

## Machine Learning Model Prediction

### Data Preparation

#### Required Specific Libraries

```
# Import necessary libraries
import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import rcParams
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

# Import data preprocessing libraries and models
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder, OrdinalEncoder, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import make_column_transformer
from imblearn.over_sampling import SMOTE

# Import model evaluation and training utilities
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, ConfusionMatrixDisplay, accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, precision_score, recall_score

# Import machine learning models
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression


# Mount Google Drive to access datasets
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).
```

### Import dataset

```
# Load the dataset into a DataFrame
dataframe = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/Exam/LA4PSchools.csv')
```

```
dataframe.head()
```



	StudentID	Gender	Year_02	Kinder_Age	Disability	NCCD-Funded	01.SES	02.SES	NumSibling	SiblingOrder	...	HRSIW-01-SOY	Counting-01	Count
0	SN35433053	Male	2020	5.5	Disability_Non-disable	0	104	104	3	3	...	49	4	
1	SN71277215	Female	2018	5.8	Disability_Non-disable	0	112	112	2	2	...	37	2	
2	SN40883127	Male	2021	5.9	Disability_Non-disable	0	120	109	2	2	...	30	2	
3	SN93063777	Male	2021	5.7	Disability_Non-disable	0	95	93	2	1	...	30	2	
4	SN84195329	Male	2021	5.8	Disability_Non-disable	0	98	98	1	1	...	32	2	

5 rows × 34 columns

```
dataframe.tail()
```

	StudentID	Gender	Year_02	Kinder_Age	Disability	NCCD-Funded	01.SES	02.SES	NumSibling	SiblingOrder	...	HRSIW-01-SOY	Counting-0:
1995	SN72182891	Female	2016	4.9	Disability_Cognitive	0	114	114	2	1	...	32	
1996	SN69853705	Female	2021	4.6	Disability_Non-disable	0	95	93	1	1	...	45	
1997	SN64915269	Male	2016	5.7	Disability_Non-disable	0	101	101	3	2	...	33	
1998	SN70943748	Female	2021	5.4	Disability_Non-disable	0	117	108	3	1	...	35	
1999	SN70826435	Male	2017	5.6	Disability_Cognitive	0	95	95	2	2	...	19	

5 rows × 34 columns

```
print('No of tuples: ', dataframe.shape[0],'| No of features: ',dataframe.shape[1])
```

No of tuples: 2000 | No of features: 34

```
dataframe.describe()
```

	Year_02	Kinder_Age	NCCD-Funded	01.SES	02.SES	NumSibling	SiblingOrder	NumAbvYear9	NumAbvDiploma	NumProf	...
count	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.0000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	
mean	2018.640000	5.276400	0.089000	102.9415	102.117500	2.356500	1.748500	1.564000	0.886500	0.766500	
std	1.664568	0.348129	0.284815	9.3859	9.150167	0.993932	0.865229	0.725374	0.837836	0.811977	
min	2016.000000	4.500000	0.000000	78.0000	78.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	2017.000000	5.000000	0.000000	95.0000	95.000000	2.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	2018.000000	5.300000	0.000000	101.0000	101.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
75%	2020.000000	5.500000	0.000000	113.0000	109.000000	3.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	1.000000	
max	2021.000000	6.500000	1.000000	120.0000	120.000000	7.000000	6.000000	3.000000	2.000000	2.000000	

8 rows × 30 columns

```
# add targat variable as a boolean
dataframe['Year3_Writing_At_Risk'] = dataframe['Year3_Writing_At_Risk'].map({False: 0, True: 1})
```

```
dataframe.describe(include=["O"])
```

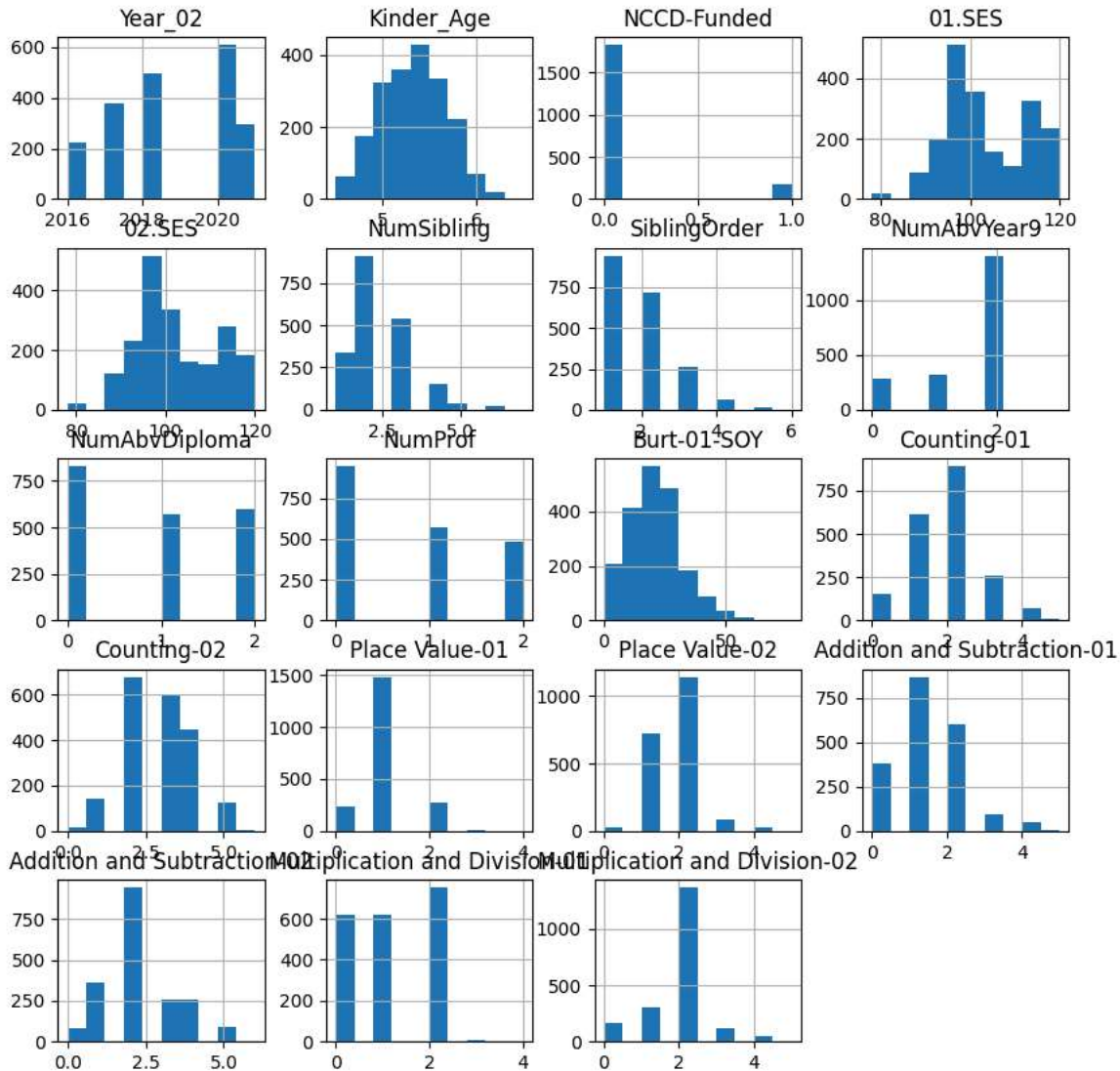
	StudentID	Gender	Disability	
count	2000	2000	2000	
unique	2000	2	5	
top	SN35433053	Male	Disability_Non-disable	
freq	1	1018	1381	

```
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 10, 10
dataframe[['Year_02', 'Kinder_Age', 'NCCD-Funded', '01.SES', '02.SES', "NumSibling", "SiblingOrder", "NumAbvYear9", "NumAbvDiploma", "NumPrc
```

```

array([[<Axes: title={center: 'Year_02'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Kinder_Age'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'NCCD-Funded'}>,
<Axes: title={center: '01.SES'}>],
[<Axes: title={center: '02.SES'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'NumSibling'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'SiblingOrder'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'NumAbvYear9'}>],
[<Axes: title={center: 'NumAbvDiploma'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'NumProf'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Burt-01-SOY'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Counting-01'}>],
[<Axes: title={center: 'Counting-02'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Place Value-01'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Place Value-02'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Addition and Subtraction-01'}>],
[<Axes: title={center: 'Addition and Subtraction-02'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Multiplication and Division-01'}>,
<Axes: title={center: 'Multiplication and Division-02'}>,
<Axes: >]], dtype=object)

