

# Simulations of the Minimax Basis Reachability Graph

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## Abstract

In this note we report the simulation results of three benchmarks based on the minimax basis reachability graph (minimax-BRG). All tests are executed based on a laptop with Intel i7-5500U 2.40 GHz processor and 8 GB RAM.

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## 1 Benchmark I

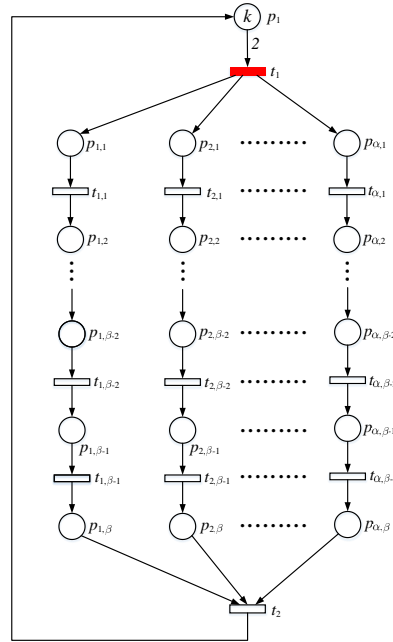


Fig. 1: Benchmark I

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As shown in Fig. 1, the first benchmark is a parameterized net system taken from [2] which represents a manufacturing system that contains a number of parallel production lines. However, some minor adjustments are made, i.e., the weight from  $p_1$  to  $t_1$  is increased to 2 and a series of transitions between places  $p_{1,\beta-1}$  to  $p_{\alpha,\beta-1}$  are removed. There are three parameters, i.e.,  $k, \alpha$  and  $\beta$ . With the change of the two parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , the scale of the system changes correspondingly.  $k$  indicates the initial resource quantity, while  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  represent the number of parallel lines and the length of each production line, respectively. Let  $T_E = \{t_1\}$  (marked in red). For different values of  $k, \alpha$  and  $\beta$ , the number of minimax basis markings  $\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{B}_M}$  and all reachable markings  $M \in R(N, M_0)$ , as well as their computing times are listed in Table 1. Through all the testings, it can be concluded that the computation efficiency of obtaining the minimax-BRG is outperformed that of the reachability graph (RG).

Table 1: Analysis of the RG and minimax-BRG for the net in Fig. 1 with  $T_E = \{t_1\}$ .

Run	$k$	$\alpha$	$\beta$	$ R(N, M_0) $	Time (s)	$ \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{B}_M} $	Time (s)	$ \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{B}_M} / R(N, M_0) $	Time ratio
1	5	4	3	2921	21	7	0.03	0.2%	0.1%
2	6	4	3	14299	532	10	0.3	< 0.1%	< 0.1%
3	7	4	3	-	o.t.	13	0.9	-	-
4	8	4	3	-	o.t.	17	16	-	-
5	9	4	3	-	o.t.	21	48	-	-
6	10	4	3	-	o.t.	26	515	-	-
7	11	4	3	-	o.t.	31	1400	-	-
8	5	4	4	21029	1168	7	0.15	<0.1%	<0.1%
9	6	4	4	-	o.t.	10	14	-	-
10	7	4	4	-	o.t.	13	42	-	-
11	8	4	4	-	o.t.	17	4476	-	-

\* The computing time is denoted by *overtime* (o.t.) if the program does not terminate within 36,000 seconds (10 hours).

