[i]) % 26
19         cipher += number_to_letter(shift)
20
21     return cipher
22
23 def decrypt_otp_vigenere(ciphertext, key):
24     plaintext = ''
25     for i in range(len(ciphertext)):
26         shift = (letter_to_number(ciphertext[i]) - key[i] + 26) % 26
27         plaintext += number_to_letter(shift)
28
29
PROBLEMS ② OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
```

```
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_14.py"
One-Time Pad Vigenère Cipher
=====
Plaintext : meetmeattheusualplaceattenratherthaneightoclock
Key       : [2, 1, 23, 21, 14, 20, 18, 25, 14, 22, 15, 0, 25, 4, 20, 16, 19, 4, 23, 24, 17, 20, 25, 19, 12, 4, 8, 24, 10, 2, 21, 7
, 14, 4, 22, 11, 12, 23, 15, 14, 14, 18, 18, 10, 18, 13, 24]
Ciphertext: ofboaysshdturyubipxavusmqrzydjzyhlwyqfvvhguvgpí
Decrypted : meetmeattheusualplaceattenratherthaneightoclock
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```

C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_15.py > ...
1  from collections import Counter
2
3  # Common English letters in frequency order
4  english_freq_order = 'etaoinshrdlcumwfgypvkjxqz'
5
6  def letter_to_number(c):
7      return ord(c) - ord('a')
8
9  def number_to_letter(n):
10     return chr((n % 26) + ord('a'))
11
12 def decrypt_caesar(ciphertext, key):
13     return ''.join(number_to_letter(letter_to_number(c) - key) if c.isalpha() else c for c in ciphertext)
14
15 def frequency_attack(ciphertext, top_n=10):
16     ciphertext = ciphertext.lower()
17     letters_only = ''.join(c for c in ciphertext if c.isalpha())
18
19     freq_counter = Counter(letters_only)
20     most_common_in_cipher = [item[0] for item in freq_counter.most_common(5)]
21
22     guesses = []
23     for cipher_letter in most_common_in_cipher:
24         for english_letter in english_freq_order[:5]: # Try mapping to top 5 English letters
25             key = (letter_to_number(cipher_letter) - letter_to_number(english_letter)) % 26
26             plaintext = decrypt_caesar(ciphertext, key)

```

PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```

PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy
/images/CNS_15.py"
Letter Frequency Attack on Additive Cipher
=====
Ciphertext: ymmx nx f yjxy
1. Key = 20 | Plaintext: estd td l epde
2. Key = 5 | Plaintext: this is a test
3. Key = 24 | Plaintext: aopz pz h alza
4. Key = 10 | Plaintext: ocdn dn v ozno
5. Key = 16 | Plaintext: iwxh xh p ithi
PS C:\Users\chani> []

```

C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_16.py > ...

```

1  import string
2  from collections import Counter
3
4  # English letter frequencies (approximate frequencies in English language)
5  ENGLISH_FREQ = {
6      'E': 12.02, 'T': 9.10, 'A': 8.12, 'O': 7.68, 'I': 7.31, 'N': 6.95, 'S': 6.28, 'R': 6.02,
7      'H': 5.92, 'D': 4.32, 'L': 3.98, 'U': 2.88, 'C': 2.71, 'M': 2.61, 'F': 2.30, 'Y': 2.11,
8      'P': 2.03, 'B': 1.49, 'V': 1.11, 'K': 0.69, 'J': 0.49, 'X': 0.17, 'Q': 0.11, 'Z': 0.07
9  }
10
11 def clean_text(text):
12     """Clean the text by removing non-alphabetic characters and converting to uppercase."""
13     text = text.upper()
14     return ''.join(filter(lambda x: x in string.ascii_uppercase, text))
15
16 def letter_frequency(text):
17     """Calculate letter frequency in the ciphertext."""
18     letter_counts = Counter(text)
19     total_letters = sum(letter_counts.values())
20     frequencies = {char: (count / total_letters) * 100 for char, count in letter_counts.items()}
21     return frequencies
22
23 def sort_by_frequency(freqs):

```

PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```

PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy
/images/CNS_16.py"
Enter the ciphertext: NYFTVWTCUS
Enter the number of possible plaintexts to show (e.g., 10): 3