```



```

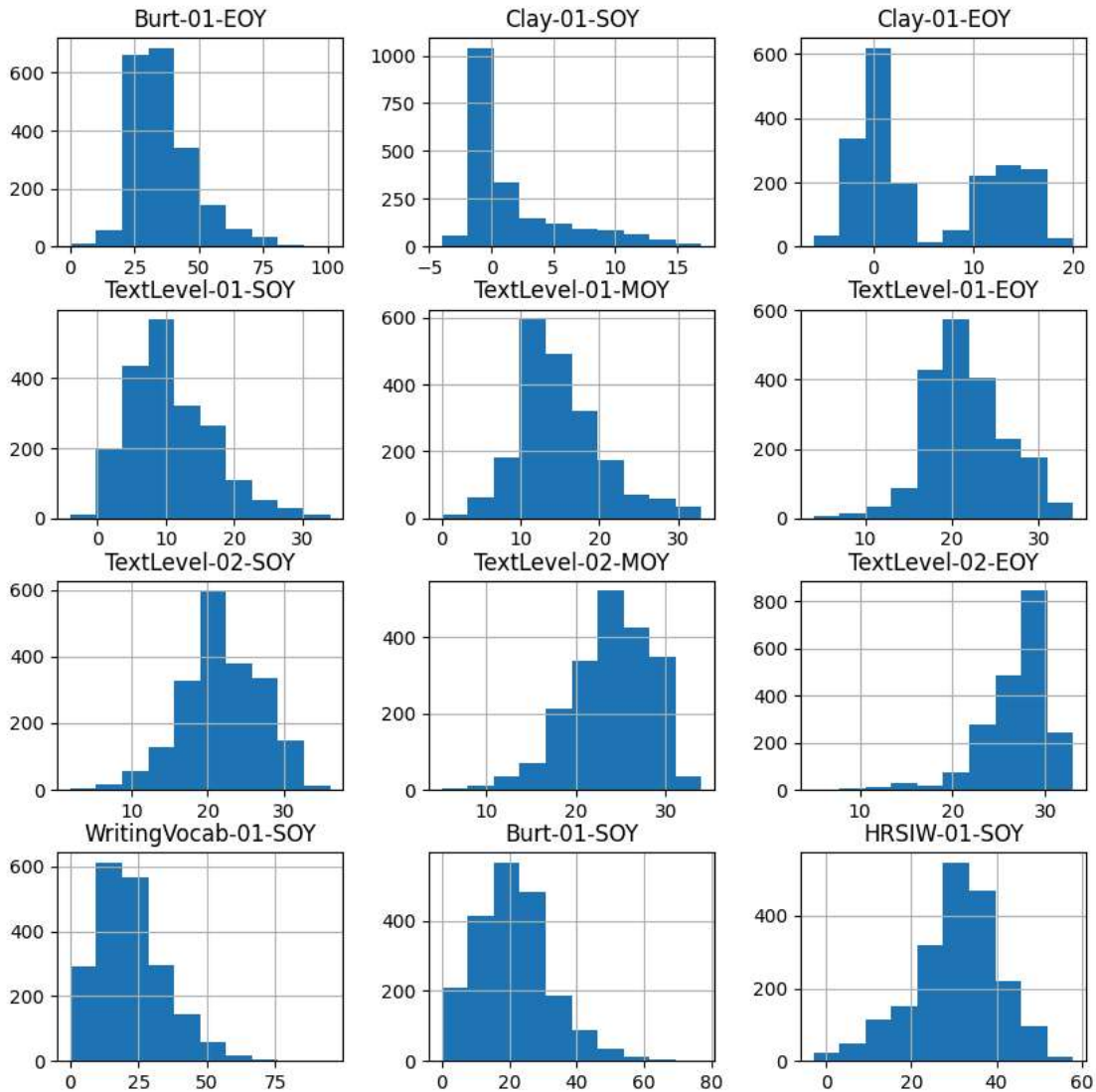
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 10, 10
dataframe[['Burt-01-E0Y', 'Clay-01-SOY', 'Clay-01-E0Y', 'TextLevel-01-SOY', 'TextLevel-01-MOY', 'TextLevel-01-E0Y', 'TextLevel-02-SOY', 'Tex