## 2 Benchmark II

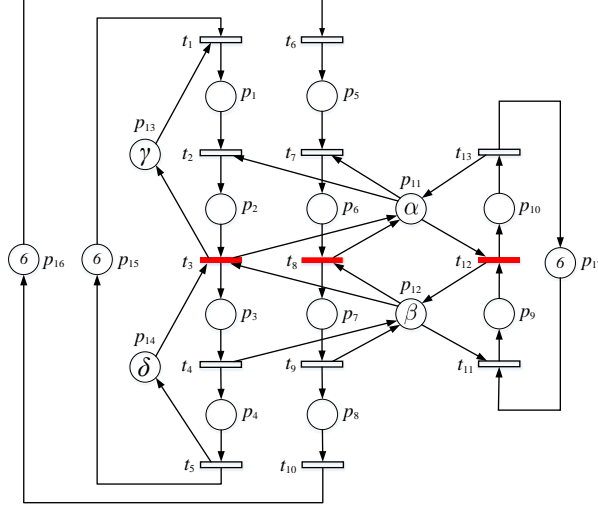


Fig. 2: Benchmark II

Modified from a Petri net in [3], a parameterized net system shown in Fig. 2 is adopted as the second benchmark. The four parameters  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ , and  $\delta$  represent the numbers of tokens in places  $p_{11}, p_{12}, p_{13}$  and  $p_{14}$ , respectively. This system contains 17 places and 13 transitions and its scale does not change with changes in parameters. With  $T_E = \{t_3, t_8, t_{12}\}$  (marked in red) and  $T_I = \{t_1, t_2, t_4, t_5, t_6, t_7, t_9, t_{10}, t_{11}, t_{13}\}$ , the analysis of minimax-BRG in comparison with the corresponding RG is illustrated in Table 2.



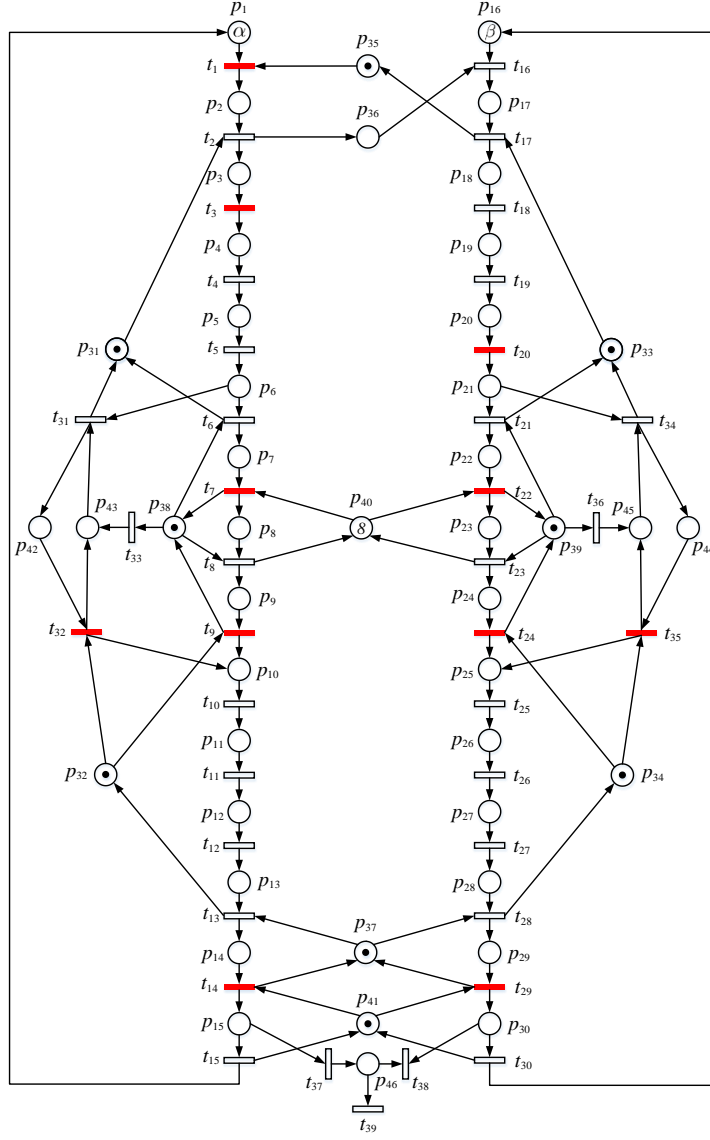


Fig. 3: Benchmark III