Top possible plaintexts:
1. OINETTESARA
2. OINETTESARA
3. OINETTESARA
PS C:\Users\chani> []

```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_17.py > ...
33     def des_decrypt(ciphertext, key):
48         decrypted = permute(R + L, FP)
50         return decrypted
51
52     # Convert binary string to ASCII
53     def bin_to_text(b):
54         return ''.join(chr(int(b[i:i + 8], 2)) for i in range(0, len(b), 8))
55
56     # Driver
57     cipher_bin = '01101100011011101101100110010101101110011001110110001001101001' # Example 64-bit binary
58     key_bin = '000100110011010001010110111001100110110111001100111111110001' # Example key
59
60     print("===== DES Decryption (Simplified) =====")
61     plaintext_bin = des_decrypt(cipher_bin, key_bin)
62     print("Decrypted Binary:", plaintext_bin)
63     print("Decrypted Text : ", bin_to_text(plaintext_bin))
64
```

PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
SyntaxError: expected ':'
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy
/images/CNS_17.py"
===== DES Decryption (Simplified) =====
Decrypted Binary: 1001110111110001001011000110110111010011001110011110111101100
Decrypted Text : øôî{i
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_18.py > ...
1 def left_shift(bits, n):
2     return bits[n:] + bits[:n]
3
4 def generate_subkeys(key_64bit):
5     # PC-1 removes 8 parity bits to get 56-bit key
6     PC1 = [i for i in range(1, 65) if i % 8 != 0]
7
8     # Simplified example shift schedule
9     SHIFT_SCHEDULE = [1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
10                      |   |   |   |   |   |   |
11                      1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1]
12
13     # Permute to 56-bit
14     key_56 = ''.join(key_64bit[i - 1] for i in PC1)
15     C, D = key_56[:28], key_56[28:]
16
17     subkeys = []
18     for i in range(16):
19         C = left_shift(C, SHIFT_SCHEDULE[i])
20         D = left_shift(D, SHIFT_SCHEDULE[i])
21         K = C[:24] + D[:24] # 24 bits from C and 24 bits from D
22         subkeys.append(K)

PROBLEMS 2 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

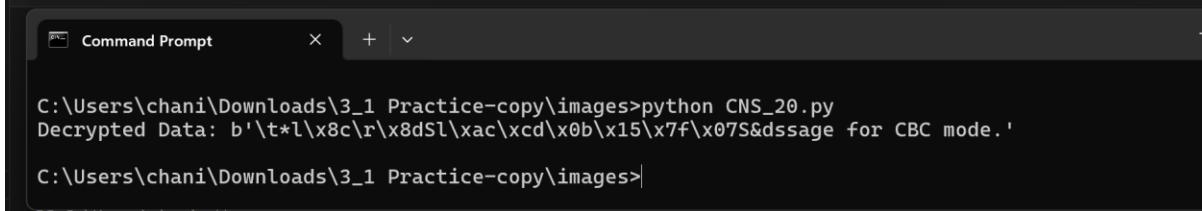
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_18.py"
===== DES Subkeys (24 bits from C, 24 bits from D) =====
Round 1: 001001001101001001010110001101101111011011111111
Round 2: 01001000110100101011011101101101111011011111110
Round 3: 0010011010010010101101110001011011110110111111100
Round 4: 1001101001010101111000011011110110111111100010
Round 5: 0110100101011011100000101111011011111110001001
Round 6: 1010010101101110000010011101101111111000100110
Round 7: 10010101101111000001001010110111111100010011011
Round 8: 01010110111100000100100111011111110001001101101
Round 9: 10101101111000001001001110111111100010011011011
Round 10: 10110111100000100100110111111110001001101101111
Round 11: 11011110000010010011011111111000100110110111101
Round 12: 01111000001001001101001111100010011011011110110
Round 13: 11100000100100110100110001001101101111011011
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_19.py > ...
1 from Crypto.Cipher import DES3
2 from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad
3 from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
4
5 # Generate a 24-byte (192-bit) key for 3DES
6 key = DES3.adjust_key parity(get_random_bytes(24))
7 iv = get_random_bytes(8) # 3DES block size is 8 bytes
8
9 data = b"Sensitive information that needs encryption"
10 cipher = DES3.new(key, DES3.MODE_CBC, iv)
11 padded_data = pad(data, DES3.block_size)
12 ciphertext = cipher.encrypt(padded_data)
13
14 # Decryption
15 decipher = DES3.new(key, DES3.MODE_CBC, iv)
16 decrypted_data = unpad(decipher.decrypt(ciphertext), DES3.block_size)
17
18 print("Original:", data)
19 print("Encrypted:", ciphertext)
20 print("Decrypted:", decrypted_data)