```

```

array([[<Axes: title={'center': 'Burt-01-EOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'Clay-01-SOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'Clay-01-EOY'}>],
      [<Axes: title={'center': 'TextLevel-01-SOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'TextLevel-01-MOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'TextLevel-01-EOY'}>],
      [<Axes: title={'center': 'TextLevel-02-SOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'TextLevel-02-MOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'TextLevel-02-EOY'}>],
      [<Axes: title={'center': 'WritingVocab-01-SOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'Burt-01-SOY'}>,
       <Axes: title={'center': 'HRSIW-01-SOY'}>]], dtype=object)

```



```
print(dataframe.dtypes)
```

```

StudentID      object
Gender         object
Year_02        int64
Kinder_Age     float64
Disability     object
NCCD-Funded    int64
01.SES         int64
02.SES         int64
NumSibling     int64
SiblingOrder   int64
NumAbvYear9    int64
NumAbvDiploma  int64
NumProf        int64
Burt-01-SOY    int64
Burt-01-EOY    int64
Clay-01-SOY    int64
Clay-01-EOY    int64
TextLevel-01-SOY int64
TextLevel-01-MOY int64

```

TextLevel-01-EOY	int64
TextLevel-02-SOY	int64
TextLevel-02-MOY	int64
TextLevel-02-EOY	int64
WritingVocab-01-SOY	int64
HRSIW-01-SOY	int64
Counting-01	int64
Counting-02	int64
Place Value-01	int64
Place Value-02	int64
Addition and Subtraction-01	int64
Addition and Subtraction-02	int64
Multiplication and Division-01	int64
Multiplication and Division-02	int64
Year3_Writing_At_Risk	int64
dtype:	object

```
numeric_df = dataframe.select_dtypes(exclude=['object'])
```

```
# Create correlation matrix plot for numeric features
```

```
fig = matplotlib.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
```

```
matplotlib.matshow(numeric_df.corr(),fignum=fig.number) # Correlation heatmap
```

```
matplotlib.colorbar()
```

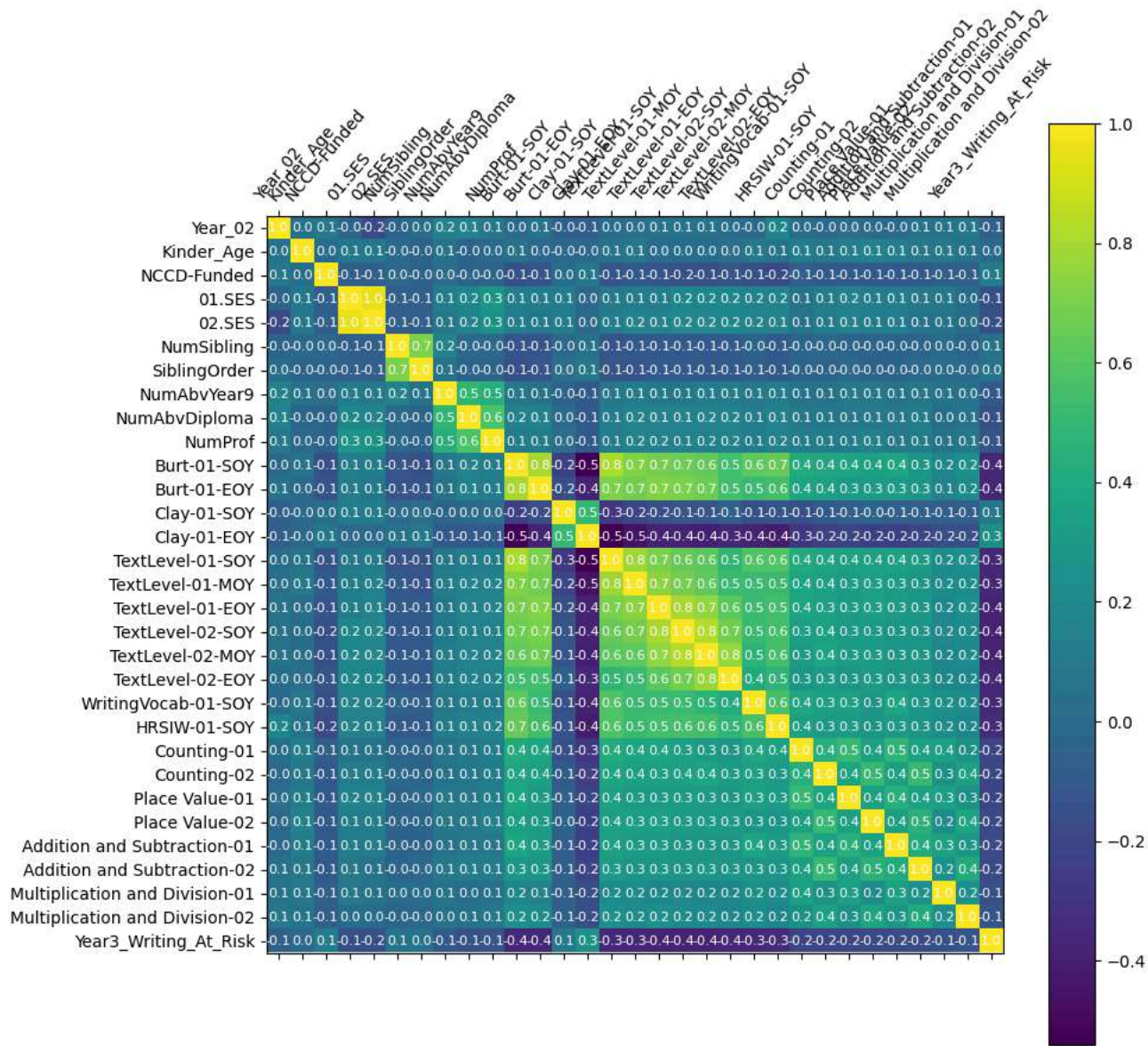
```
matplotlib.xticks(np.arange(len(numeric_df.corr().columns)), numeric_df.corr().columns.values, rotation = 50)
```

```
matplotlib.yticks(np.arange(len(numeric_df.corr().columns)), numeric_df.corr().columns.values)
```

```
# Show correlation values inside the matrix
```

```
for (i, j), corr in np.ndenumerate(numeric_df.corr()):
```

```
    matplotlib.text(j, i, '{:0.1f}'.format(corr), ha='center', va='center', color='white', fontsize=8)
```



