

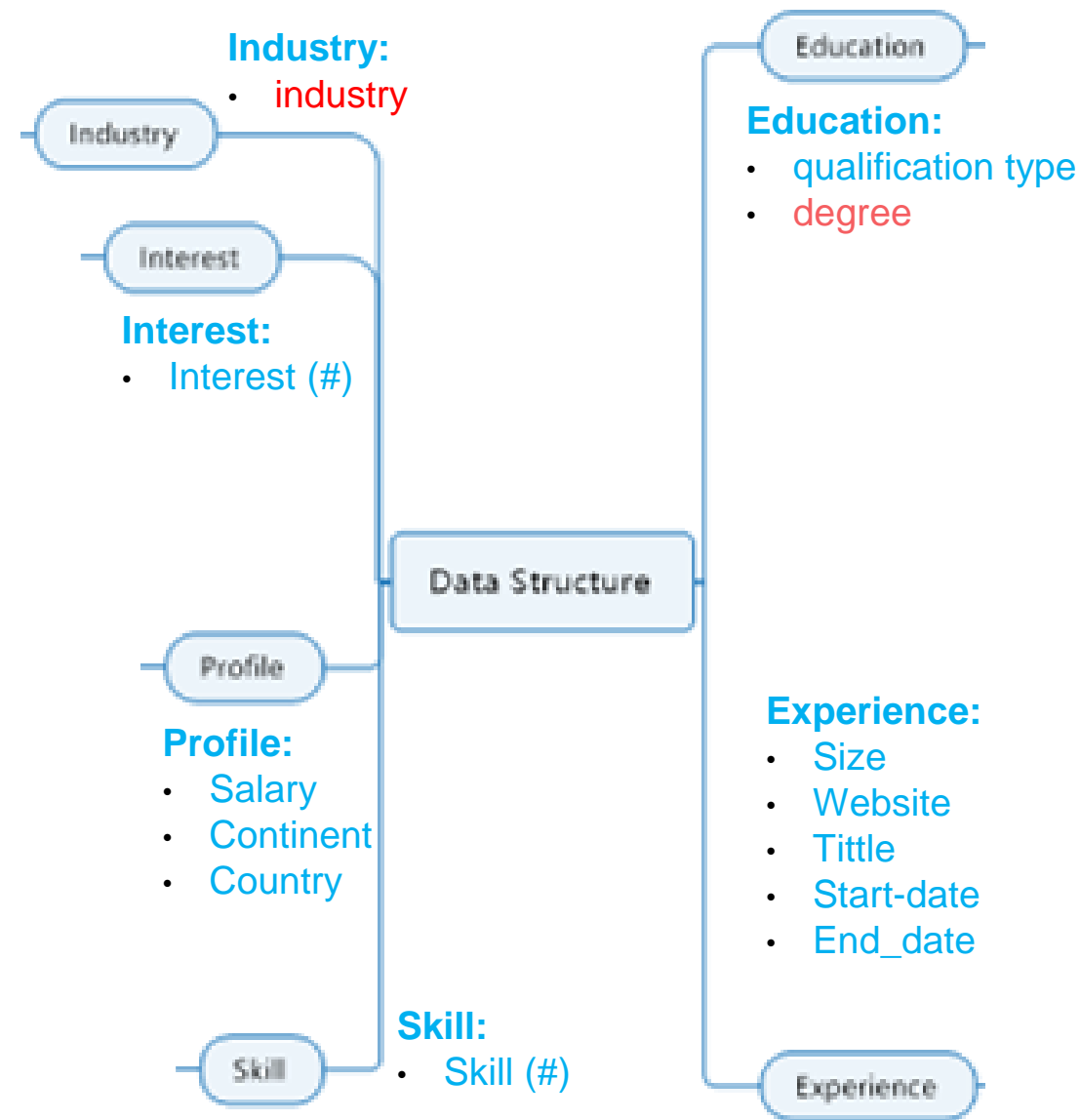
# Dataset

In all, we have 1M+ different IDs . The information includes **personal profile, past working experience, education history, industries, interests and skills**. All tables are connected by the column 'profile\_id' or 'id' in some files.

Without building complicated dictionary to category information like **industry** and **degree**. At this stage all the features used by us is shown on the right.