PROBLEMS 5 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'Crypto'
C:\Users\chani> powershell
C:\Users\chani> python CNS_19.py
Command Prompt
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_19.py
Original: b'Sensitive information that needs encryption'
Encrypted: b'\x88{V}\xd0\xa5\xd2\xe3\xe8\xb6\xf9*\xfa\x8\xc4\xef\xd3\x10\x0\xc1\x9eG\${@\x17~\xe4\xb0\xb4\xb5d\x18\xe9W\x85\xf1\x80\xd5^\'b9\xe9c2\xf2\r'
Decrypted: b'Sensitive information that needs encryption'
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_20.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Cipher import AES
2  from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad
3  from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
4
5  key = get_random_bytes(16)
6  iv = get_random_bytes(16)
7  data = b"This is a test message for CBC mode."
8
9  # Encryption
10 cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv)
11 ciphertext = cipher.encrypt(pad(data, AES.block_size))
12
13 # Introduce error in first ciphertext block
14 corrupted_ciphertext = bytearray(ciphertext)
15 corrupted_ciphertext[0] ^= 0x01 # Flip a bit
16
17 # Decryption
18 decipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv)
19 try:
20     decrypted_data = unpad(decipher.decrypt(bytes(corrupted_ciphertext)), AES.block_size)
21     print("Decrypted Data:", decrypted_data)
22 except ValueError as e:
23     print("Decryption error:", e)
24
```



```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_20.py
Decrypted Data: b'\t*l\x8c\r\x8d\$l\xac\xcd\x0b\x15\x7f\x07S&dssage for CBC mode.'

C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_21.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Cipher import AES
2  from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad
3  from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
4
5  data = b"Message requiring padding."
6  key = get_random_bytes(16)
7  iv = get_random_bytes(16)
8
9  # ECB Mode
10 cipher_ecb = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_ECB)
11 ciphertext_ecb = cipher_ecb.encrypt(pad(data, AES.block_size))
12 decrypted_ecb = unpad(cipher_ecb.decrypt(ciphertext_ecb), AES.block_size)
13
14 # CBC Mode
15 cipher_cbc = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv)
16 ciphertext_cbc = cipher_cbc.encrypt(pad(data, AES.block_size))
17 decipher_cbc = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv)
18 decrypted_cbc = unpad(decipher_cbc.decrypt(ciphertext_cbc), AES.block_size)
19
20 # CFB Mode (does not require padding)
21 cipher_cfb = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CFB, iv)
22 ciphertext_cfb = cipher_cfb.encrypt(data)
23 decipher_cfb = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CFB, iv)
24 decrypted_cfb = decipher_cfb.decrypt(ciphertext_cfb)
25
26 print("ECB Decrypted:", decrypted_ecb)
27 print("CBC Decrypted:", decrypted_cbc)
28 print("CFB Decrypted:", decrypted_cfb)
29
```

The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Command Prompt". The command `python CNS_21.py` is run, and the output is displayed in the window. The output shows three identical messages: "ECB Decrypted: b'Message requiring padding.'", "CBC Decrypted: b'Message requiring padding.'", and "CFB Decrypted: b'Message requiring padding.'". The command prompt's title bar and the system tray are visible at the top.

