

# SINR Functional Beamforming

June 1, 2018

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        from matplotlib import gridspec
        from matplotlib import animation
        from scipy.stats import norm
        from cmath import sqrt
        from time import time

        = np.pi
        num_points = 500
        tol = 1e-14

In [2]: %matplotlib inline
        plt.rcParams["figure.dpi"] = 300

In [3]: def f(func,C) :
        '''
        If  $C = UU.T$ , then  $f(C) = Uf()U.T = U*diag(func(_1),...,func(_2))*U.T$ 

        Inputs :
            func - Callable scalar function
            C     - Cross Spectral Matrix of a system

        Output :
            f(C) as defined in description
        '''
        eigv, U = np.linalg.eig(C)
        eigv = [0 if val < tol else val for val in eigv]
        f_eigs = [func(eig) for eig in eigv]
        return U@np.diag(f_eigs)@U.T

def weights(,N,r,) :
    '''
    Calculates the coefficients of the beam equation

    Inputs:
        (rad) - angle off from orthogonal to array
        N (int) - number of antenna +1
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Output:
    a_k for the beam form equation  $\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N \langle a_k(), x_k \rangle$ ;  $x_k$  is the volatge response
    NOTE: This vector is normalized (why? I don't know)
'''
    = *np.sin()
bs = np.zeros(N)
for k in range(N) :
    bs[k] = np.exp(*k*1j)
return bs/np.linalg.norm(bs)

def sinr_ber_plp(signal_beam,noise_beams,var_awgn=1,var_ray=1,h_sig=None,pack_len=10,d
'''
    Calculates the estimated SINR, BER, and PLP (packet loss percentage)
    for certain locations based on transmission beams.
    Assumes a Rayleigh channel with BPSK modulation and CRC.

Input :
    Beams are of the form [power_levels (n,) array, weights (L,) array]
    signal_beam - beam - The signal beam
    noise_beams - list - List of noise beams (each beam like signal beam)
    var_awgn - float - White noise variance
    var_ray - float - Fading variance of the Rayleigh channel
    h_sig - array - Fading from the Rayleigh channel [CN(0,var_ray) distrib
    pack_len - int - Number of bits per packet (including the checking bit)
    dist_fad_exp - float - Exponent for the (optional) distance attenuation fading
    verbose - bool - Whether or not you want an update every 100 iterations

Output :
    SINR - (n,n) array - Signal to Interference and Noise Ratio
    BER - (n,n) array - Bit Error Rate (for BPSK under https://www.unilim.fr/pa
    PLP - (n,n) array - Packet Loss Percentage
'''
sig_beam = signal_beam[0]
sig_weights = signal_beam[1]
n_beams = [beam[0] for beam in noise_beams]
n_weights = [beam[1] for beam in noise_beams]
K = len(n_weights)
n = len(sig_beam)
L = sig_weights.shape[0]
r = np.linspace(tol,max(sig_beam),n)
SINR = np.zeros((n,n))
if h_sig is None :
    h_sig = np.random.normal(loc=np.array([0,0]),scale=np.array([var_ray,var_ray]))
    h_sig = 1/sqrt(2)*(h_sig[:,0] + 1j*h_sig[:,1])
sig_const = abs(h_sig @ sig_weights)**2
noise_const = [abs(h_sig[i] @ weight[i])**2 for i in range(K)]
for j in range(n) : # Iterating over

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sig_pow = sig_beam[j]
noise_pows = [beam[j] for beam in n_beams]
if dist_fad_exp :
    SINR[j,:] = [((sig_pow/(r[i]**dist_fad_exp))*sig_const)/(var_awgn + sum([(1
else :
    SINR[j,:] = [(sig_pow*sig_const)/(var_awgn + sum([noise_pows[k]*noise_const
if verbose and (j+1) % 100 == 0 :
    print(f'{j+1}th iteration complete.')
mask = SINR >= max(sig_beam)
SINR[mask] = max(sig_beam)
BER = 1 - norm.cdf(np.sqrt(2*SINR*abs(h_sig @ h_sig)))
PLP = 1 - (1 - BER)**pack_len
SINR = 10*np.log(SINR)/np.log(10)
return SINR, BER, PLP

```

### 0.0.1 For a single beam