## Preprocess the data

Dropping unnecessary data

```
# Drop 'StudentID' column since it's not useful for the model
dataframe.drop(["StudentID"],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

```
dataframe.shape
```

(2000, 33)

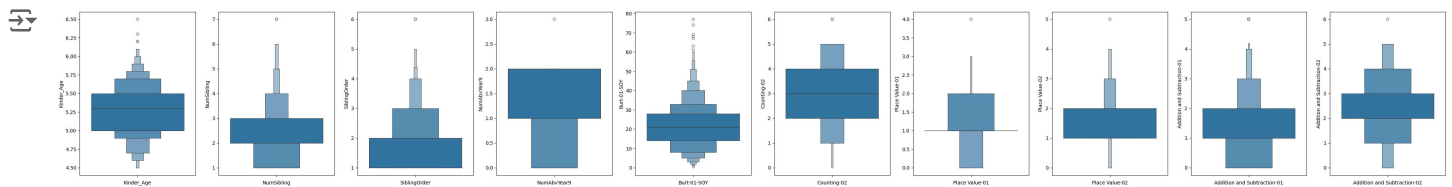
Outlier Removals

```
# Boxenplot visualization for selected columns to identify outliers
columns = ['Kinder_Age', "NumSibling", "SiblingOrder", "NumAbvYear9", "Burt-01-SOY", "Counting-02", "Place Value-01", "Place Value-02", "Addition and Subtraction-01", "Addition and Subtraction-02", "Multiplication and Division-01", "Multiplication and Division-02", "Year3_Writing_At_Risk"]

figure, ax = matplotlib.subplots(ncols=len(columns), figsize=(5 * len(columns),6), sharex = True)

for r in range(len(columns)):
    (sns.boxenplot(y=dataframe[columns[r]],data=dataframe, showfliers=True,ax=ax[r])).set(xlabel=columns[r])
```

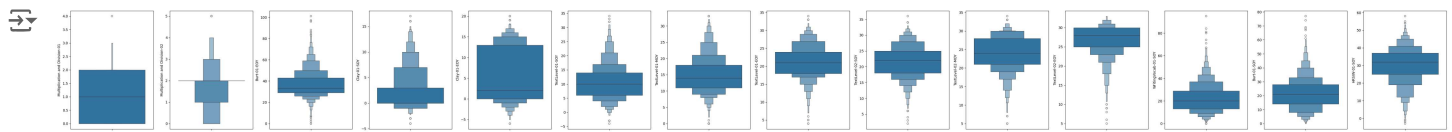




```
# Boxenplot visualization for selected columns to identify outliers
columns = ["Multiplication and Division-01", "Multiplication and Division-02", 'Burt-01-EOY', 'Clay-01-SOY', 'Clay-01-EOY', 'TextLevel-01-SOY']

figure, ax = matplotlib.subplots(ncols=len(columns), figsize=(5 * len(columns),6), sharex = True)

for r in range(len(columns)):
    (sns.boxenplot(y=dataframe[columns[r]],data=dataframe, showfliers=True,ax=ax[r])).set(xlabel=columns[r])
```



## ✓ For Encoding Categorical data

```
dataframe.describe(include=['object'])
```

	Gender	Disability
count	2000	2000
unique	2	5
top	Male	Disability_Non-disable
freq	1018	1381

```
print(dataframe.dtypes)
```

Gender	object
Year_02	int64
Kinder_Age	float64
Disability	object
NCCD-Funded	int64
01.SES	int64
02.SES	int64
NumSibling	int64
SiblingOrder	int64
NumAbvYear9	int64
NumAbvDiploma	int64
NumProf	int64
Burt-01-SOY	int64
Burt-01-EOY	int64
Clay-01-SOY	int64
Clay-01-EOY	int64
TextLevel-01-SOY	int64
TextLevel-01-MOY	int64
TextLevel-01-EOY	int64
TextLevel-02-SOY	int64
TextLevel-02-MOY	int64
TextLevel-02-EOY	int64
WritingVocab-01-SOY	int64
HRSIW-01-SOY	int64
Counting-01	int64
Counting-02	int64
Place Value-01	int64
Place Value-02	int64
Addition and Subtraction-01	int64
Addition and Subtraction-02	int64
Multiplication and Division-01	int64
Multiplication and Division-02	int64

```

Year3_Writing_At_Risk          int64
dtype: object

for d in dataframe.select_dtypes(include = 'object'):
    print(dataframe[d].value_counts())
    print("")

Gender
Male      1018
Female    982
Name: count, dtype: int64

Disability
Disability_Non-disable      1381
Disability_Cognitive        469
Disability_SocialEmotional   73
Disability_Physical          67
Disability_Sensory           10
Name: count, dtype: int64

# Data transformation: replace categorical values for 'Gender'
change_values = {
    'Gender': {
        'Male': 0,
        'Female': 1
    }
}

```

```
dataframe.replace(change_values, inplace=True)
```

```
dataframe.head()
```

	Gender	Year_02	Kinder_Age	Disability	NCCD-Funded	01.SES	02.SES	NumSibling	SiblingOrder	NumAbvYear9	...	HRSIW-01-SOY	Counting-01	Coun
0	0	2020	5.5	Disability_Non-disable	0	104	104	3	3	2	...	49	4	
1	1	2018	5.8	Disability_Non-disable	0	112	112	2	2	2	...	37	2	
2	0	2021	5.9	Disability_Non-disable	0	120	109	2	2	2	...	30	2	
3	0	2021	5.7	Disability_Non-disable	0	95	93	2	1	0	...	30	2	
4	0	2021	5.8	Disability_Non-disable	0	98	98	1	1	2	...	32	2	

5 rows × 33 columns