```
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_21.py
ECB Decrypted: b'Message requiring padding.'
CBC Decrypted: b'Message requiring padding.'
CFB Decrypted: b'Message requiring padding.'
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_22.py > ...
1 def s_des_encrypt_block(block, key):
2     # Placeholder for S-DES encryption logic
3     return block # Replace with actual encryption
4
5 def s_des_decrypt_block(block, key):
6     # Placeholder for S-DES decryption logic
7     return block # Replace with actual decryption
8
9 def xor_bytes(a, b):
10    return bytes([i ^ j for i, j in zip(a, b)])
11
12 key = b'\x3F' # Example 8-bit key
13 iv = b'\xAA' # Initialization vector: 10101010
14 plaintext = b'\x01\x23' # Example plaintext
15
16 # Encryption
17 prev_cipher = iv
18 ciphertext = b''
19 for i in range(0, len(plaintext), 1):
20    block = plaintext[i:i+1]
21    block = xor_bytes(block, prev_cipher)
22    cipher_block = s_des_encrypt_block(block, key)
23    ciphertext += cipher_block
24    prev_cipher = cipher_block
25
26 # Decryption
27 prev_cipher = iv
28 decrypted = b''

```

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_22.py"
Ciphertext: b'\xab\x88'
Decrypted: b'\x01#'
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_23.py > ...
1 def s_des_encrypt_block(block, key):
2     # Placeholder for S-DES encryption logic
3     return block # Replace with actual encryption
4
5 def xor_bytes(a, b):
6     return bytes([i ^ j for i, j in zip(a, b)])
7
8 key = b'\x3F' # Example 8-bit key
9 counter = 0
10 plaintext = b'\x01\x02\x04' # Example plaintext
11 ciphertext = b''
12
13 for i in range(len(plaintext)):
14    counter_block = counter.to_bytes(1, 'big')
15    keystream = s_des_encrypt_block(counter_block, key)
16    cipher_byte = xor_bytes(bytes([plaintext[i]]), keystream)
17    ciphertext += cipher_byte
18    counter += 1
19
20 # Decryption is identical to encryption in CTR mode
21 counter = 0
22 decrypted = b''
23 for i in range(len(ciphertext)):
24    counter_block = counter.to_bytes(1, 'big')
25    keystream = s_des_encrypt_block(counter_block, key)
26    plain_byte = xor_bytes(bytes([ciphertext[i]]), keystream)
27    decrypted += plain_byte
28    counter += 1
29
```

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_23.py"
Ciphertext: b'\x01\x03\x06'
Decrypted: b'\x01\x02\x04'
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_24.py > ...
 7 |     return gcd, x, y
 8 |
 9 def modinv(e, phi):
10     gcd, x, _ = gcd_extended(e, phi)
11     if gcd != 1:
12         raise Exception('Modular inverse does not exist')
13     else:
14         return x % phi
15
16 n = 3599
17 e = 31
18
19 # Factor n to find p and q
20 for i in range(2, n):
21     if n % i == 0:
22         p = i
23         q = n // i
24         break
25
26 phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1)
27 d = modinv(e, phi)
28
29 print(f"p = {p}, q = {q}")
30 print(f"Private key d = {d}")
31 |
```

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_24.py"
p = 59, q = 61
Private key d = 3031
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_25.py > ...
 1 import math
 2
 3 n = 3233 # Example modulus
 4 e = 17 # Public exponent
 5 m = 61 # Known plaintext sharing a factor with n
 6
 7 gcd = math.gcd(m, n)
 8 if 1 < gcd < n:
 9     p = gcd
10     q = n // p
11     print(f"Found factors: p = {p}, q = {q}")
12     phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1)
13     d = pow(e, -1, phi)
14     print(f"Private key d = {d}")
15 else:
16     print("No common factor found; RSA remains secure.")
17 |
```

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_24.py"
p = 59, q = 61
Private key d = 3031
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_25.py"
Found factors: p = 61, q = 53
Private key d = 2753
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_26.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Util import number
2
3  def generate_rsa_keys(bits=512):
4      p = number.getPrime(bits)
5      q = number.getPrime(bits)
6      n = p * q
7      phi_n = (p - 1) * (q - 1)
8      e = 65537
9      d = pow(e, -1, phi_n)
10     return (e, n), (d, n)
11
12     # Unsafe to reuse 'n' after key leak
13 pub_key, priv_key = generate_rsa_keys()
14 print("Original Public Key:", pub_key)
15 print("Original Private Key:", priv_key)
16 print("If private key is leaked, 'n' must be regenerated!")
17
```