```

In [4]: N = 7                                     # Number of antenna
        = 1                                       # Wavelength
        = 3                                       # Functional Beamforming Exponent
        2_awgn = 1                               # Noise/AWGN variance
        2_ray = 1                               # Noise/Fading variance
        beams = 2*/7                             # Desired azimuth angle
        s_k = 10                                # Alice's signal strength
        packet_len = 9
        s = np.linspace(0,2*,num_points)
        ak = weights(beams,N,s_k,)
        g_k = np.array(ak).reshape(1,N)         # Direction of Alice's transmitt
        C = (np.dot(g_k.T,g_k))                 # Cross Spectral Matrix
        func = lambda x : x**(1/)
        b = lambda g : (g.T@f(func,C)@g)**
        sig_beam = [b(weights(N,s_k,)) for in s]
        signal_beam = [sig_beam,ak]

```

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:32: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

```

In [5]: start = time()
        SINR, BER, PLP = sinr_ber_plp(signal_beam,[],var_awgn=2_awgn,var_ray=2_ray,pack_len=pack_len)
        end = time()
        print(f'Took {(end-start)//3600} hour(s), {(end-start)%3600//60} minute(s) and {(end-start)%60} seconds.')

```

```

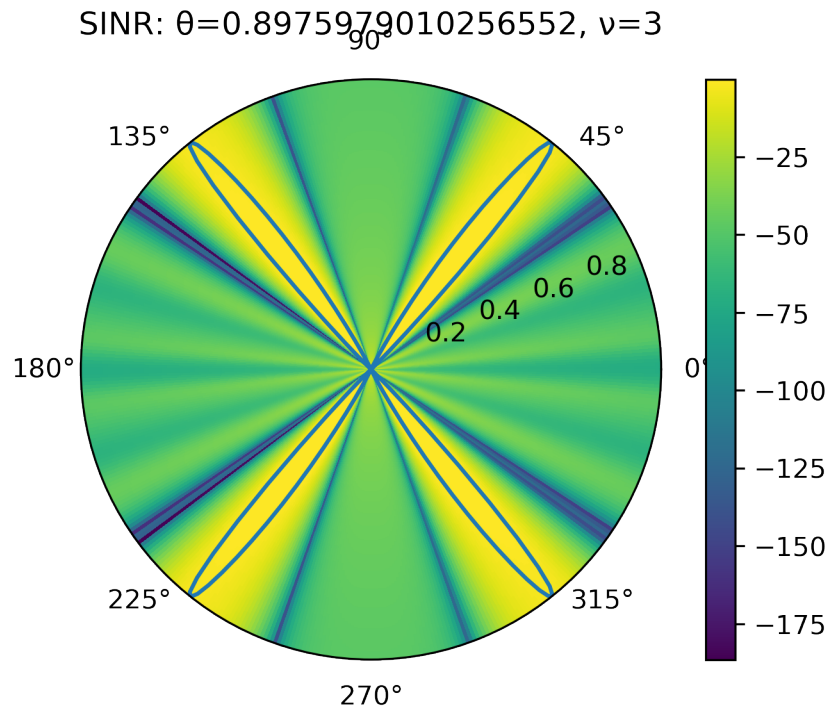
100th iteration complete.
200th iteration complete.
300th iteration complete.
400th iteration complete.
500th iteration complete.
Took 0.0 hour(s), 0.0 minute(s) and 0.35666584968566895 seconds.

```

```

In [6]: = np.linspace(0,2*,num_points)
        r = np.linspace(0,max(sig_beam),num_points)
        R, = np.meshgrid(r,)
        plt.polar(,sig_beam)
        plt.pcolor(,R,SINR)
        plt.colorbar()
        plt.title(f'SINR: ={beams}, ={}'.format(,))
        plt.show()