```
print(dataframe.dtypes)
```

```

Gender          int64
Year_02         int64
Kinder_Age      float64
Disability      object
NCCD-Funded     int64
01.SES          int64
02.SES          int64
NumSibling      int64
SiblingOrder    int64
NumAbvYear9     int64
NumAbvDiploma   int64
NumProf         int64
Burt-01-SOY     int64
Burt-01-EOY     int64
Clay-01-SOY     int64
Clay-01-EOY     int64
TextLevel-01-SOY int64
TextLevel-01-MOY int64
TextLevel-01-EOY int64
TextLevel-02-SOY int64
TextLevel-02-MOY int64
TextLevel-02-EOY int64
WritingVocab-01-SOY int64

```



```

HRSIW-01-SOY          int64
Counting-01           int64
Counting-02           int64
Place Value-01        int64
Place Value-02        int64
Addition and Subtraction-01  int64
Addition and Subtraction-02  int64
Multiplication and Division-01 int64
Multiplication and Division-02 int64
Year3_Writing_At_Risk  int64
dtype: object

```

```
dataframe_copy = dataframe
```

```

# One-Hot Encode 'Disability' feature and merge with the original dataframe
disability_transformer = make_column_transformer(
    (OneHotEncoder(), ['Disability']),
    remainder='passthrough',
    verbose_feature_names_out=False
)

```

```
dataframe = dataframe_copy
```

```

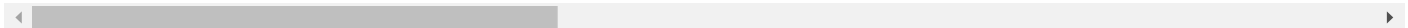
disability_transformed = disability_transformer.fit_transform(dataframe)
dataframe = pd.DataFrame(disability_transformed, columns=disability_transformer.get_feature_names_out())
dataframe.head(20)

```



	Disability_Disability_Cognitive	Disability_Disability_Non-disable	Disability_Disability_Physical	Disability_Disability_Sensory	Disability_Disability_Social
0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
16	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

20 rows × 37 columns