```
Command Prompt
```

```
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_26.py
Original Public Key: (65537, 7686009747504738856944091738374590625499856589657241759111316731386874136856758371340408015656216621609506649858482372
74533074679988674649684786605210761424654412529751501128697954731256544715428624759659473325373881355941557086822560400597991311915893632740888673
17281351258260910248298822831415623118143)
Original Private Key: (161295639823026957204635699832091638512550267529126233549431312583956799274230249246822262257810070755892448841619655135489
978470555960486202895528315578709751327971428565894915310574865935331555241924515028383194026508816427700970024783807936878426377229887123453730988
39597822516089432031313913268521153, 7606009747504473805694#09173837459062549985658965724175911131673138687413685675837134040801565621662160950664985
5848237274533074679988674464968478660521070142465441252975150112869795473125654471542802475965947332537388135559415570868225604005979913119158936327
4088867317281351258260910248298822831415623118143)
If private key is leaked, 'n' must be regenerated!
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_28.py > ...
1 import random
2
3 def sha3_capacity_spread():
4     state = [0] * 25 # 1600 bits = 25 lanes of 64 bits
5     state[0] = 1
6     rounds = 0
7     while any(state[i] == 0 for i in range(16, 25)): # Capacity lanes
8         for i in range(25):
9             state[i] ^= random.getrandbits(1)
10            rounds += 1
11
12 return rounds
13
14 print("Rounds needed to fill all capacity lanes:", sha3_capacity_spread())
15

PROBLEMS 13 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3_1 Practice-copy/images/CNS_28.py"
Rounds needed to fill all capacity lanes: 41
PS C:\Users\chani> 
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_28.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Util import number
2  import random
3
4  # Generate large prime and primitive root
5  p = number.getPrime(512) # large prime
6  g = random.randint(2, p - 2) # base
7
8  print("Public parameters:\n  Prime (p):", p, "\n  Base (g):", g)
9
10 # Alice's private key and public value
11 a = random.randint(2, p - 2)
12 A = pow(g, a, p)
13
14 # Bob's private key and public value
15 b = random.randint(2, p - 2)
16 B = pow(g, b, p)
17
18 # Shared secrets
19 shared_secret_alice = pow(B, a, p)
20 shared_secret_bob = pow(A, b, p)
21
22 print("\nAlice's public value (A):", A)
```

The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Command Prompt". The command entered is "C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_28.py". The output of the script is displayed below:

```
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_28.py
Public parameters:
  Prime (p): 721611919547948240399747008160537851634084715799548110378127225541826271722
 4989791605449976322543052404464163035615767444542724167366743960702269245712033
  Base (g): 7065145625157641875084887102147952673376529806459592094552632310168620795769
2354517878342904800348916123520189917289547634780575210173972297009234330324184

Alice's public value (A): 11958553567754612141203257549613691511721685882687809457976019
742155016287467358500673975684787368661107391179157495061133395983957374357168061296167
4436
Bob's public value (B): 1266587666088735303858360024490920369879094547747173928618322700
01243304205931901960908609890534240178322140844057996163307873703552593498669659504330
57