Variable	Type	Definition
profile_id	str	index of profiles (individuals)

Index Variable



# Data Preparation

## Ideal data structure after cleaning

Variable	Type	Definition
Total tenure	Numeric	Total working tenure except last job
Avg tenure	Numeric	Average working tenure
Other variable	Categorical	Salary level, title, degree... etc.
...		
Target	Binary	If last working experience (if ended) exceeds 1 year

## Most valuable information :

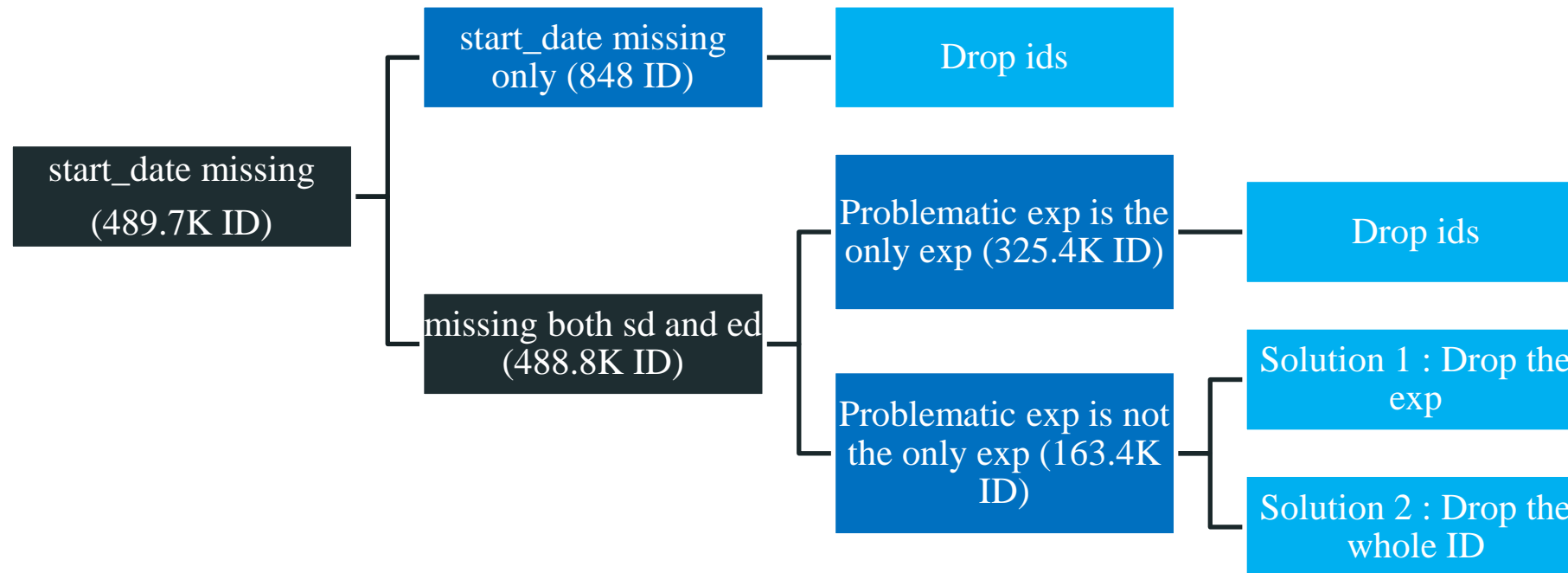
1. Previous working experience of each ID
2. Profile info

## Major Challenges:

1. Lots of missing values in start\_date and end\_date
2. Unperfect data structure (multiple records with same company, allowing null value in critical variables, etc.)

# Date missing problem

- Need one column of dates to be fully notna for determining the sequence of exp
- Want to apply fillna to end\_date with start\_date later so deal with start\_date first. In total we have 1M ids



After looking into some IDs, the solution 1 seems more reasonable since it keeps more data and doesn't create much bias.

# Date missing problem

- Next, deal with end\_date missing problem.
- Most exp doesn't have an end\_date because it is the last working exp and had not ended. How to give up these rows.
- If someone has multiple rows for a job in the same company (different positions most likely) and the last row has empty end\_date
  - ✓ If tenure > 1 year, keep the rest rows and label that id as 'loyal' in the target variable.
  - ✓ If not, drop all info related to that company



