

Homework 1: Analysis

Due Friday, April 8, at 11:59 PM

Asymptotic Notation

Specify whether $f = O(g)$, or $f = \Omega(g)$ or both which would be $f = \Theta(g)$.

	$f(n)$	$g(n)$
(a)	$n - 100$	$n - 200$
(b)	$n^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$n^{\frac{2}{3}}$
(c)	$100n + \log(n)$	$n + (\log(n))^2$
(d)	$n \log(n)$	$10n \log(n)$
(e)	$\log(2n)$	$\log(3n)$
(f)	$10 \log(n)$	$\log(3n)$
(g)	$n^{1.01}$	$n \log^2(n)$
(h)	$\frac{n^2}{\log(n)}$	$n(\log(n))^2$
(i)	$n^{0.1}$	$\log(n)^{10}$
(j)	$\log(n)^{\log(n)}$	$\frac{n}{\log(n)}$
(k)	\sqrt{n}	$\log(n)^3$
(l)	$n^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$5^{\log_2(n)}$
(m)	$n2^n$	3^m

Iterative Substitution

Use a recursion tree to determine a good asymptotic upper bound on the recurrence. Use the substitution method to verify your answer.

1. $T(n) = T(n/2) + n^2$
2. $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$

Master's Theorem

When appropriate, use Master's theorem to solve the recurrence relations. If Master's theorem does not apply specify why.

1. $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n^4$
2. $T(n) = T(7n/10) + n$
3. $T(n) = 16T(n/2) + n^2$
4. $T(n) = 7T(n/3) + n^2$

5. $T(n) = 7T(n/2) + n^2$

6. $T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n}$

7. $T(n) = 7T(n-2) + n^2$

Building Recurrence relation

For the following question you may assume that the function merge takes $O(N)$ time.

1. Build the recurrence relation for the code shown below for BadSort.
2. Solve the recurrence relation
3. Use induction to prove the recurrence relation is correct.

```
def BadSort(A):
    if len(A) < 2:
        return A
    else:
        third = len(A)/3
        l = BadSort(A[:third])
        c = BadSort(A[third:2*third])
        r = BadSort(A[2*third:])
        return merge(l,c,r)
```