Shared secret (Alice): 10923005569385291887681773300180984604852536555483305023913301331
3344718921596867054158733390774953180108628575475711215380747813564437646628427494476205
6
Shared secret (Bob): 1092300556938529188768177330018098460485253655548330502391330133133
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_30.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Cipher import AES
2  from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
3
4  def xor_bytes(a, b):
5      return bytes(x ^ y for x, y in zip(a, b))
6
7  def cbc_mac(key, message):
8      cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_ECB)
9      block_size = 16
10     blocks = [message[i:i+block_size] for i in range(0, len(message), block_size)]
11     iv = bytes([0] * block_size)
12     for block in blocks:
13         iv = cipher.encrypt(xor_bytes(block, iv))
14     return iv
15
16 key = get_random_bytes(16)
17 X = b'TestMessageBlock' # 16-byte block
18 T = cbc_mac(key, X)
19 X2 = xor_bytes(X, T)
20 T2 = cbc_mac(key, X + X2)
21
22 print("T (CBC-MAC of X):", T.hex())
PROBLEMS 4 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
Bounds needed to fill all capacity lanes: 683
Command Prompt
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_30.py
T (CBC-MAC of X): 1ebd9f0bb8f3f077ad8da1b6056b5b8a
T2 (CBC-MAC of X || (X XOR T)): 1ebd9f0bb8f3f077ad8da1b6056b5b8a
T == T2? (Collision Found): True
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_31.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Cipher import AES, DES
2
3  def left_shift_one_bit(input_bytes):
4      shifted = int.from_bytes(input_bytes, byteorder='big') << 1
5      shifted &= (1 << (len(input_bytes) * 8)) - 1 # Trim to block size
6      return shifted.to_bytes(len(input_bytes), byteorder='big')
7
8  def generate_cmac_subkeys(key_size_bits=128):
9      if key_size_bits == 128:
10          block_size = 16
11          Rb = 0x87
12          cipher = AES.new(bytes([0] * block_size), AES.MODE_ECB)
13      elif key_size_bits == 64:
14          block_size = 8
15          Rb = 0x1B
16          cipher = DES.new(bytes([0] * block_size), DES.MODE_ECB)
17      else:
18          raise ValueError("Unsupported block size")
19
20      zero_block = bytes([0] * block_size)
21      L = cipher.encrypt(zero_block)
22
23      # Generate K1
24      if (L[0] & 0x80):
25          K1 = left_shift_one_bit(L)
26          K1 = bytearray(K1)
27          K1[-1] ^= Rh
28
29  Command Prompt
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_31.py
CMAC Subkeys for AES (128-bit): {'L': '66e949bdde78a2c3b884cf459ca342b2e', 'K1': 'cdd297a9df1458771099f4b39468565c', 'K2': '9ba52f53be28b0ee2133e96728d0ac3f'}
CMAC Subkeys for DES (64-bit): {'L': '8ca61de9c1b123a7', 'K1': '194c9bd383624755', 'K2': '329937a706c48eaa'}
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C:\> Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_32.py > ...
9  # Message to sign
10 message = b"This is a critical message."
11
12 # First signature
13 hash1 = SHA256.new(message)
14 signer1 = DSS.new(key, 'fips-186-3')
15 signature1 = signer1.sign(hash1)
16
17 # Second signature (same message)
18 hash2 = SHA256.new(message)
19 signer2 = DSS.new(key, 'fips-186-3') # New signer = new k internally
20 signature2 = signer2.sign(hash2)
21
22 # Output results
23 print("Signature 1:", signature1.hex())
24 print("Signature 2:", signature2.hex())
25
26 # Check if they are different
27 if signature1 != signature2:
28     print("\n✓ DSA signatures differ even for the same message (because of different random k).")
29 else:
30     print("\n✗ Signatures are identical, something is wrong.")
31
```

The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Command Prompt". The command "python CNS_32.py" is run, followed by two lines of hex-encoded signatures. A checkmark indicates that the signatures differ, which is expected due to the random nature of the DSA algorithm.

