Firewall Configuration & Testing – Windows

1. Commands / GUI Steps Used

Step 1 - Open Windows Firewall (GUI)

- Press Windows + R, type: control firewall.cpl
- Press Enter → Opens Windows Defender Firewall.
- Click Advanced Settings to open Windows Defender Firewall with Advanced Security.

Step 2 - View Current Rules

- In the left pane, click Inbound Rules.
- Scroll to see all existing rules.

Step 3 – Block Inbound Traffic on Port 23 (Telnet)

GUI:

- Inbound Rules → New Rule... (right panel)
- Select Port \rightarrow Next
- Select TCP → Specific local ports: 23 → Next
- Select Block the connection \rightarrow Next
- Apply to Domain, Private, Public → Next
- Name: Block Telnet → Finish

PowerShell:

New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "Block Telnet" -Direction Inbound -LocalPort 23 -Protocol TCP -Action Block

Step 4 - Test the Rule

Install Telnet Client:

dism /online /Enable-Feature /FeatureName:TelnetClient
Test:

telnet localhost 23

Expected result: Could not open connection to the host, on port 23: Connect failed

Step 5 - Allow SSH (Port 22)

GUI:

- Inbound Rules \rightarrow New Rule...
- Select Port \rightarrow Next
- Select TCP \rightarrow Specific local ports: 22 \rightarrow Next
- Select Allow the connection \rightarrow Next
- Apply to profiles → Next
- Name: Allow SSH \rightarrow Finish

PowerShell:

New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "Allow SSH" -Direction Inbound -LocalPort 22 -Protocol TCP -Action Allow

Step 6 - Remove the Telnet Block Rule

GUI:

- In Inbound Rules, find Block Telnet.
- Right-click \rightarrow Delete (or Disable).

PowerShell:

Remove-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "Block Telnet"

2. Summary – How Firewall Filters Traffic

A firewall acts as a network security filter. It inspects packets entering or leaving your system and applies rules to decide whether to allow or block them.

Filtering can be based on:

- Port numbers (e.g., block 23, allow 22)
- Protocols (TCP/UDP/ICMP)
- Direction (Inbound or Outbound)
- Application-specific rules
- Network profile (Domain, Private, Public)

Windows Defender Firewall enforces these rules before traffic reaches the application, helping prevent unauthorized access or exploitation.