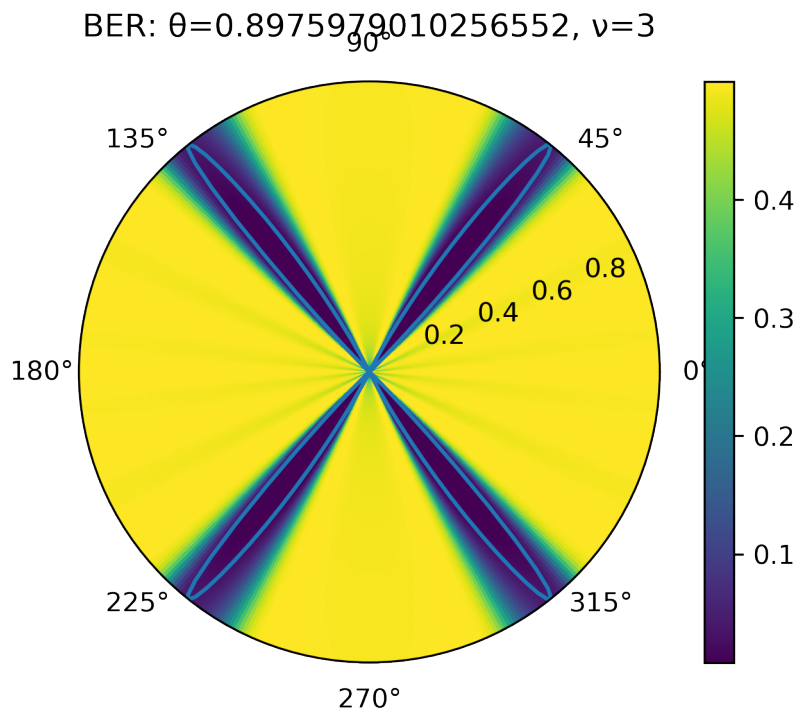
```



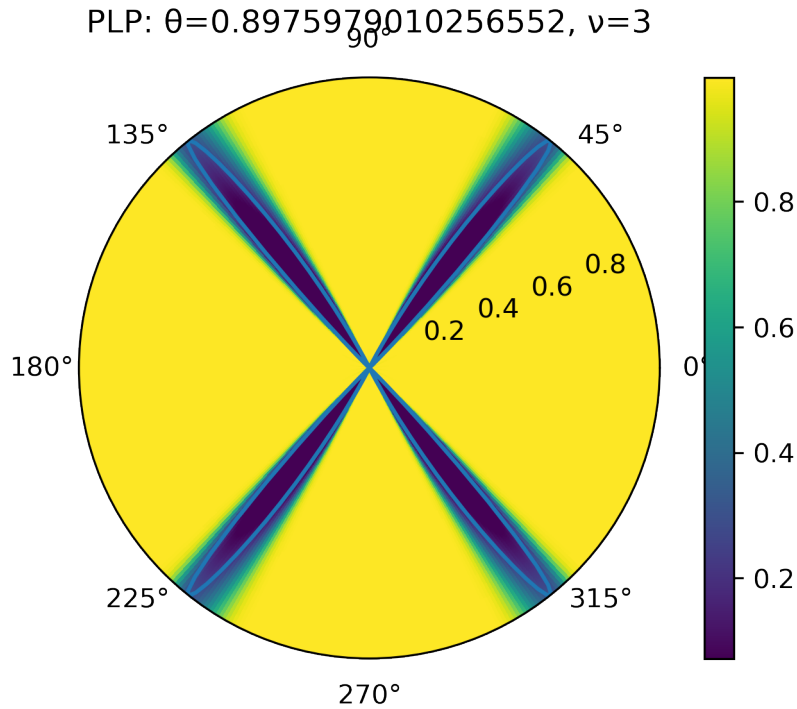
```

In [7]: plt.polar(,sig_beam)
        plt.pcolor(,R,BER)
        plt.colorbar()
        plt.title(f'BER: ={beams}, ={}'.format(,))
        plt.show()

```



```
In [8]: plt.polar(,sig_beam)
plt.pcolor(,R,PLP)
plt.colorbar()
plt.title(f'PLP: ={beams}, ={}')
plt.show()
```



## 0.0.2 Moving the beam

```
In [9]: N = 7
        = 1
        = 3
        2_awgn = 1
        2_ray = 1
        beam_cent = 2*/7
        packet_len = 9
        num_packets = 51
        beams = np.linspace(beam_cent-/12,beam_cent+/12,num_packets)
        s_k = 10
        func = lambda x : x**(1/)
        s = np.linspace(0,2*,num_points)
        all_beams = []
        SINRs = np.zeros((num_points,num_points,num_packets))
        BERs = np.zeros((num_points,num_points,num_packets))
        PLPs = np.zeros((num_points,num_points,num_packets))
        hsig = np.random.normal(loc=np.array([0,0]),scale=np.array([2_ray,2_ray]),size=(N,2))
        hsig = 1/sqrt(2)*(hsig[:,0] + 1j*hsig[:,1])
        start = time()
        for i in range(num_packets) :
            ak = weights(beams[i],N,s_k,)
            g_k = np.array(ak).reshape(1,N)
```

*# Number of antenna*  
*# Wavelength*  
*# Functional Beamforming Exponent*  
*# Noise/AWGN variance*  
*# Noise/Fading variance*  
*# Azmith angle to Bob*

*# Alice's signal strength*

*# Direction of Alice's transmitt*