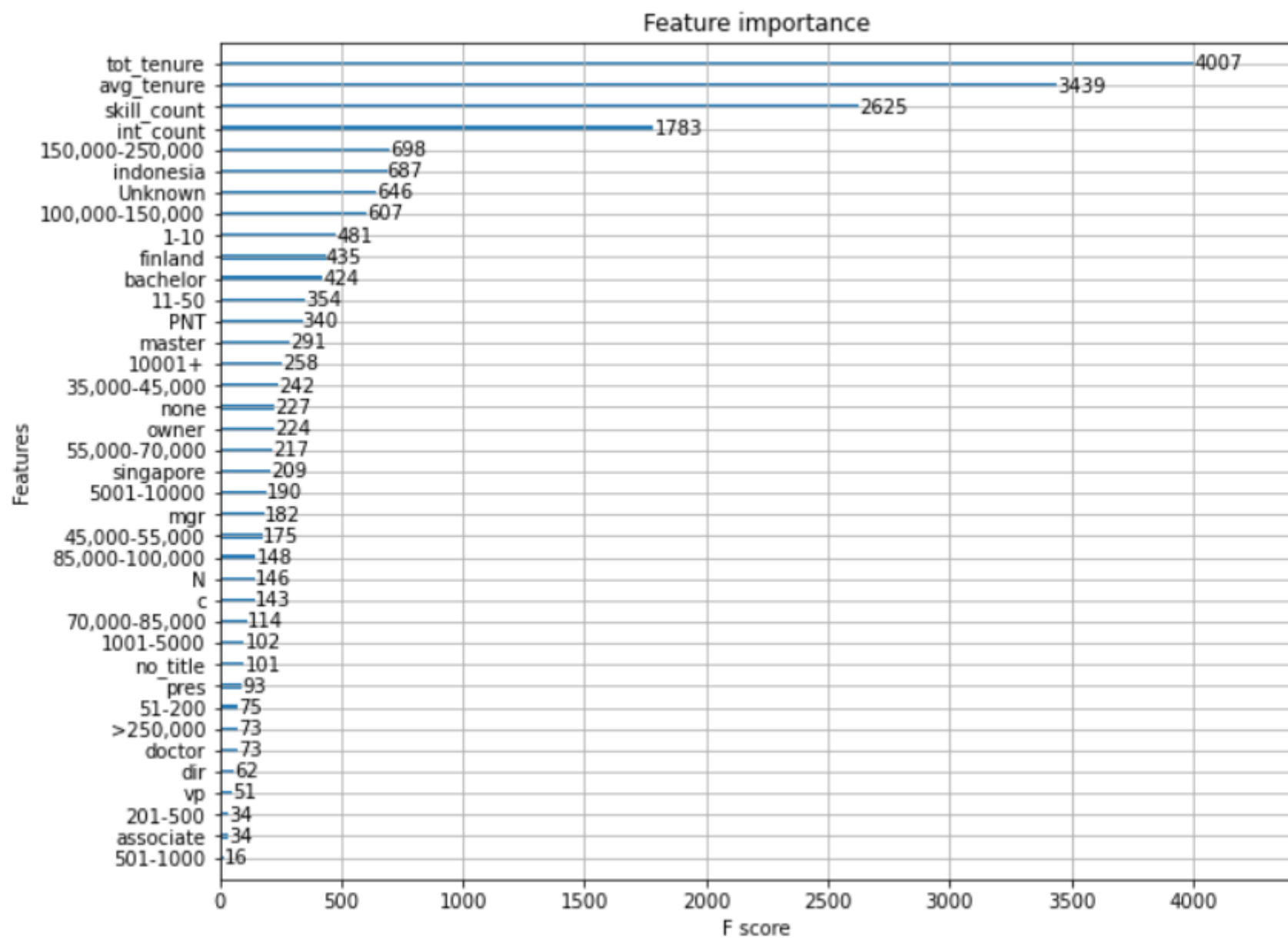
Other exp without end\_date can't be the last one. Fillna with next exp's start\_date

# Multi rows of same experience

- The problem is caused by people adding rows when they have a different position even in a same company (which in our case means same 'experience')
- Firstly, drop all IDs that have null value in column 'company'
- Secondly, make some necessary assumptions:
  - Assumption 1: For any ID, same value in 'company' column implies same experience
  - Assumption 2: The total tenure of an exp is determined by the earliest start\_date and the latest end\_date
  - Assumption 3: If one row has exactly the same start\_date & end\_date, drop it but keep the ID
- Finally, create a new table in which one row records one unique workid (company + profile\_id) and related information.