```
dataframe.shape
```

```
(2000, 37)
```

```
print(dataframe.dtypes)
```

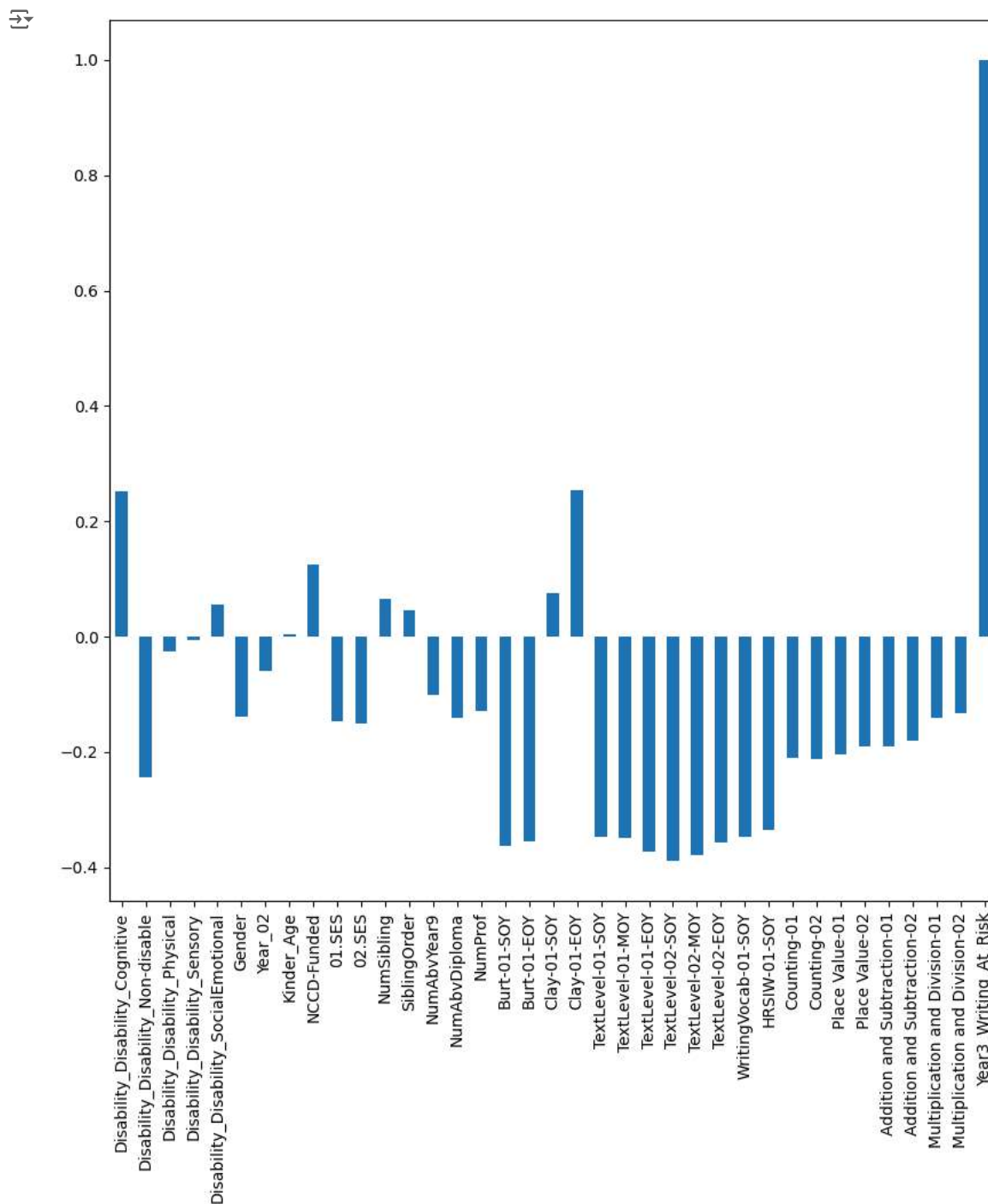
```

Disability_Disability_Cognitive    float64
Disability_Disability_Non-disable  float64
Disability_Disability_Physical     float64

```

Disability_Disability_Sensory	float64
Disability_Disability_SocialEmotional	float64
Gender	float64
Year_02	float64
Kinder_Age	float64
NCCD-Funded	float64
01.SES	float64
02.SES	float64
NumSibling	float64
SiblingOrder	float64
NumAbvYear9	float64
NumAbvDiploma	float64
NumProf	float64
Burt-01-SOY	float64
Burt-01-EOY	float64
Clay-01-SOY	float64
Clay-01-EOY	float64
TextLevel-01-SOY	float64
TextLevel-01-MOY	float64
TextLevel-01-EOY	float64
TextLevel-02-SOY	float64
TextLevel-02-MOY	float64
TextLevel-02-EOY	float64
WritingVocab-01-SOY	float64
HRSIW-01-SOY	float64
Counting-01	float64
Counting-02	float64
Place Value-01	float64
Place Value-02	float64
Addition and Subtraction-01	float64
Addition and Subtraction-02	float64
Multiplication and Division-01	float64
Multiplication and Division-02	float64
Year3_Writing_At_Risk	float64
dtype: object	

```
# Visualize correlations between features and the target variable 'Year3_Writing_At_Risk'
cor_relation=dataframe.corrwith(dataframe["Year3_Writing_At_Risk"])
cor_relation.plot(kind='bar')
matplt.show()
```



## Model Training

```
# Split features and target for modeling
depent_axis = dataframe["Year3_Writing_At_Risk"]
independent_axis = dataframe.drop(["Year3_Writing_At_Risk"],axis=1)
```

## Scaling Dataset from Standardize

```
# Standardize the features for better model performance
scaler = StandardScaler()
independent_axis = scaler.fit_transform(independent_axis)
independent_axis
```

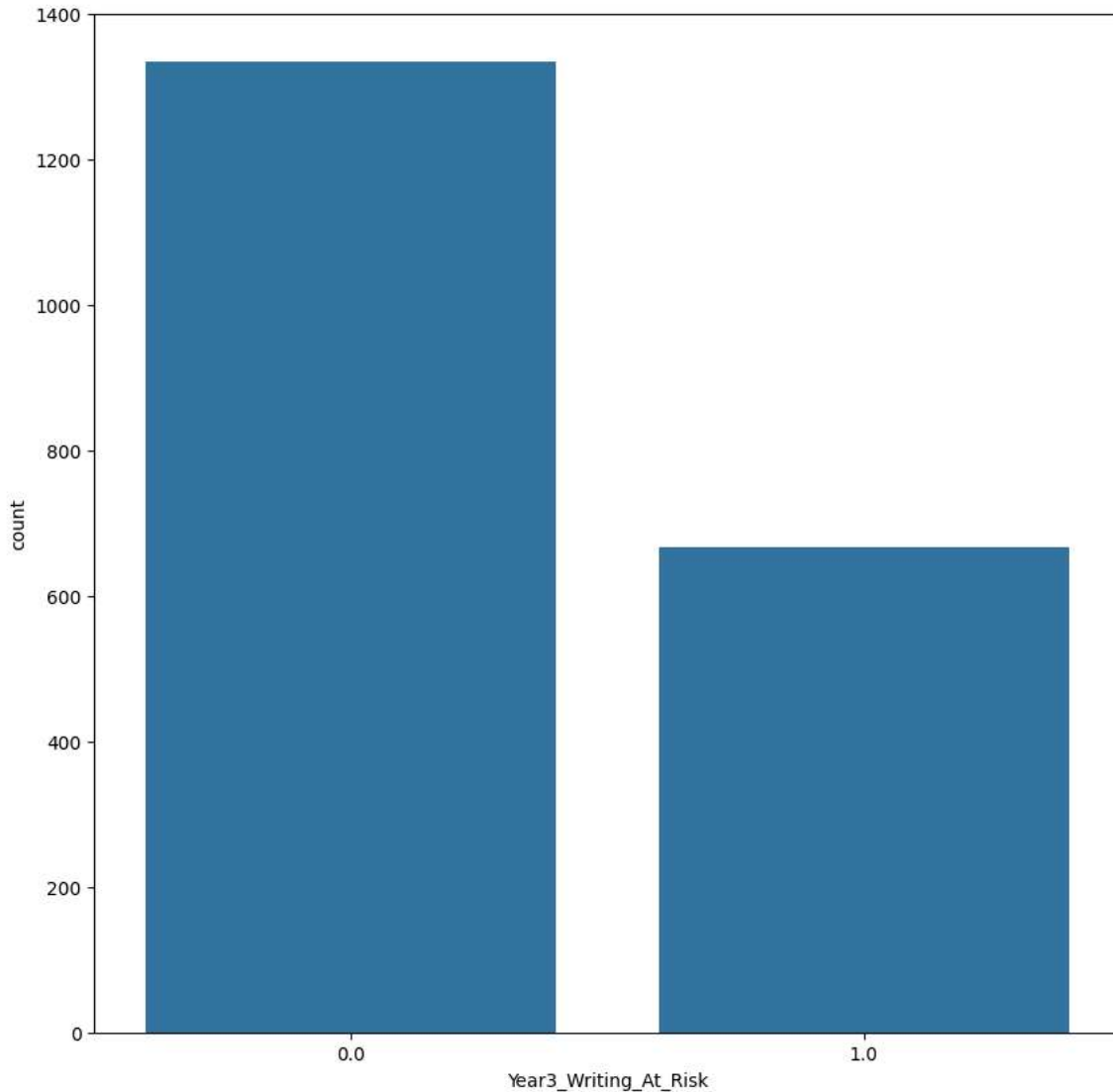
```
array([[ -0.55347604,  0.66949677, -0.18617505, ...,  1.50799757,
         1.10357108,  0.26241365],
```