```

C = (np.dot(g_k.T,g_k))                                # Cross Spectral Matrix
b = lambda g : (g.T@f(func,C)@g)**
sig_beam = [b(weights(N,s_k,)) for s in s]
all_beams.append(sig_beam)
signal_beam = [sig_beam,ak]
SINRs[:, :, i], BERs[:, :, i], PLPs[:, :, i] = sinr_ber_plp(signal_beam, [], var_awgn=2_awg)
end = time()
all_beams = np.array(all_beams)
print(f'Took {(end-start)//3600} hour(s), {(end-start)%3600//60} minute(s) and {((end-start)%60)} seconds.')

```

/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:32: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part  
/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:75: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part  
/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:81: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

Took 0.0 hour(s), 0.0 minute(s) and 24.498143434524536 seconds.

```

In [10]: np.save('.../.../IRES_Files/Beams_fun',all_beams)
         np.save('.../.../IRES_Files/SINRs_fun',SINRs)
         np.save('.../.../IRES_Files/BERs_fun',BERs)
         np.save('.../.../IRES_Files/PLPs_fun',PLPs)

```

```

In [11]: %matplotlib notebook
         %matplotlib notebook

```

```

In [12]: """
         https://jakevdp.github.io/blog/2012/08/18/matplotlib-animation-tutorial/

         Matplotlib Animation Example

         author: Jake Vanderplas
         email: vanderplas@astro.washington.edu
         website: http://jakevdp.github.com
         license: BSD
         """

```

```

# Initialize values
fig = plt.figure()
ax = plt.axes(xlim=(0,2*),ylim=(0,1))
beam, = ax.plot([],[],lw=2)

# Define constructor function
def constructor() :
    beam.set_data([],[])
    return beam,

# Define animation function
def animating(i) :

```

```

        = np.linspace(0,2*,num_points)
    r = all_beams[i,:]
    beam.set_data(r)
    return beam,

# call the animator. blit=True means only re-draw the parts that have changed.
anim = animation.FuncAnimation(fig, animating, init_func=constructor,frames=num_packets)
# Something's wrong with the save...
#anim.save('.././../IRES_Files/Animations/Fun_beam.html', fps=30, extra_args=['-vcodec', 'h264'])
#plt.show()

```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

```

In [13]: %matplotlib notebook
# Initialize values
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(14,14), facecolor='white')
gs = gridspec.GridSpec(11,1)

ax1 = plt.subplot(gs[:2,:])
ax1.set_xlim(0,2*)
ax1.set_ylim(0,1)
ax1.set_xlabel('')
ax1.set_title(f'Beam from {beam_cent-/12} to {beam_cent+/12}')
beam, = ax1.plot([],[],lw=2)

R, = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(0,1,num_points),np.linspace(0,2*,num_points))
SNR = SINRs[:, :, 0]
ax2 = plt.subplot(gs[3:5,:])
ax2.set_xlim(0,2*)
ax2.set_ylim(0,1)
ax2.set_xlabel('')
ax2.set_title(f'SINR')
snr = ax2.pcolormesh(R,SNR,shading='gouraud')

BER = BERs[:, :, 0]
ax3 = plt.subplot(gs[6:8,:])
ax3.set_xlim(0,2*)
ax3.set_ylim(0,1)
ax3.set_xlabel('')
ax3.set_title(f'BER')
ber = ax3.pcolormesh(R,BER,shading='gouraud')

PLP = PLPs[:, :, 0]
ax4 = plt.subplot(gs[9:11])

```



```

ax4.set_xlim(0,2*)
ax4.set_ylim(0,1)
ax4.set_xlabel('')
ax4.set_title(f'PLP')
plp = ax4.pcolormesh(R,PLP,shading='gouraud')

# Define constructor fucntion
def constructor() :
    beam.set_data([],[])
    snr.set_array(np.array([]))
    ber.set_array(np.array([]))
    plp.set_array(np.array([]))
    return beam,snr,ber,plp

# Define animation function
def animating(i) :
    = np.linspace(0,2*,num_points)
    r = all_beams[i,:]
    beam.set_data(r)
    snr.set_array(SINRs[:, :, i].ravel())
    ber.set_array(BERs[:, :, i].ravel())
    plp.set_array(PLPs[:, :, i].ravel())
    return beam,snr,ber

# call the animator. blit=True means only re-draw the parts that have changed.
anim = animation.FuncAnimation(fig, animating, init_func=constructor,frames=num_packets)
# Something's wrong with the save...
#anim.save('Fun_Real_Full.html', writer='ffmpeg', fps=30, extra_args=['-vcodec', 'libx264'])
#plt.show()

```

<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>