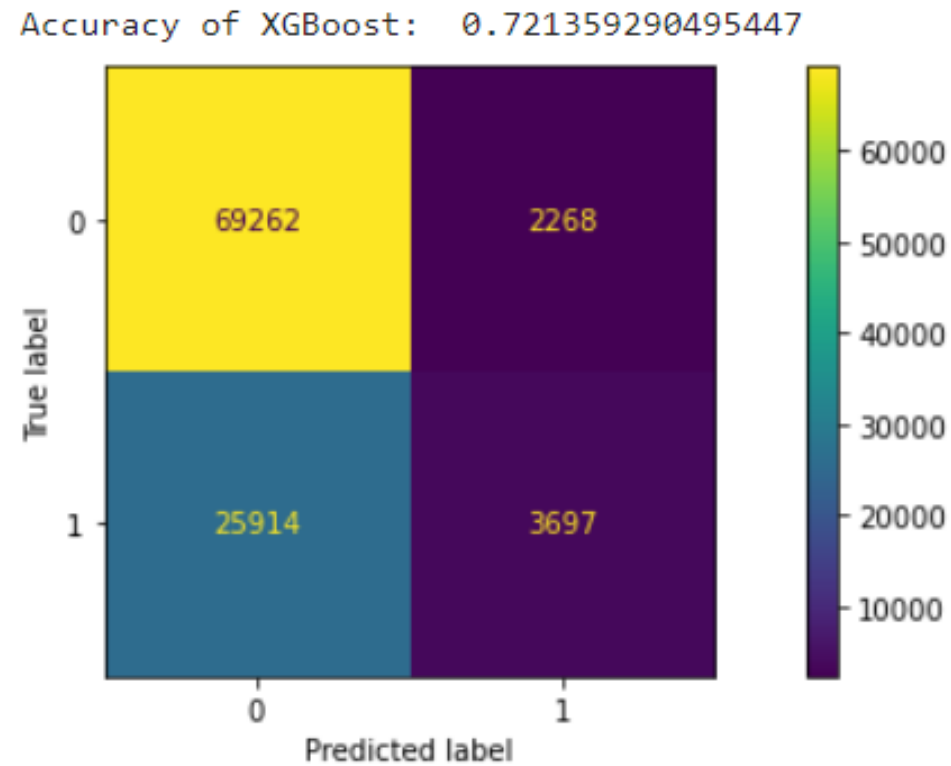
# Training data

Variable	Type	Definition
total tenure	Numeric	Total working tenure except last job
avg tenure	Numeric	Average working tenure
size	Categorical	Size of the company in target exp. From 1-10 to 10K+
have_web	Binary	If target exp company has a website
title	Categorical	The title before target exp. From mgr to c and owner
salary	Categorical	The salary level claimed in profile. Over 50% unknow
country	Categorical	Singapore, Finland & Indonesia
continent	Categorical	Asia & EU
int_count	Numeric	How many rows in interest table
skill_count	Numeric	How many rows in skill table
qual_type	Numeric	Associate, bachelor, master and doctor
target	Binary	If last working experience (if ended) exceeds 1 year



# XGBoost without much tuning

nthread=-1, seed=42, learning\_rate=0.01, subsample=0.5, max\_depth=8



AUC: 0.6962241355278274



# How to improve the performance

- More features:
  - ❑ Require building dictionary, for example 'industry' column has 144 unique values, 'hq\_country' has more than 100 too.
- Further tuning:
  - ❑ Maximize the advantages of models like XGBoost and tune carefully with CV
- **Problems to be fixed?**
  - ❑ Any dangerous assumptions / missed thought?
  - ❑ Other suggestions?
- Throw away data
- LR and tuning

```
[6]: industry['industry'].unique()
```

```
[6]: array(['human resources', 'banking',  
        'information technology and services', 'marketing and advertising',  
        'legal services', 'management consulting',  
        'computer & network security', 'financial services',  
        'online media', 'e-learning', 'food production',  
        'computer software', 'plastics', 'logistics and supply chain',  
        'capital markets', 'broadcast media', 'sports', 'law practice',  
        'accounting', 'printing', 'consumer services',  
        'security and investigations', 'cosmetics', 'sporting goods',  
        'insurance', 'real estate', 'venture capital & private equity',  
        'construction', 'investment banking', 'arts and crafts',  
        'outsourcing/offshoring', 'mechanical or industrial engineering',  
        'internet', 'chemicals', 'tobacco', 'pharmaceuticals',  
        'environmental services', 'computer hardware', 'media production',  
        'oil & energy', 'higher education', 'restaurants',  
        'education management', 'retail', 'newspapers',  
        'government administration', 'computer games', 'market research',  
        'investment management', 'mining & metals', 'facilities services',  
        'writing and editing', 'translation and localization', 'design',  
        'industrial automation', 'electrical/electronic manufacturing',  
        'publishing', 'biotechnology', 'hospital & health care',  
        'government relations', 'consumer goods', 'civil engineering',  
        'non-profit organization management', 'building materials',  
        'transportation/trucking/railroad', 'music',  
        'staffing and recruiting', 'events services',  
        'information services', 'import and export',  
        'international trade and development',  
        'public relations and communications', 'research',  
        'law enforcement', 'telecommunications',  
        'civic & social organization', 'business supplies and equipment',
```