```
[ -0.55347604,  0.66949677, -0.18617505, ...,  0.64257572,
-1.28381903,  0.26241365],
[ -0.55347604,  0.66949677, -0.18617505, ..., -1.08826797,
 1.10357108, -1.03345623],
...,
[ -0.55347604,  0.66949677, -0.18617505, ..., -0.22284613,
-1.28381903,  0.26241365],
[ -0.55347604,  0.66949677, -0.18617505, ...,  1.50799757,
-0.09012398,  0.26241365],
[  1.80676294, -1.49365919, -0.18617505, ..., -0.22284613,
 1.10357108,  2.85415341]])
```

## ✓ Split dataset into training and test sets

```
sns.countplot(x='Year3_Writing_At_Risk',data=dataframe)
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Year3_Writing_At_Risk', ylabel='count'>
```



```
dataframe['Year3_Writing_At_Risk'].value_counts()
```

```
print("Presentage of people stroking = ")
```

```
len(dataframe[dataframe['Year3_Writing_At_Risk'] == 1])/len(dataframe)*100
```

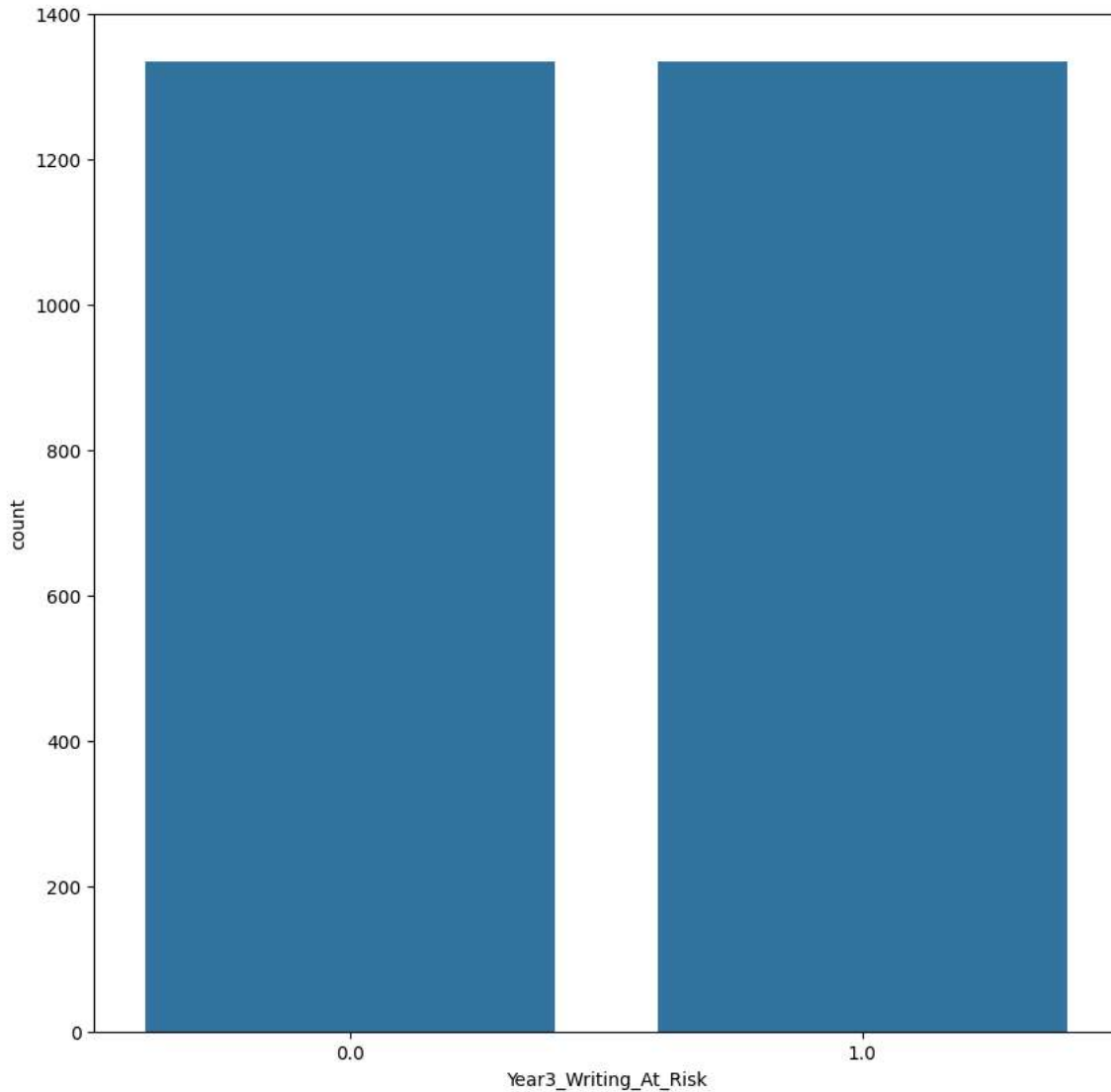
```
<Axes: xlabel='Year3_Writing_At_Risk', ylabel='count'>
Presentage of people stroking =
33.300000000000004
```

```
# Balance the target classes using SMOTE (Synthetic Minority Over-sampling)
```

```
independent_axis, depent_axis = SMOTE().fit_resample(independent_axis, depent_axis)
```

```
sns.countplot(x=depent_axis, data=dataframe)
```

<Axes: xlabel='Year3\_Writing\_At\_Risk', ylabel='count'>



## ✓ Split dataset into training and test sets

```
# Split data into training and testing sets
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(independent_axis,depent_axis,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
```

## ✓ RandomForest Classifier

```
best_model = RandomForestClassifier(
    max_depth=30,
    max_features='sqrt',
    min_samples_leaf=2,
    min_samples_split=5,
    n_estimators=100,
    random_state=42,
    bootstrap=False
)
```

```
best_model.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

RandomForestClassifier

RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=False, max\_depth=30, min\_samples\_leaf=2, min\_samples\_split=5, random\_state=42)

```

y_pred = best_model.predict(x_test)

r_accuracy = best_model.score(x_test, y_test)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

print('Presentage of Random Forest Classifier scores')
print(f'Random Forest Classifier Model accuracy\t: {r_accuracy}')
print(f'Presentage\t: {"{:0.1%}".format(r_accuracy)}')
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print('Confusion Matrix:')
cmd = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm)

fig, ax = matplotlib.subplots(figsize=(3, 3))
cmd.plot(ax=ax)
matplotlib.show()