```
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_32.py
Signature 1: 55b0b9f82256d568c8f1b8f7a3067b3eeb963fc51f4e3237bb05d78e5b1886133cb2276a4bf91441
Signature 2: 132c0878b564d16fa87c42834a63814055f59c8287b20982178df2430562482d3701aadc6aed71f
✓ DSA signatures differ even for the same message (because of different random k).
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_33.py > ...
1  from Crypto.Cipher import DES
2  from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad, unpad
3  from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
4
5  # 8-byte (64-bit) key for DES (only 56 bits are used, last bit of each byte is for parity)
6  key = get_random_bytes(8)
7
8  # DES requires 8-byte blocks
9  data = b"NetworkSecurity123"  # Must be padded to multiple of 8 bytes
10
11 # Encrypt
12 cipher = DES.new(key, DES.MODE_ECB)
13 ciphertext = cipher.encrypt(pad(data, DES.block_size))
14
15 # Decrypt
16 decipher = DES.new(key, DES.MODE_ECB)
17 plaintext = unpad(decipher.decrypt(ciphertext), DES.block_size)
18
19 # Results
20 print("Original Data:", data)
21 print("Encrypted Data (hex):", ciphertext.hex())
22 print("Decrypted Data:", plaintext)
23
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window within a code editor interface. The terminal tab is active, labeled 'TERMINAL'. The window title is 'Command Prompt'. The output of the script execution is displayed:

```
DSA signatures differ even for the same message (because of different random k).
C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>python CNS_33.py
Original Data: b'NetworkSecurity123'
Encrypted Data (hex): b67b53d6db1417e91aa45c90bc6d7b7c89b6b96ccc731287
Decrypted Data: b'NetworkSecurity123'

C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_34.py > ...
5  def process_mode(mode_name, mode, key, data, iv=None):
10 |     else:
11 |         decipher = DES.new(key, mode)
12 |
13 |     decrypted = unpad(decipher.decrypt(encrypted), DES.block_size)
14 |
15 |     print(f"\n--- {mode_name} ---")
16 |     print("Encrypted (hex):", encrypted.hex())
17 |     print("Decrypted:", decrypted)
18 |
19 | # 8-byte key and sample plaintext
20 | key = get_random_bytes(8)
21 | data = b"HelloDESmodeTest"
22 |
23 | # ECB Mode
24 | process_mode("ECB", DES.MODE_ECB, key, data)
25 |
26 | # CBC Mode with IV
27 | iv_cbc = get_random_bytes(8)
28 | process_mode("CBC", DES.MODE_CBC, key, data, iv=iv_cbc)
29 |
30 | # CFB Mode with IV
31 | iv_cfb = get_random_bytes(8)
32 | process_mode("CFB", DES.MODE_CFB, key, data, iv=iv_cfb)
33 |
34 |
```

```
Command Prompt      X + ▾
Encrypted (hex): 9ac1ece713acfadaf1cbf0f183c1f692b556bc164b117461
Decrypted: b'HelloDESmodeTest'

--- CFB ---
Encrypted (hex): 0309d77b52523532e5799933b634d34d0b2c8e69c9f59e77
Decrypted: b'HelloDESmodeTest'

C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>=
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_35.py > ...
1  import random
2  import string
3
4  def generate_key(length):
5      return [random.randint(0, 25) for _ in range(length)]
6
7  def encrypt_vigenere_otp(plaintext, key):
8      plaintext = plaintext.upper().replace(" ", "")
9      ciphertext = ""
10     for i, char in enumerate(plaintext):
11         if char in string.ascii_uppercase:
12             shift = key[i]
13             encrypted_char = chr((ord(char) - ord('A') + shift) % 26 + ord('A'))
14             ciphertext += encrypted_char
15     return ciphertext
16
17  def decrypt_vigenere_otp(ciphertext, key):
18      decrypted = ""
19      for i, char in enumerate(ciphertext):
20          if char in string.ascii_uppercase:
21              shift = key[i]
22              decrypted_char = chr((ord(char) - ord('A') - shift + 26) % 26 + ord('A'))
23              decrypted += decrypted_char
24      return decrypted
25
```

PROBLEMS 15 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'Crypto'
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/images/CNS_35.py"
Plaintext: HELLOCRYPTO
Key: [8, 2, 10, 17, 2, 9, 20, 0, 15, 5, 4]
Encrypted: PGVCQLLYEYS
Decrypted: HELLOCRYPTO
PS C:\Users\chani> []
```

```
C:\> Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_36.py > ...
1  def mod_inverse(a, m):
2      for x in range(1, m):
3          if (a * x) % m == 1:
4              return x
5      return None
6
7  def affine_encrypt(text, a, b):
8      return ''.join(
9          chr((a * (ord(char) - ord('A')) + b) % 26) + ord('A')) if char.isalpha() else char
10         for char in text.upper()
11     )
12
13 def affine_decrypt(cipher, a, b):
14     a_inv = mod_inverse(a, 26)
15     if a_inv is None:
16         raise ValueError("No modular inverse exists for a = {} under mod 26".format(a))
17     return ''.join(
18         chr((a_inv * ((ord(char) - ord('A')) - b)) % 26) + ord('A')) if char.isalpha() else char
19         for char in cipher.upper()
20     )
21
22 # Example usage
23 plaintext = "HELLO"
24 a, b = 5, 8
25 ciphertext = affine_encrypt(plaintext, a, b)

