# Database Workloads on OpenShift Container Platform

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Single-node deployment

- Kubernetes provides high availability for stateless workloads
- Storage access mode make stateful HA more complicated
- ReadWriteOnce precludes mounting on a second node
- Kubernetes needs to first confirm the original node is down
- Long-standing Kubernetes defects prevent this from happening



#### **Node Remediation**

- OpenShift provides node remediation
- ► The Machine Health Check operator detects failures
- ► The Poison Pill operator reboots the machine
- ► The medik8s project closes the gaps in supported environments



#### **Database Replication**

- Most databases provide their own data replication features
- Database cluster means HA without downtime
- Cluster functionality typically requires quorum of (n/2)+1
- Small cluster size of 3 can tolerate a single node failure
- Node recovery is important to survive the next failure cycle



**Validation** 

- MongoDB ReplicaSet on OpenShift
- CockroachDB, cloud-native database
- Recovery issue reproduced in both scenarios
- Solution validated with MHC or NHC, and Poison Pill



# Disaster Recovery

Cross-region with CockroachDB

- Simple installation and configuration using ACM and Submariner
- Deployed across heterogeneous environments
- Validated on-prem, on AWS, GCP, and a combination of all three
- Architecture is active-active disaster recovery



# Horizontal Scaling

MongoDB on OpenShift

- MongoDB replicaset allows horizontal scaling of read operations
- There is only one primary node supporting write operations
- Some use cases have very high write to read ratio
- MongoDB Sharding allow multiple replicasets and multiple primaries
- Throughput benefits quickly realized after 3 shards



# Thank you

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