```

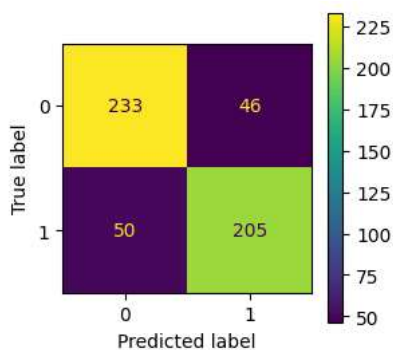
```

→ Presentage of Random Forest Classifier scores
Random Forest Classifier Model accuracy : 0.8202247191011236
Presentage      : 82.0%

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.82	0.84	0.83	279
1.0	0.82	0.80	0.81	255
accuracy			0.82	534
macro avg	0.82	0.82	0.82	534
weighted avg	0.82	0.82	0.82	534

Confusion Matrix:



## ✓ Save Random ForestClassifier best model

```

# Save the model as a pickle file
import pickle
model_filename = '/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/Exam/random_forest_model.pkl'
with open(model_filename, 'wb') as file:
    pickle.dump(best_model, file)

print(f'Model saved as {model_filename}')

→ Model saved as /content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/Exam/random_forest_model.pkl

```

## ✓ Support Vector Classifier

```

model = SVC()

model.fit(x_train, y_train)

y_pred = model.predict(x_test)

s_accuracy = model.score(x_test, y_test)

y_pred = model.predict(x_test)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

```

```

print('Presentage of Support vector Classifier scores')
print(f' Support vector Classifier Model accuracy\t: {s_accuracy}')
print(f'Presentage\t: {"{:.1%}".format(s_accuracy)}')
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

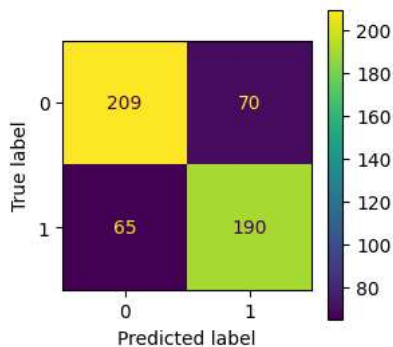
print('Confusion Matrix - ')
cmd = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm);
figure, ax = matplt.subplots(figsize=(3,3))
cmd.plot(ax=ax)

↩ Presentage of Support vector Classifier scores
Support vector Classifier Model accuracy : 0.7471910112359551
Presentage : 74.7%
precision recall f1-score support
0.0 0.76 0.75 0.76 279
1.0 0.73 0.75 0.74 255

accuracy 0.75 534
macro avg 0.75 534
weighted avg 0.75 534

Confusion Matrix -
<sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x78629f1a3e80>

```



## ✓ Decision Tree Classifier

```

model = DecisionTreeClassifier()

model.fit(x_train, y_train)

y_pred = model.predict(x_test)

d_accuracy = model.score(x_test, y_test)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

print('Decision Tree scores')
print(f'Decision Tree Model accuracy\t: {d_accuracy}')
print(f'Presentage\t: {"{:.1%}".format(d_accuracy)}')
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print('Confusion Matrix - ')
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))

print('Confusion Matrix - ')
cmd = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm);
figure, ax = matplt.subplots(figsize=(3,3))
cmd.plot(ax=ax)

```



```

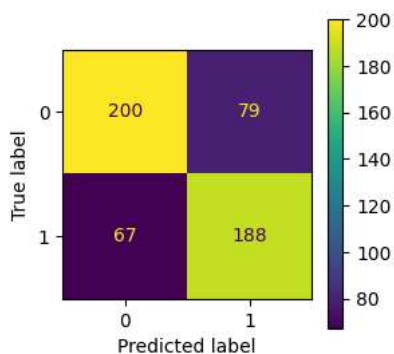
Decision Tree scores
Decision Tree Model accuracy    : 0.7265917602996255
Presentage      : 72.7%
      precision      recall  f1-score   support

      0.0           0.75      0.72      0.73        279
      1.0           0.70      0.74      0.72        255

   accuracy          0.73          0.73          0.73          534
  macro avg          0.73          0.73          0.73          534
 weighted avg          0.73          0.73          0.73          534

Confusion Matrix -
[[200  79]
 [ 67 188]]
Confusion Matrix -
<sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x78629f2ea620>

```



## ✓ Logistic Regression

```

model = LogisticRegression()

model.fit(x_train, y_train)

y_pred = model.predict(x_test)

l_accuracy = model.score(x_test, y_test)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)

print('Logistic Regression scores')
print(f'Logistic Regression Model accuracy\t: {l_accuracy}')
print(f'Percentage\t: {"{:.1%}".format(l_accuracy)}')
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))

print('Confusion Matrix - ')
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))

print('Confusion Matrix - ')
cmd = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm);
figure, ax = matplotlib.subplots(figsize=(3,3))
cmd.plot(ax=ax)

```

```

Logistic Regression scores
Logistic Regression Model accuracy      : 0.6928838951310862
Percentage      : 69.3%
      precision      recall  f1-score   support

   0.0         0.71         0.71         0.71         279
   1.0         0.68         0.68         0.68         255

 accuracy
macro avg         0.69         0.69         0.69         534
weighted avg         0.69         0.69         0.69         534

Confusion Matrix -
[[197  82]
 [ 82 173]]
Confusion Matrix -

```

## Visualize model accuracies



```

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

model_accuracies = {
    'Random Forest': r_accuracy,
    'Support Vector Classifier': s_accuracy,
    'Decision Tree': d_accuracy,
    'Logistic Regression': l_accuracy
}

df = pd.DataFrame(list(model_accuracies.items()), columns=['Model', 'Accuracy'])

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(df['Model'], df['Accuracy'], color=['skyblue', 'orange', 'green', 'red'])

plt.title('Model Accuracy Comparison', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Model', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Accuracy', fontsize=14)

for index, value in enumerate(df['Accuracy']):
    plt.text(index, value + 0.005, "{:.1%}".format(value), ha='center', fontsize=12)

plt.show()

```