PROBLEMS    OUTPUT    DEBUG CONSOLE    TERMINAL    PORTS

PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/3/images/CNS_36.py"
Plaintext: HELLO
Ciphertext: RCLLA
Decrypted: HELLO
PS C:\Users\chani>
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_37.py > ...
1  from collections import Counter
2
3  # English letter frequency in descending order
4  english_freq_order = 'ETAOINSHRDLCUMWFGYPBVKJXQZ'
5
6  def frequency_attack(ciphertext, top_n=10):
7      ciphertext = ciphertext.upper()
8      letter_counts = Counter(filter(str.isalpha, ciphertext))
9      most_common = [pair[0] for pair in letter_counts.most_common()]
10
11     probable_plaintexts = []
12
13     # Try substitution with most common English letters
14     for i in range(top_n):
15         if i >= len(most_common):
16             break
17
18         mapping = {most_common[i]: english_freq_order[0]} # Most frequent letter to 'E'
19         translation = ''
20         for c in ciphertext:
21             if c in mapping:
22                 translation += mapping[c]
23             elif c.isalpha():
24                 translation += '_'
25             else:
26
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
```

```
PS C:\Users\chani> & C:/Users/chani/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe "c:/Users/chani/Downloads/images/CNS_37.py"
Guess 1: _E_E_ ___E_ _E_
Guess 2: E___ E___ ___
Guess 3: ___E ___E ___
Guess 4: _E_ ___ ___ ___
Guess 5: __E ___ ___ ___
Guess 6: ___ _E ___ ___
Guess 7: ___ _E_ ___ ___
Guess 8: ___ ___ E ___
Guess 9: ___ ___ ___ E ___
Guess 10: ___ ___ ___ E_
```

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_39.py > ...
1  import numpy as np
2
3  def mod_inverse(a, m):
4      a = a % m
5      for x in range(1, m):
6          if (a * x) % m == 1:
7              return x
8      return None
9
10 def decrypt_hill(ciphertext, key_matrix):
11     n = len(key_matrix)
12     ciphertext = ciphertext.upper().replace(" ", "")
13     cipher_numbers = [ord(c) - ord('A') for c in ciphertext]
14
15     while len(cipher_numbers) % n != 0:
16         cipher_numbers.append(23) # Padding with 'X'
17
18     cipher_matrix = np.array(cipher_numbers).reshape(-1, n).T
19
20     det = int(round(np.linalg.det(key_matrix))) % 26
21     det_inv = mod_inverse(det, 26)
22     if det_inv is None:
23         raise ValueError("Key matrix is not invertible under mod 26")
24
25     adjugate = np.round(det * np.linalg.inv(key_matrix)).astype(int) % 26
26     key_inv = (det_inv * adjugate) % 26
27
28     decrypted_matrix = np.dot(key_inv, cipher_matrix) % 26
```

Command Prompt

y
Decrypted Text: CPPI

C:\Users\chani\Downloads\3_1 Practice-copy\images>

```
C: > Users > chani > Downloads > 3_1 Practice-copy > images > CNS_39.py > ...
1  from collections import Counter
2
3  def decrypt_additive(ciphertext, key):
4      decrypted = ""
5      for char in ciphertext:
6          if char.isalpha():
7              offset = ord('A') if char.isupper() else ord('a')
8              decrypted += chr((ord(char) - offset - key) % 26 + offset)
9          else:
10             decrypted += char
11     return decrypted
12
13 def additive_attack(ciphertext, top_n=10):
14     # Assume most frequent letter in English is 'E'
15     freq = Counter(c for c in ciphertext.upper() if c.isalpha())
16     most_common = freq.most_common()
17
18     guesses = []
19     for char, _ in most_common:
20         key = (ord(char) - ord('E')) % 26
21         plaintext = decrypt_additive(ciphertext, key)
22
```

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

Guess #8: Key = 3
WLIPP MW XLI TEVXY

Guess #9: Key = 20
FURYY VF GUR CNEGH

Guess #10: Key = 23
CROVV SC DRO ZKBDE
PS C:\Users\chani>

